

BC Geological Survey Assessment Report 30215c

PROSPECTING & TECHNICAL REPORT

Tenure #563870 - KLASKINO 3

Nanaimo Mining Division Vancouver Island B.C.

NTS 92L/5

UTM 587098 5571255

September 15, 2008

Vincent John Buddick FMC #205212

Report By: Vincent John Buddick North Island Exploration

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Introduction

This report details the technical work carried out on tenure #563870 - KLASKINO 3. The tenure originally consisted of 24 cells or 496 hectares and was staked on July 30, 2007. It has been reduced to 20 cells. The tenure is 100% owned by myself, Vincent John Buddick, FMC #205212. This was the first year I have owned the claim. A project of general reconnaissance, prospecting and mapping was performed on May 8-9 and July 14-15, 2008. Approximately 40 hectares was examined in this initial quest. 24 hours of field work was recorded when the project completed.

Location

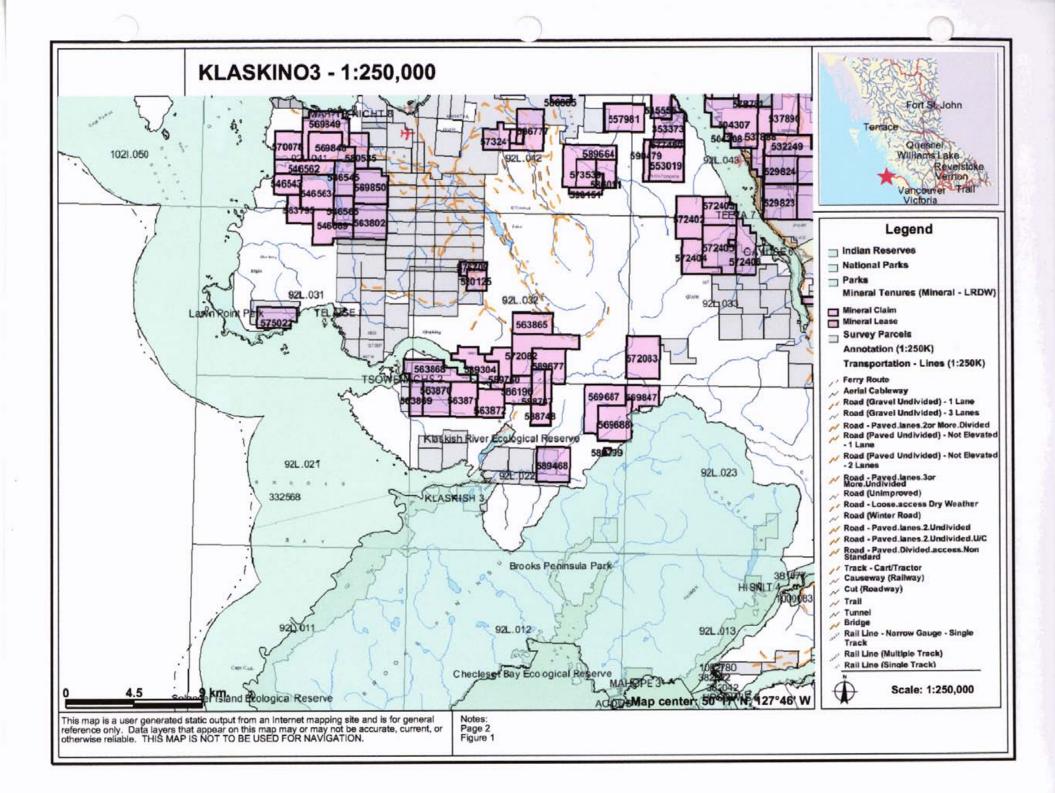
The tenure is situated on traditional lands of The Quatsino First Nations. A letter of intention was sent to their respective band office, describing the nature of planned projects. Located on northwest Vancouver Island, NTS grid 92L/5, it can be accessed with a high clearance vehicle via Highway 19/Port Alice Highway/South Road/Marine Drive/Teeta Main/K Main/I Main/J Main/B Main/Klaskino Main. Driving Distance from Port Alice to the tenure boundary is 104 kms. A camp was set up 14 kms away on Klaskino Inlet. Klaskino Road accesses only a small portion of the northwest corner and is the only driveable road on the tenure. All other mapped roads and spurs have become densely overgrown with alders. Access from these spurs is quite labourious, but does allow for inspection of outcrop. Three maps illustrate the reduced tenure location in 1;250,000, 1:50,000 and 1:20,000 scales. See figures 1, 2 and 3.

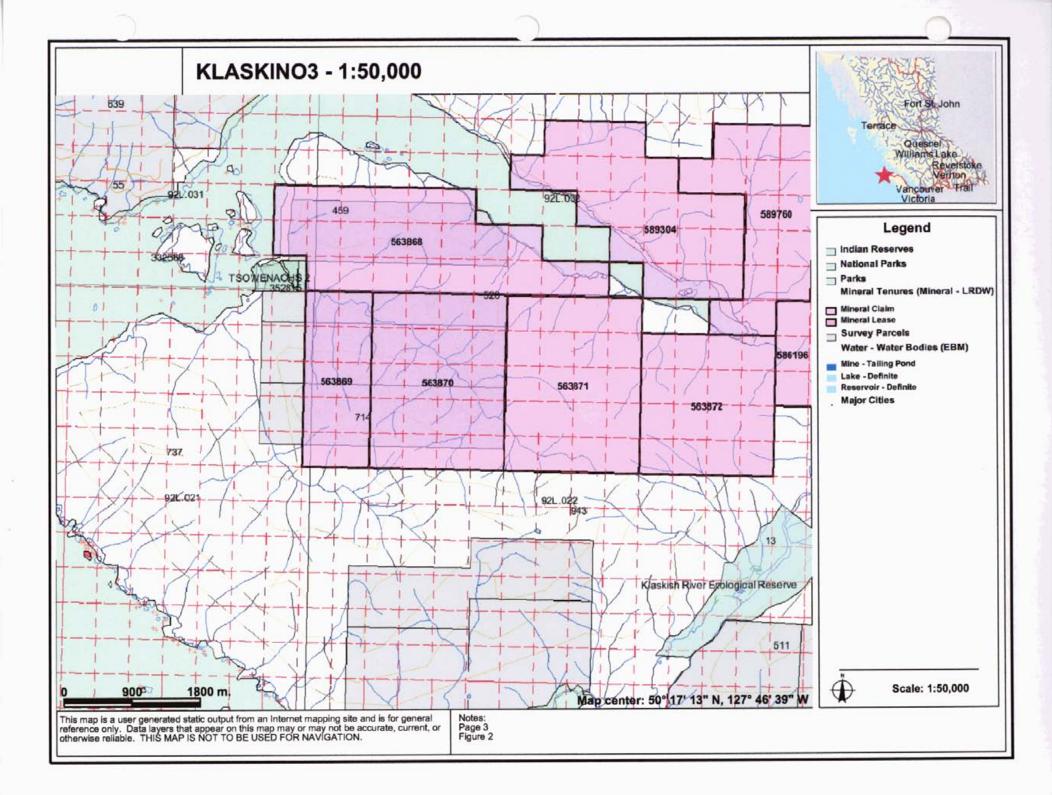
Topography, Vegetation and Climate

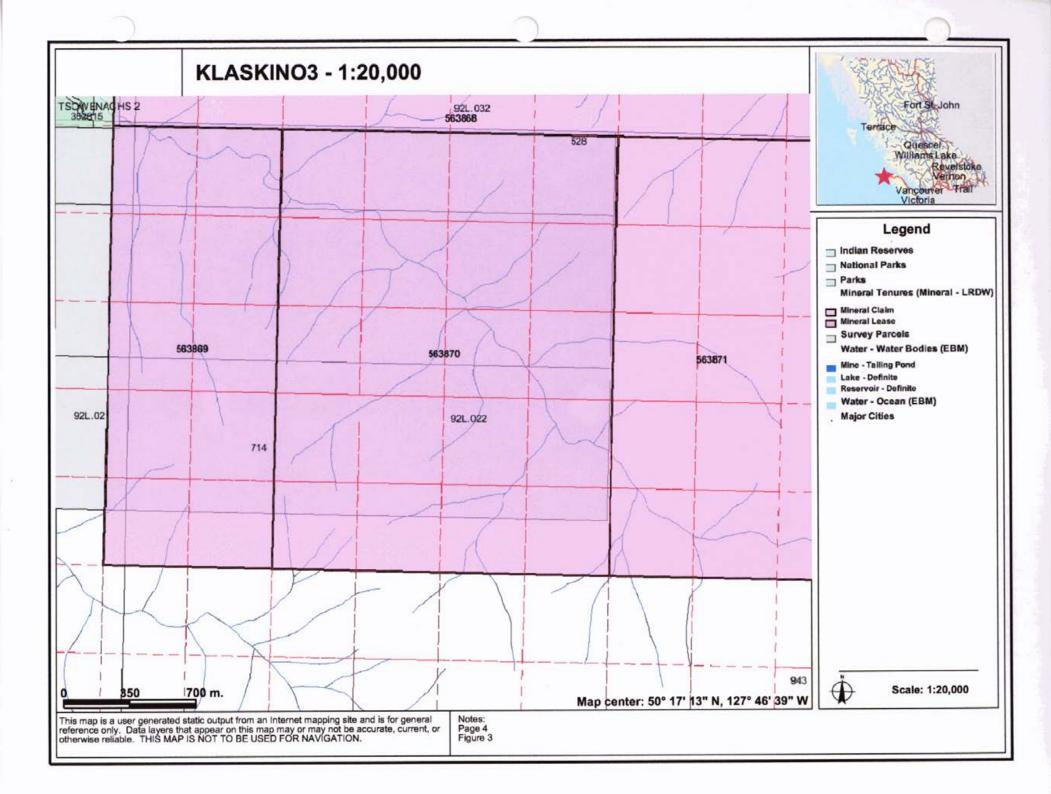
The topography consists of moderately steep mountainous terrane. Elevations rise from 50m along the main creek, to 700m at the highest point. Numerous small creeks drain into a major northwest flowing creek which drains into Klaskino Inlet. The area has been logged in the lower elevations and is in various stages of regeneration. The higher elevations remain in virgin timber. A TFL license covers the majority of the tenure.

Vegetation is typical of a clear-cut logged area. This area had been logged in various stages in recent history and the secondary growth is relatively young. It was challenging to traverse around the remnant logs. The extremely thick alder growth on the logging roads can hinder access equally. In some areas a traverse thru the second growth, parallelling the densely overgrown logging road, proved the safer and more efficient route.

The area is in direct proximity to the Pacific Ocean and receives above average west coast rainfalls from October thru March. Rainfall readings taken at the campsite in late April showed amounts up to 4cm daily.







History

ARIS 11226: In 1982 BP Minerals showed interest in the Klaskino area. A project involving geological mapping, stream and soil geochemical testing and rock chip sampling was conducted on the north and south shore of Klaskino Inlet. Resulting geochemistry suggested the widespread distribution of arsenic bearing minerals with local associations of gold, silver, copper, mercury and antimony. Further work was deemed to be warranted based on the potential for an epithermal gold mineralization.

Geology

Vancouver Island belongs to the Insular Tectonic Belt, the westernmost subdivision of the Canadian Cordillera. Wrangellia, an accreted oceanic plateau (Green Andrew R., et al), forms the dominant terrane. See figure 4, Distribution of Wrangellia.

The Wrangellia Terrane is a complex and variable terrane that extends from Vancouver Island to central Alaska. Wrangellia is most commonly characterized by widespread exposures of Triassic flood basalts and complementary intrusive rocks (Jones et al., 1977). Triassic flood basalts extend in a discontinuous belt from Vancouver and Queen Charlotte Islands (Karmutsen Formation), through southeast Alaska and the Kluane Ranges in southwest Yukon, and into the Wrangell Mountains and Alaska Range in east and central Alaska (Nikolai Formation). This belt of flood basalt sequences has distinct similarities and is recognized as representing a once-contiguous terrane (Jones et al., 1977).

Wrangellia has a long and diverse geologic history spanning much of the Phanerozoic. On Vancouver Island, the oldest rocks of Wrangellia, which lie at the top of an imbricated stack of northeast-dipping thrust sheets (Monger and Journeay, 1994), are Late Silurian to Early Permian arc sequences (Muller, 1980; Brandon et al., 1986; Sutherland Brown et al., 1986). In the Late Triassic, rapid uplift associated with a rising plume head lead to eruption of voluminous flood basalts as part of an extensive oceanic plateau (Richards et al., 1991). As volcanism ceased, the oceanic plateau soon began to subside and accumulate deep-water carbonate sediments (Jeletzky, 1970; Carlisle and Suzuki, 1974). Sedimentation within the Wrangellia Terrane lasted until the Early Jurassic, when the resurgence of arc volcanism developed in response to subduction, forming the Bonanza arc (Armstrong and MacKevett, 1977; DeBari, 1999).

The enormous exposures of the Karmutsen appear to represent a single flood basalt event (Richards et al., 1989). A mantle plume initiation model has been proposed for the Wrangellia flood basalts based on (1) relatively limited geochemical data, (2) the nature of the underlying and overlying formations, (3) rapid uplift prior to volcanism, (4) the lack of evidence of rifting associated with volcanism and (5) the short duration and high eruption rate of volcanism (Richards et al., 1991). The basalt flows are estimated to have erupted a minimum volume of 1x106 km3 (Panuska, 1990) within a maximum of five million years (Carlisle and Suzuki, 1974). During the 80 million years or so between arc activity and emergence of oceanic plateau flood basalts, as the continents gathered into a great landmass, Wrangellia became part of a composite terrane (Plafker et al., 1989). By the Middle Pennsylvanian, Wrangellia may have joined with the Alexander Terrane (Gardner et al., 1988) or been in close proximity (stratigraphic continuity) with the Alexander Terrane (Yorath et al., 1985). The ocean-bound Wrangellia Terrane amalgamated with the Taku Terrane of southeast Alaska and the Peninsular Terrane of southern Alaska by as early as the Late Triassic (Plafker et al., 1989). Paleomagnetic and faunal evidence indicate the Wrangellia Terrane originated far to the south of its present position (Hillhouse, 1977; Yole and Irving, 1980; Hillhouse et al., 1982; Hillhouse and Gromme, 1984). Wrangellia accreted to the North American craton by the Late Jurassic or Early Cretaceous (Monger et al., 1982; Tipper, 1984; Plafker et al., 1989; Gehrels and Greig, 1991; van der Heyden, 1992; Monger et al., 1994.

The regional geology consists of two thick volcanic/sedimentary cycles. The first is the Vancouver Group of Triassic age consisting of Karmutsen volcanics, Parson Bay and Quatsino limestones. Secondly the Bonanza Group volcanics of Lower Jurassic age. These packages are intruded by the Island Intrusives of the Middle Jurassic age, see figure 5, Regional Mesozoic-Cenozoic Stratigraphy of Northern Vancouver Island (modified after Muller, et al. 1974, 1981). The area was mapped for the GSC in 1974 by Muller, Northcote and Carlisle.

Local geology consists of Karmutsen volcanics, Bonanza volcanics and Parson Bay limestone, see figure 6, KLASKINO 3 - Local Geology. This map shows the Mineral Titles On-line grid transposed on the Digital Geology Map of British Columbia, January 2005, N.W.D. Massey, et al.

The central and south portion of the tenure is overlain by a raised fault-bounded block of Parson Bay limestone, possibly a small horst feature. This relates to the anomalous Vancouver Group uplift of the area within a 7km radius. A large gneissic body may form the basement and outcrops 7kms south, forming the Brooks Peninsula.

Vancouver Island has numerous highly mineralized areas. Strongly mineralized zones are known to exist in the northwest area of the island. Five specific deposit types are found:

1) Porphry copper-molybdenum deposits

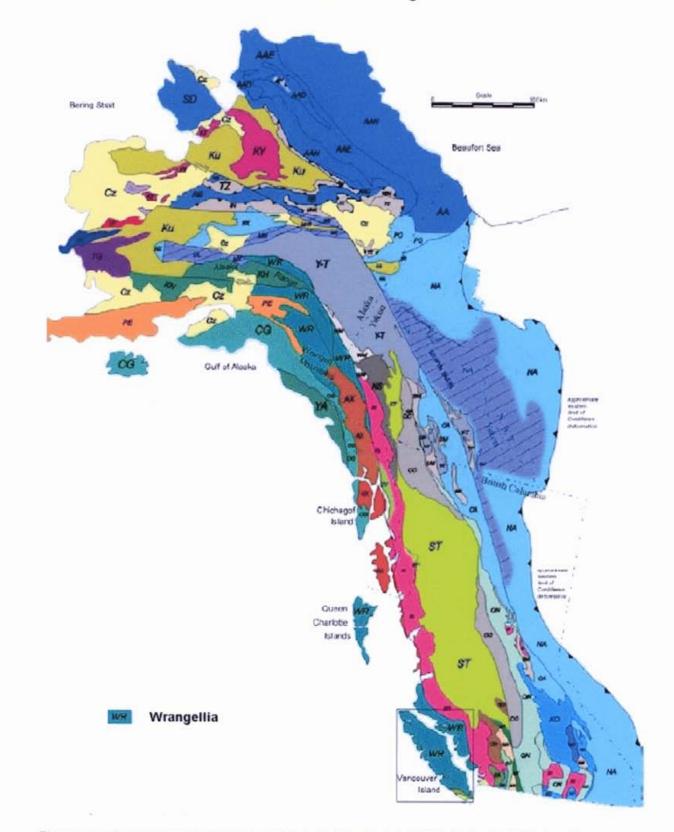
2) Copper-iron-gold skarns

3) Base metal skarns

4) Copper bearing quartz veins and shear zones (with precious metals)

5) Epithermal gold deposits

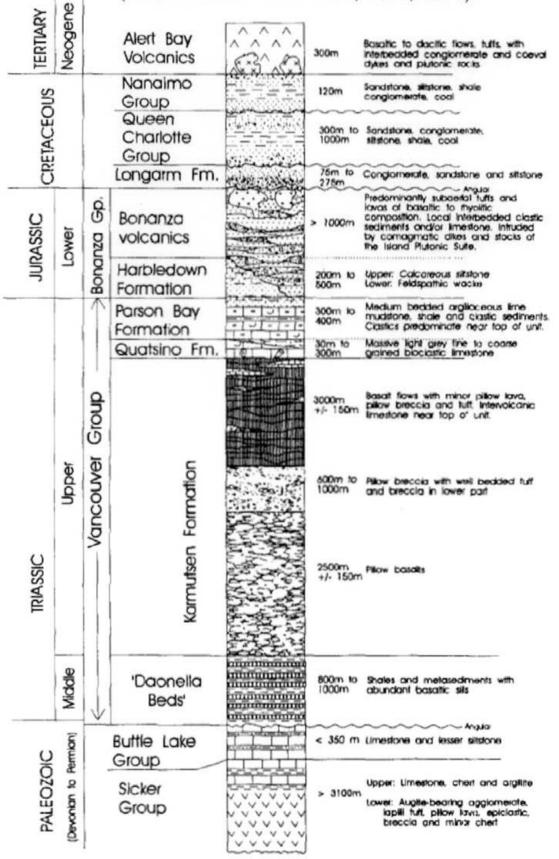
Figure 4 Distribution of Wrangellia

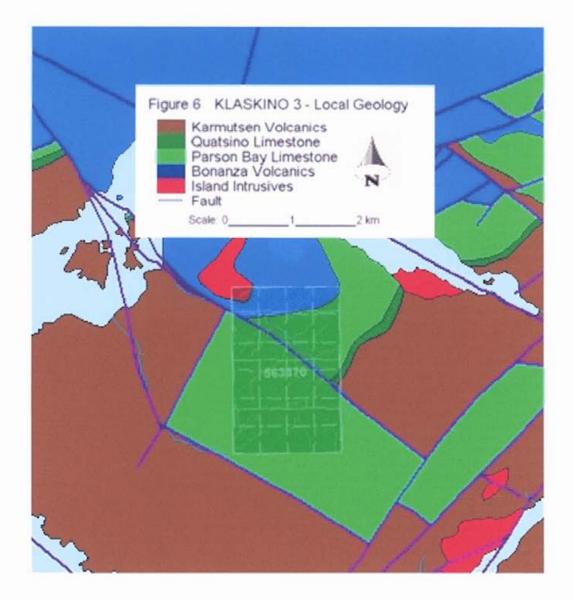


Terrane map of western Canada and Alaska (modified after Wheeler et al. [1991]) showing the distribution of the Wrangellia Terrane (WR) in British Columbia, the Yukon and Alaska.

Figure 5

Regional Mesozoic - Cenozoic Stratigraphy of Northern Vancouver Island (modified after Muller et al., 1974, 1981)





Summary of Work

This initial project of general reconnaissance, prospecting, rock chip sampling and mapping focussed on gaining a general understanding of the tenure. A stop and go vehicle method was used along Klaskino Road. All other roads were unnavigable by vehicle and were hiked. Outcrop in road-cut along with notable areas of talus and float were inspected. Traverses targeting exposed outcrop were completed in a few safe locations. Numerous smaller creeks were partially inspected. A full day was spent inspecting a major creek. All study areas, outcrops and areas of interest were mapped and stored as GPS waypoints. 7 samples were collected for further study. Rock samples were sent in for analysis from 2 locations. All data was recompiled and hand drawn on 1:5,000 maps, which are keyed into a main mapping grid. See figures 7 - 10.

Notes on Mapping

Note 1: Minor amounts of pyrite and chalcopyrite hosted in light grey, fine textured volcanic inter-bed.

Note 2: Minor amounts of pyrite noted in dark grey to black limestone. Small flecks and cubes less than .5mm, in numerous outcrops.

Note 3: Pyrite and lesser chalcopyrite noted in siliceous medium gray, medium textured volcanic. Small flecks less than .5mm, associate with calcite veins and veinlets in a heavily skarned area.

Notes on Rock Sampling

Rock samples collected during field projects are placed in clean plastic snap-tight containers and labelled on-site. The specimens are further studied and stored at the office. Specimens chosen for lab analysis are weighed and divided in 2 with one half prepared for analysis the other half stored for future study, field recognition or retesting. Some more notable samples are photographed. Analysis samples are placed in numbered kraft paper envelopes and packaged for shipment. Samples were delivered to ACME Analytical Laboratories (Vancouver), and tested for 37 elements using the 1FMS analytical package, 30gm sample. Rock samples are crushed, split and pulverised to 200 mesh, then processed using the Aqua Regia digestion and Ultratrace ICP-MS analysis procedure.

RD001: Hosted in black limestone. Visual sulphides 90% pyrite 10% chalcopyrite, in fractures up to 1.5mm and dissemination, may represent 10% of total sample. Lab results show no anomalies.

RD002: Hosted in black limestone. Visual sulphides 90% pyrite 10% chalcopyrite, in fractures up to 1.5mm and dissemination, may represent 10% of total sample. Lab results show anomalies in **Mo (3.11ppm) and Cu (272ppm)**.

Conclusion

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The tenure has only been partially explored. The results of this year's project are encouraging. The black layer of limestone hosts minor amounts of mineralization in almost all outcrop noted. Possibility could exist for a skarn.

Future plans include further reconnaissance, prospecting and mapping. Traverses which were plotted this year will be incorporated into the next phase of ground work.

Author's Qualification

I, Vincent John Buddick, of 1508 Marina Way, Nanoose Bay, British Columbia, hereby certify;

1) I have completed the British Columbia Institute of Technology, Introduction to Prospecting and Exploration course, in two parts; mine 1003/spring 2007 and mine 1004/fall 2007.

2) I have been physically prospecting for 2 years

3) I am the sole owner of North Island Exploration, 1508 Marina Way, Nanoose Bay, British Columbia, and currently hold 100% interest in the tenure.

Trebun

Date: Sept. 15,2008

Vince Buddick, Prospector

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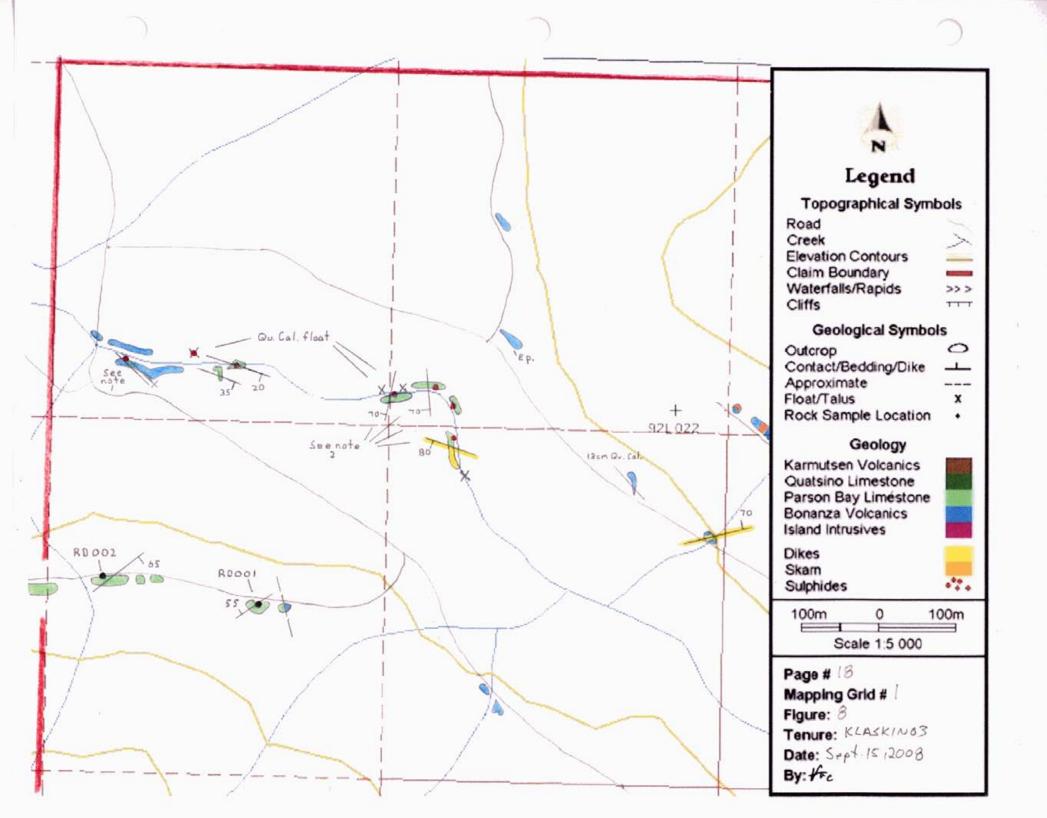
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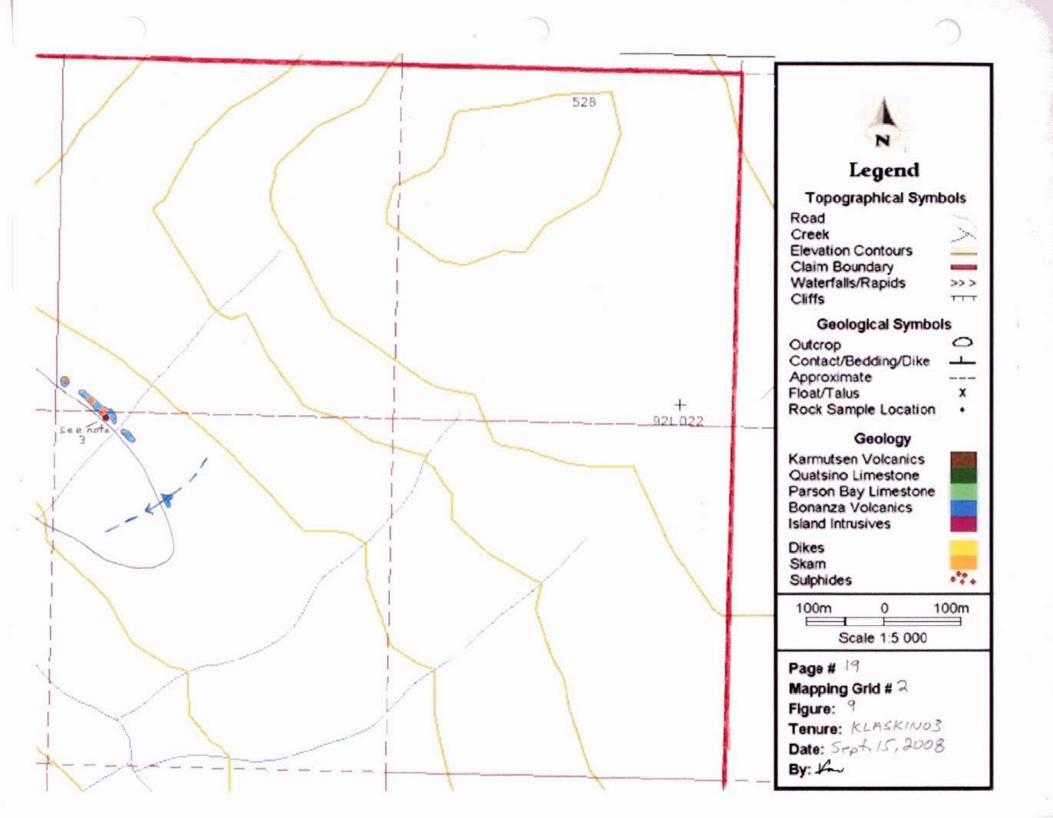
Software Programs

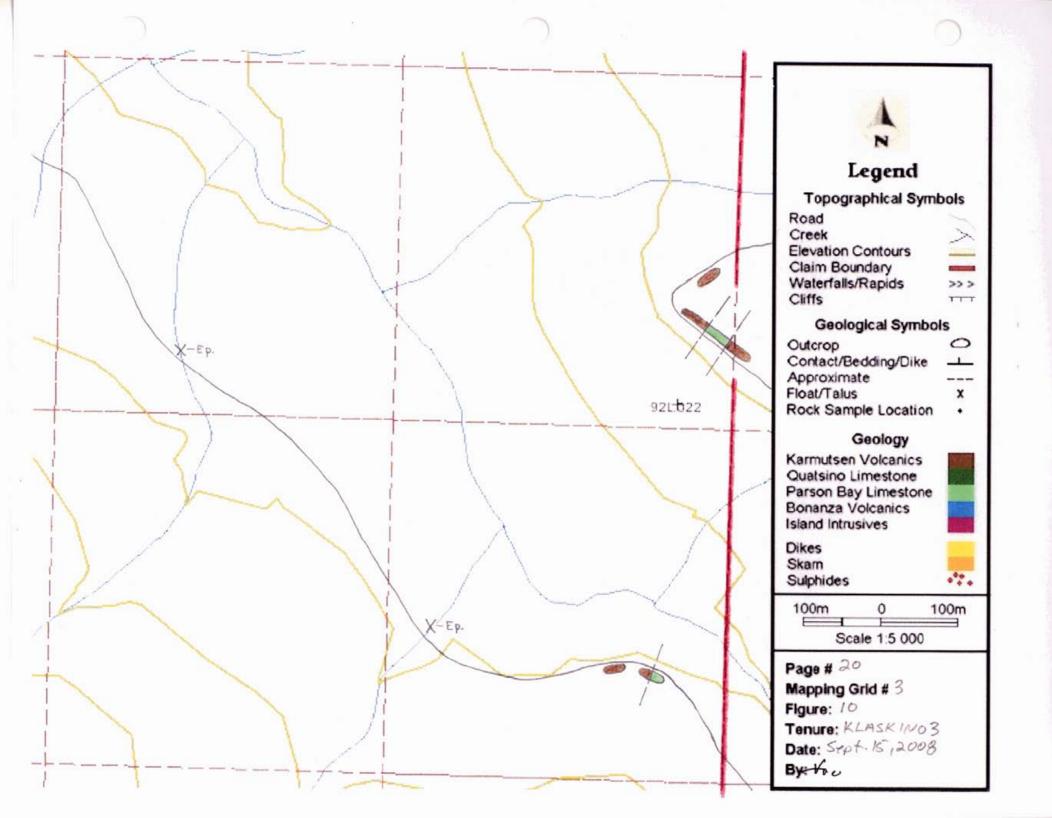
Software programs used in prospecting and map creation.

- 1) Adobe Reader/7.0
- 2) ArcExplorer/2.0
- 3) Arcsoft/Photoimpression 2000
- 4) Garmin/MapSource/6.11.6
- 5) GoogleEarth/4.0.2091
- 6) Hewlitt-Packard/Photo Imaging Software/2.5.0.1
- 7) Kodak/EasyShare/6.4.0.100
- 8) Microsoft/Excel 2000/9.0.2720
- 9) Microsoft/Paint/5.0
- 10) PowerArchiver 2004/9.10.06
- 11) TopoCanada/v2/2.00
- 12) Wordperfect10/10.0.0.518









Exploration Work type	Comment	Days			Totals
Personnel (Name)* / Position	Field Days (list actual days)	Days	Date	Subtotal*	
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Database compilation					
Computer modelling			\$0.00	\$0.00	
Reprocessing of data			\$0.00	\$0.00	
General research			\$0.00	\$0.00	
		1.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Report preparation Other (specify)		1.0	\$300.00	\$300.00	
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Airborne Exploration Surveys	Line Kilometres / Enter total invoiced an			\$300.00	\$300.00
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Radiometrics			\$0.00	\$0.00	
Electromagnetics			\$0.00		
Gravity				\$0.00	
Digital terrain modelling			\$0.00	\$0.00	
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Diamond Intervention (Intervention (Interventintervention (Intervent	Y	(Construction)	\$66.26	\$66.26
Reverse circulation (RC) Image: Second S	0.	1942 (1440) (146)	Subtotal	
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Other Operations Clarify No. Trenching Image: Second		\$0.00		
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Trenching Image: Second se	0.	Rate	Subtotal	
Bulk sampling Image: Clarify image:		\$0.00	\$0.00	
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Airfare				
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Taxi Image: Constraint of the state o		\$0.00	\$0.00	
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fuel \$33.50 x 3 Helicopter (hours) Fuel (litres/hour)	551.00	\$0.00	and the second se	
Helicopter (hours) Fuel (litres/hour)		\$0.00		
Fuel (litres/hour)		\$0.00	and the second se	
		\$0.00	and the state of t	
Actual vehicle costs		\$0.00	\$408.10	
		1	\$364.10	\$364.10
20% maximum of \$1820.51			\$304.10	\$204.10
Accommodation & Food Rates per day		+0.00	+0.00	
Hotel		\$0.00	the second se	
Camp		\$50.00		
Meals actual	3.00	\$0.00	\$66.00 \$216.00	\$216.00

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TOTAL Expendit	ures				\$2,184.61				
		\$0.00							
			\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00				
			\$0.00	\$0.00					
Freight, rock samples									
				\$21.00	\$21.00				
Other (Specify)									
Field Gear (Specify)	GPS/camera/batteries	3.00	\$7.00	\$21.00					
Equipment Rentals									
				\$17.25	\$17.25				
Other (Specify)	Office	3.00	\$5.75						
Telephone			\$0.00	\$0.00					
Miscellaneous									

	1020 Cordo	Dva St. Eas 1) 253-3158	t Vancou	ver BC \	/6A 4A			CAL LAB	ORATOR	IES LTD.				Clien Projec Report	t:		1508 Ma Nancos None G	i Islan arina Way e Bay BC iven 19, 2008			'n		
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ER	TIFIC	ATE C)F AN	IALY	SIS													VA	N08	8007	677.	.1	
			Method Analyte Unit MDL	WGHT Wgt kg 0.01	1F30 Mo ppm 0.01	1F30 Cu ppm 0.01	1F30 Pb ppm 0.01	1F30 Zn ppm 0.1	1F30 Ag ppb 2	1F30 Ni ppm 0.1	1F30 Co ppm 0.1	1F30 Mn ppm 1	1F30 Fe % 0.01	1F30 As ppm 0.1	1F30 U ppm 0.1	1F30 Ач ррb 0.2	1F30 Th ppm 0.1	1F30 Sr ppm 0.5	1F30 Cd ppm 0.01	1F30 Sb ppm 0.02	1F30 Bi ppm 0.02	1F30 V ppm 2	11
001		Rock	ť	0.67	1.61	92.79	5.86	103.5	898	31.0	12.6	435	3.23	8.1	0.7	<0.2		122.7	0.50				
0002		Rock		0.70	3.11		3.77	46.7	·750	35.0	12.4	490	3.51	11.6	1,0	<0.2	0.3	133.7 206.2	0.23	1.30	0.05 0.06	107 151	4

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This report supersedes all previous preliminary and final reports with this file number dated prior to the date on this certificate. Signature indicates final approval; preliminary reports are unsigned and should be used for reference only

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1020 Cordova St.	Acme ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES LTD. 1020 Cordova St. East Vancouver BC V6A 4A3 Canada Phone (604) 253-3158 Fax (604) 253-1716 www.acmelab.com														North Island Exploration 1508 Marina Way Nanoose Bay BC V9P 9B6 Canada None Given August 19, 2008						
						WWY	v.acme	lab.cor	n			Page:		;	2 of 2	Part	2				
RTIFICATE	OF AN	ALY	SIS													VA	N08	007	677		
	Method Analyte Unit MDL	1F30 P % 0.001	1F30 La ppm 0.5	1F30 Cr ppm 0.5	1F30 Mg % 0.01	1F30 Ba ppm 0.5	1F30 Ti % 0.901	1F30 B ppm 1	1F30 Al % 0.01	1F30 Na % 0.001	1F30 K % 0.01	1F30 W ppm 0.1	1F30 Sc ppm 0.1	1F30 Ti ppm 0.02	1F30 S % 0.02	1F30 Hg ppb 5	1F30 Se ppm 0.1	1F30 Te ppm 0.02	1F30 Ga ppm 0.1		
	Rock Rock	0.178	8.7 12.3	37.1 43.3	1.47	27.3 41.6	0.122 0.124	23	1.21	0.038	0.03 0.04	0.2	7.8	<0.02	1.63	63	7.0	0.06	6.6		

This report supersades all previous preliminary and final reports with this file number dated prior to the date on this certificate. Signature indicates final approval, preliminary reports are unsigned and should be used for reference only.