ASSESSMENT REPORT ON DRILLING

RED CLIFF EAST PROPERTY

Located
24 kilometers northeast of
Stewart, British Columbia in
Skeena Mining Division
NTS 104A/4W

56° 06'30'' N LATITUDE
129° 53'10'' W LONGITUDE

Event Number: 4825324

On Behalf of
Nanika Resources Ltd
Vancouver, BC

Report **by**

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INTRODUCTION

Property Location and Access

The property is situated in the lower part of the American Creek Valley extending 3 kilometres up the creek from its confluence with Bear River. The claim area is centered on 56° 06'30''N latitude and 129° 53'10'' W longitude on NTS sheet 104 A/4. A map with marked location of the claims printed from ARIS database is presented on figure 1.

Access to the property is via Highway 37A from Stewart to the American Creek access road constructed by other exploration companies which bisects the middle of the property providing excellent access to the lower portions of the claims. Helicopter must be utilized to access higher areas of the property. A helicopter can be chartered a year round from Prism Helicopter base in Stewart.

Physiography, Topography and Climate

In general terms the property is typified by the precipitous slopes of the eastern Coast Mountains. Relief ranges from 150 m in the American Creek Valley to over 500 m near the western edge of the claim with a good portion of the property accessible on foot. Water supply is plentiful as many glacial run-off streams drain into American Creek and Bear River.

Vegetation varies from mature stands of western hemlock blue spruce and Douglas fir at the lower elevations to alder higher on the slopes. On the steeper slopes where avalanches are a frequent occurrence only a combination of slide alder, mountain ash, huckleberry, stinging nettle and devil's club can exist.

The area receives heavy snowfall between the months of October and March with rainfall in the other months. Average precipitation is in the order of 250 centimeters of rainfall and 20 meters of snow. Due to the large snowfall, the surface exploration in the Stewart area is restricted to summer and early fall with the maximum rock exposure occurring in late August to October. However, the area of the confluence of American Creek and Bear River receives much less snow compare to surrounding areas.

Property Ownership

The Read Cliff East property consists of ten mineral claims totaling 315.17 hectares located 24 kilometres northeast of Stewart, BC. Relevant claim information is summarized below:

Tenure Number	Type	Claim Name	Good Until	Area (ha)

409603	Mineral	JOE DOG 5	2016/dec/20	25
409604	Mineral	JOE DOG 6	2016/dec/20	25
409605	Mineral	JOE DOG 7	2016/dec/20	25
409606	Mineral	JOE DOG 8	2016/dec/20	25
409607	Mineral	JOE DOG 9	2016/dec/20	25
409608	Mineral	JOE DOG 10	2016/dec/20	25
409609	Mineral	JOE DOG 11	2016/dec/20	25
409610	Mineral	JOE DOG 12	2016/dec/20	25
409611	Mineral	JOE DOG 13	2016/dec/20	25
607959	Mineral		2016/dec/20	90.17
				Total 315.17

The claims are presently 100 % owned by Nanika Resources of Vancouver, BC.
A claim map is shown on figure 2, printed from ARIS database.

Figure 1 Location

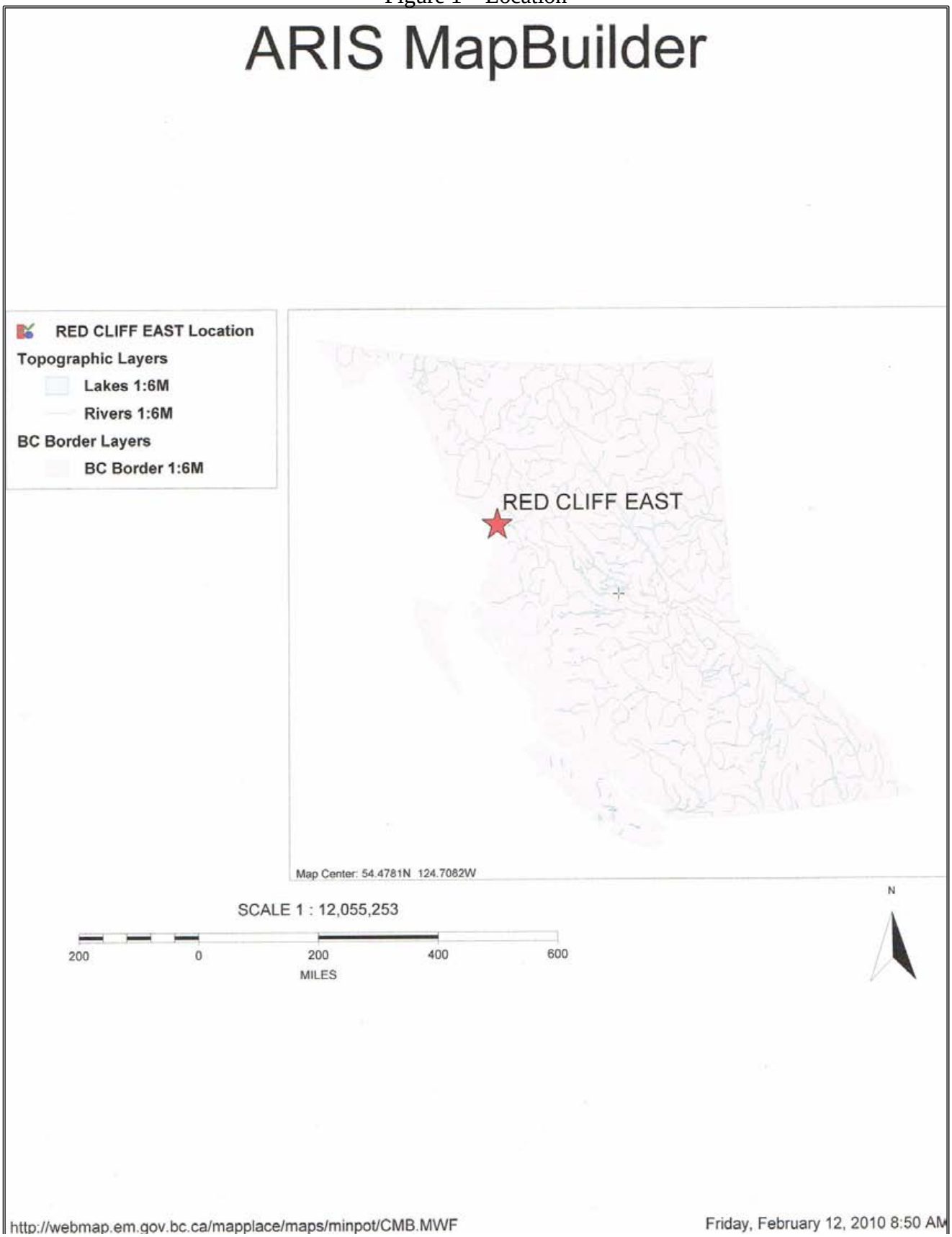
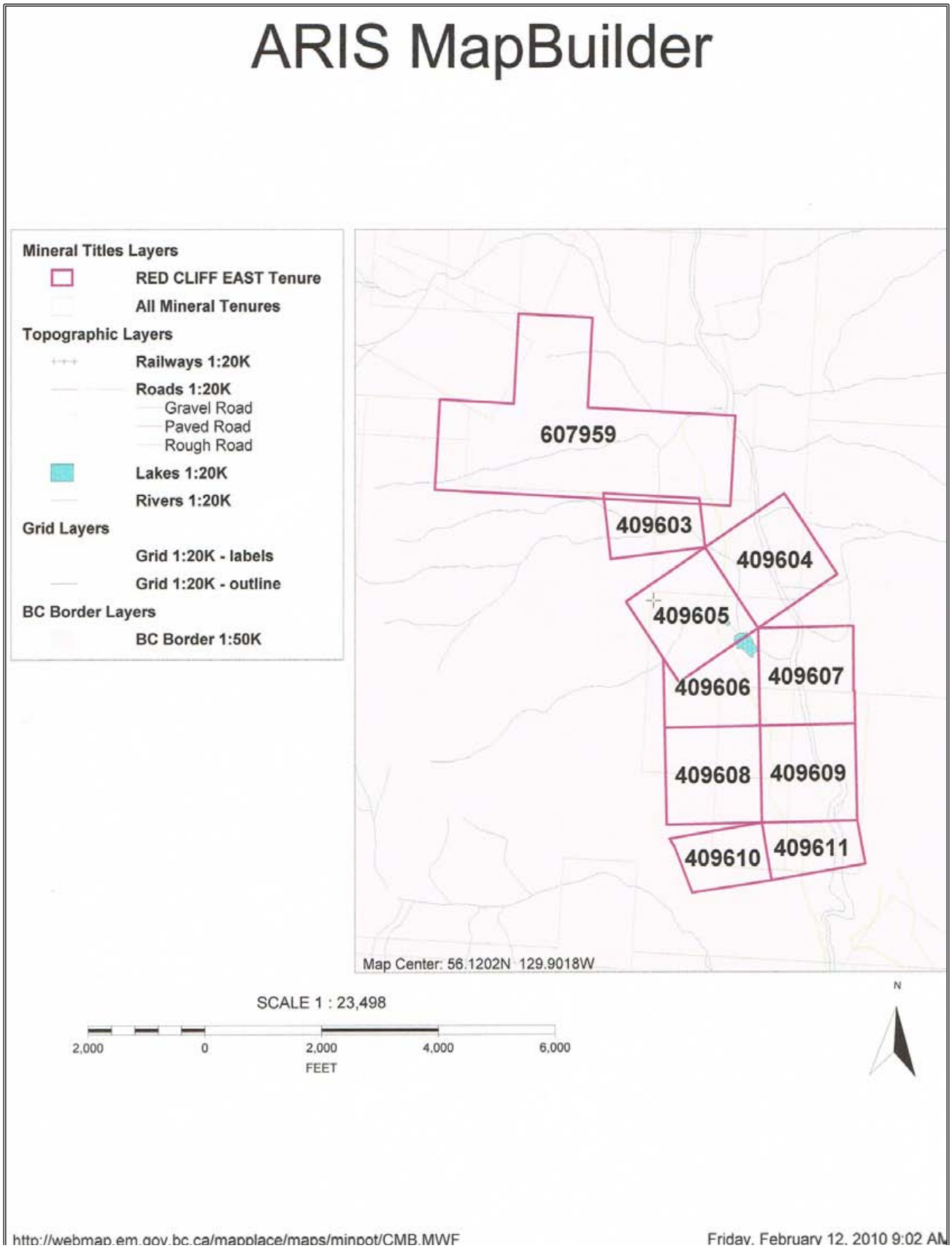


Figure 2 Claim Map



Work History

There was not much work done on these claims before 2009. The only reported work on the Joe Dog mineral claims 5 to 13 was initiated in 2005 by the former claim owner Jim Marx. The work included a seismic refraction survey conducted by Geophysicist Mike Powers along the 455 metres of cut line. The survey was to determine the depth of the bedrock and to estimate the potential volume of the gravel deposited along American Creek.

In 2009, Nanika Resources conducted a geochemical program during which a total of 22 rock, 4 silt and 155 soil samples were collected. Of the 22 rock samples collected during this program, 10 samples returned significant metal values with up to 170 ppb for gold, 126.3 g/t for silver, 1.18 % for copper, 0.73 % for zinc and 0.27 % for lead. Four silt samples returned 314, 135, 344 and 98 ppb gold with silver values ranging from 0.2 to 2.0 ppm. Soil samples from a 250 meter long section of the soil contour line showed silver values ranging from 3.2 to 11.9 ppm along with significant values in copper, lead and zinc.

GEOLOGY

Regional Geology

The Red Cliff East property lies along the eastern edge of the Coast Crystalline Complex within the western boundary of the Bowser Basin. Rocks in the area belong to the Mesozoic Stuhini Group, Hazelton Group and Bowser Lake Group that have been intruded by plugs of both Cenozoic and Mesozoic age. Portions of the Stewart area are underlain by Triassic age Stuhini Group (Greig, C.F, 1994). The Stuhini Group rocks are either underlying or in fault contact with the Hazelton Group. These Triassic age rocks consist of dark gray, laminated to thickly bedded silty mudstone, and fine to medium grained and locally coarse-grained sandstone. Local heterolitic pebble to cobble conglomerate, massive tuffaceous mudstone and thick-bedded sedimentary breccia and conglomerate also form part of the Stuhini Group.

At the base of the Hazelton Group is the lower Lower Jurassic Marine (submergent) and non-marine (emergent) volcaniclastic Unuk River Formation. This is overlain at steep discordant angles by a second, lithologically similar, middle Lower Jurassic volcanic cycle (Betty Creek Formation), in turn overlain by an upper Lower Jurassic tuff horizon (Mt. Dilworth Formation). Middle Jurassic non-marine sediments with minor volcanics of the Salmon River Formation unconformably overlie the above sequence.

The lower Lower Jurassic Unuk River Formation forms a north-northwesterly trending belt extending from Alice Arm to the Iskut River. It consists of green, red and purple volcanic breccia, volcanic conglomerate, sandstone and siltstone with minor crystal and lithic tuff, limestone, chert and minor coal. Also included in the sequence are pillow lavas and volcanic flows.

In the property area, the Unuk River Formation is unconformably overlain by middle Lower Jurassic rocks from the Betty Creek Formation. The Betty Creek Formation is another cycle of trough filling sub-marine pillow lavas, broken pillow breccias, andesitic and basaltic flows, green, red, purple and black volcanic breccia, with self erosional conglomerate, sandstone and siltstone and minor crystal and lithic tuffs, chert, limestone and lava.

The upper Lower Jurassic Mt. Dilworth Formation consists of a thin sequence varying from black carbonaceous tuffs to siliceous massive tuffs and felsic ash flows. Minor sediments and limestone are present in the sequence. Locally pyritic varieties form strong gossans.

The Middle Jurassic Salmon River Formation is a late to post volcanic episode of banded, predominantly dark colored siltstone, greywacke, sandstone, intercalated calcarenite rocks, minor limestone, argillite, conglomerate, littoral deposits, volcanic sediments and minor flows. Overlying the above sequences are the Upper Jurassic Bowser Lake Group rocks. These rocks mark the western edge of the Bowser Basin and are also located as remnants on mountaintops in the Stewart area. These rocks consist of dark gray to black clastic rocks including silty mudstone and thick beds of massive, dark green to dark gray, fine to medium grained arkosic litharenite.

According to E.W. Grove, the majority of the rocks from the Hazelton Group were derived from the erosion of andesitic volcanoes subsequently deposited as overlapping lenticular beds varying laterally in grain size from breccia to siltstone. Alldrick's work to the north of Stewart has shown several volcanic centers in the surveyed area. Lower Jurassic volcanic centers in the Unuk River Formation are located in the Big Missouri Premier area and in the Brucejack Lake area. Volcanic centers within the Lower Jurassic Betty Creek Formation are located in the Mitchell Glacier and Knipple Glacier areas.

The granodiorites of the Coast Plutonic Complex largely engulf the Mesozoic volcanic terrain to the west. East of these (in the property area), smaller intrusive plugs range from quartz monzonite to granite. Some are likely related to the late phase offshoots of the Coast plutonism, other is synvolcanic and Tertiary. Double plunging, northwesterly - trending synclinal folds of the Salmon River and underlying Betty Creek Formations dominate the structural setting of the area. These folds are locally disrupted by small east-over thrusts on strikes parallel to the major fold axis, cross-axis steep angled faults which locally turn beds, selective tectonization of tuff units and major northwest faults which turn beds.

Property Geology

The property area is underlain by volcanic and volcaniclastic rocks belonging to the Unuk River Formation of Lower Jurassic age. On the east side of American Creek, black argillites and/or tuffs are highly sheared and locally silicified. Rocks are exposed along an old logging road. Strike of the rocks appears to be north south with a steep dip to the west. On the west side of American Creek, the rocks are weakly sericite altered, green andesite tuffs with up to 5 % fine grained pyrite. Rocks are exposed along an exploration road extending up American Creek.

Although up to four periods of folding and five episodes of faulting have been identified in the Stewart Area, the overall structure of the property appears relatively simple. Faulting has played the major role with a series of north– south trending normal faults in the American Creek Valley. Perpendicular to these is a series of east – west trending faults in the vicinity of the property. The major structural feature of the property area is a north south anticline along the American Creek Valley. In general the bedding strikes are northerly subparallel to the valley sides. American Creek is located along a major north south fault zone.

Alteration and Mineralization

The most promising alteration-mineralization was found in several float samples collected during the 2009 exploration program in the southeast corner of claim 409603. The samples feature green-black chloritic alteration with the accompanying pyrite and up to 2% chalcopyrite, similar to alteration-mineralization present in Decade's Montrose zone. The samples assayed up to 170 ppb gold, 126.3 ppm silver and up to 1.2 % copper. Further north, a small semiangular float of strongly silicified rock with 20-30% pyrite and minor galena collected in the eastern part of 607959 claim assayed 80 ppb gold, 82.7 g/t silver, 0.27% lead and 0.73% zinc.

The northwest corner of the claim number 409609 features at least 200 metres long zone of silica-chlorite+/-sericite+/-carbonate+/-pyrite alteration. Nine samples collected from the zone did not record any anomalous values.

2010 ROCK SAMPLING

During the 2010 exploration program 6 grab and 7 float samples were collected from the property. They did not record anomalous precious or base metal values, except grab sample RCE-4 which shows anomalous silver (5.8 ppm) and copper (1010 ppm). Table 1 below shows samples coordinates and description. Location of the samples is marked on figure 3.

Table 1 Samples Coordinates and Description

Sample #	Easting	Northing	Sample type	Sample Description
RCE-1	443993	6220000	Float	Angular boulder 50x30 cm of andesitic rock in most part replaced by
				quartz, chlorite and minor malachite.
RCE-2	444000	6219984	Grab	Andesite cut by slightly limonitic vuggy quartz veins 0.5 to 1,5 cm
				wide.
RCE-3	443911	6219918	Float	Angular, fist size boulder of silicified andesite with 5-10% very fine
				grained pyrite.
RCE-4	443976	6219907	Grab	Completely chlorite altered rock with some malachite on surface,
				also minor quartz replacement.
RCE-5	443987	6219815	Float	Big angular boulder of massive, completely quartz-sericite-pyrite

				altered rock. Pyrite content 5-10%.
RCE-6	443934	6219875	Float	Composite sample of 4 small float pieces of slightly limonitic quartz.
RCE-7	443914	6219916	Float	Composite sample of several small pieces of milky quartz
RCE8	443914	6219916	Float	Composite sample of several small pieces chipped off from large
				boulder imbedded in creek bed composed of green-black chlorite and
				minor specularite or galena (?)
RCE-9	444272	6219592	Grab	2-3 cm wide quartz-chlorite-epidote vein with minor wad and
				rhodohrosite. Orientation 120/75E
RCE-10	444221	6219678	Grab	Irregular vuggy quartz-carbonate-chlorite veining.
RCE-11	443993	6220000	Float	Boulder with 3 cm wide quartz lesser chlorite vein with minor
				specularite.

2010 DRILLING

Introduction

The 2010 drilling program on Red Cliff East property consisted of 8 diamond drill holes totaling 1004 metres of NQ core. One hole could not reach bedrock and was terminated in overburden at 32.61metres. Information about each hole azimuth, dip and GPS coordinates is includes in drill logs (see appendix I). All drilling was done from 5 pads which locations are shown on figure 3. Drilling was done by Titan Drilling of Smithers, BC using a modified Longyear-38 drill. No camp was constructed on the property. Drillers stayed in Stewart and were driving every day to the job site. The entire core from the drilling was logged on the property. The boxes with the marked intervals for sampling have been transported to Stewart for splitting. After splitting, the entire remaining core was securely stored on the property.

A total of 51 core samples were collected from the holes. Eight samples collected from the hole RCE10-1 were analyzed for gold, silver and 31 elements ICP, the remaining 43 core samples were assayed just for gold and silver. All core and rock samples were analyzed by Actlabs of Ancaster, Ontario.

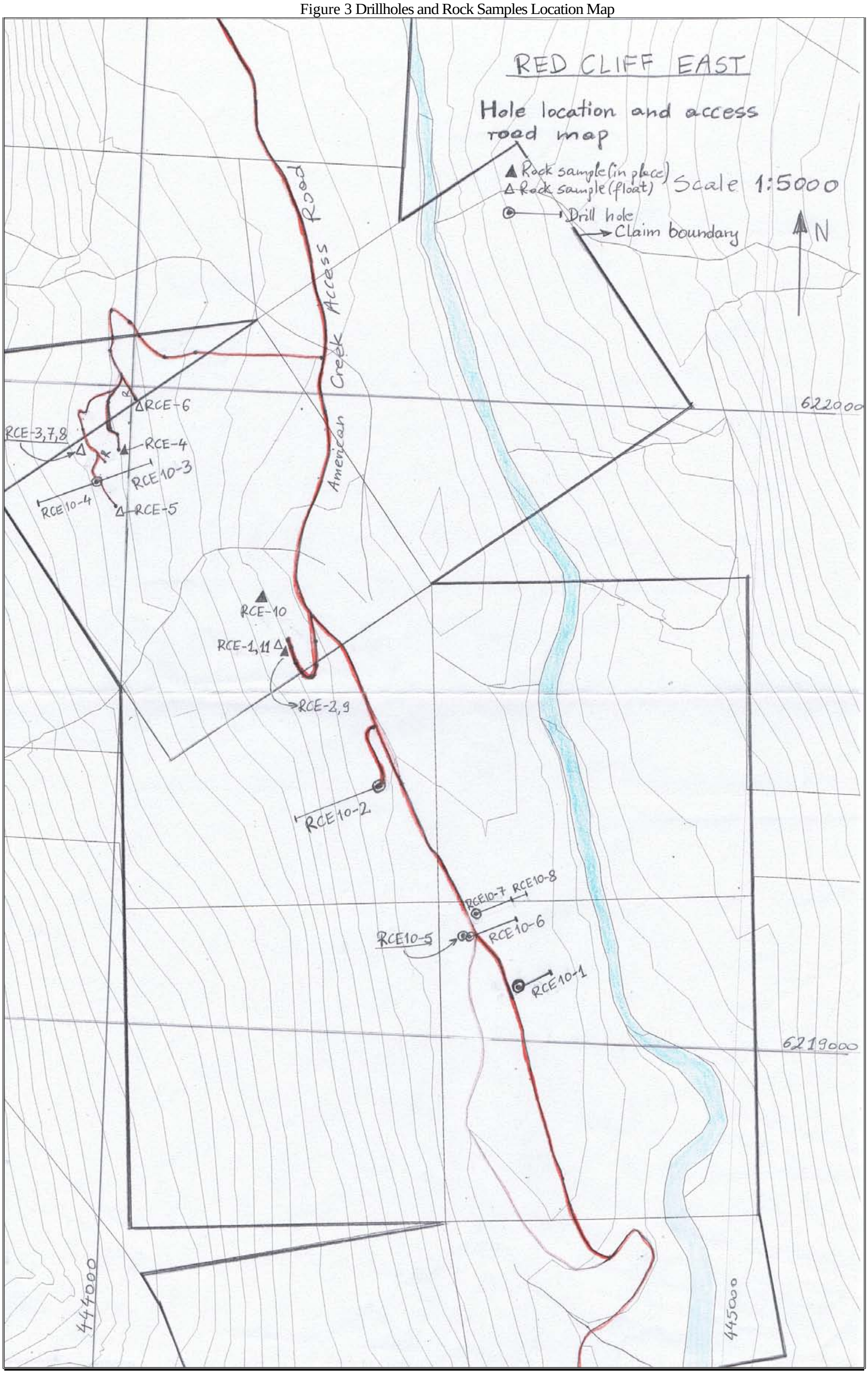
Results

Holes RCE10-1, 6, 7 and 8 tested a quartz-chlorite+/-sericite+/-carbonate+/-pyrite alteration zone. The zone is marked on the surface as a prominent ridge 50-70 metres wide and at least 200 metres long. The holes intersected broad intervals of weakly to very strongly silicified andesitic rocks with 3 to 10 percent quartz-carbonate veins. Sulphides were represented by trace to 5% medium to coarse grained pyrite often accompanied by black-green chlorite. Locally trace to minor chalcopyrite, galena and sphalerite were also noted. Core samples collected from these holes were not anomalous in gold or silver.

Hole RCE10-2 was drilled to test section of the 2009 soil line which returned anomalous values in silver, copper, lead and zinc. The hole intersected some carbonate lesser chlorite and epidote veining. In a few spots trace to minor pyrite, chalcopyrite and sphalerite were seen. Six core samples collected from the hole did not recorded anomalous gold or silver values.

Holes RCE10-3 and 4 tested a wide fracture/fault zone which showed weak copper mineralization. The holes encountered only weak carbonate+/-chlorite+/-epidote veining and minor amounts of pyrite. Core samples collected from these two holes did not returned anomalous gold or silver values.

Figure 3 Drillholes and Rock Samples Location Map



CONCLUSIONS

The results from the core and rock samples obtained during the 2010 exploration program did not returned any anomalous precious metal values. One of the rock samples yielded anomalous silver (5.8 ppm) and copper (1010 ppm) values.

RECOMMENDATIONS

The recommended work on the Red Cliff East property includes the following:

1) More prospecting and soil sampling above a portion of the 2009 soil line which showed the most anomalous results.
2) An attempt should be made to explain the source of highly anomalous gold in the 2009 silt samples collected from creeks draining the western portion of the property.

The cost of the recommended work is estimated at 20,000 dollars.

REFERENCES

1. ALLDRICK, D.J. (1984); "Geological Setting of the Precious Metals Deposits in the Stewart Area", Paper 84-1, Geological Fieldwork 1983, B.C.M.E.M.P.R.

2. ALLDRICK, D.J. (1985); "Stratigraphy and Petrology of the Steward Mining Camp (104B/1E)", p. 316, Paper 85-1, Geological Fieldwork 1984, B.C.M.E.M.P.R.

3. GREIG, C.J., ET AL (1994); "Geology of the Cambria Icefield: Regional Setting for Red Mountain Gold Deport, Northwestern British Columbia", p. 45, Current Research 1994-A, Cordillera and Pacific Margin, Geological Survey of Canada.

4. GROVE, E.W. (1971); Bulletin 58, Geology and Mineral Deposits of the Stewart Area. B.C.M.E.M.P.R.

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7. MARX, J. (2005): Assessment Report on Joe Dog 5-13 Mineral Claims.

8. MINFILE

9. MOUNTAIN BOY PRESS RELEASES (2007-2009)

10. SMITHERINGALE, W. G., (1976); Report on 1976 Exploration Program and Exploration Potential of the Bear Pass property and Rufus Creek-Bear River Pass Area, B.C.E.M.P.R. Assessment Report 6382.

11. Walus, Alex; (2009); Assessment Report

CERTIFICATE OF AUTHOR'S QUALIFICATIONS

I, Alojzy Aleksander Walus, of 8546-164 Street, Surrey, in the Province of British Columbia, do hereby certify that:

1. I am a graduate of the University of Wroclaw, Poland and hold M.Sc. Degree in Geology.

2. I am a consulting geologist working on behalf of Nanika Resources.

3. I have worked in British Columbia from 1988 to 2010 as a geologist with several exploration companies.

4. I am a member in good standing of the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of the Province of British Columbia.

5. This report is based on my work completed on the Red Cliff East Property in the period from October 9 to 27, 2010.

6. I authorize Nanika Resources to use information in this report or portions of it in any brochures, promotional material or company reports.

"Alojzy A. Walus"

_____

DATED AT VANCOUVER, B.C., January 20, 2011 Alojzy A. Walus, P.Geo.

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES - EVENT # 4825324

Geologist (26 days @ $500/ a day)	13000.00
Car Rental plus gas	2145.57
Accommodation/food	1942.64
Drilling	89575.05
Excavator(road construction)	17397.00
Assays	2431.00
Field supplies	397.41
Travel (air fares plus hotels)	2334.17
Report	1000.00
TOTAL	**130222.84**

APPENDIX I

DRILLOGS WITH GOLD AND SILVER RESULTS

DDH: RCE10-1			Total depth: 96.62m Core size: NQ	Logged by: A. Walus									
Azimuth: 65°			Start: October 11, 2010	Easting: 444650					Northing: 6219085				
Inclination: 55°			Completion: October 13, 2010	Elevation:									
Interval (m)		Rock type	Rock description - alteration, mineralization,	Sample interval (m)				Assay					
From	To		texture	Sample	From	To	Width	Au(g/t)	Ag(g/t)				
0.00	9.14	Casing											
9.14	38.25	Andesite	Strong chlorite alteration.										
9.14	14.32		Locally weak silicification, 3-10% quartz veins and replacements.										
14.32	33.83		Quartz veins, stockwork, replacements and quartz cemented breccia. Quartz content ranges from 10 to 100%. In many places weak to strong silicification. Trace to 5% pyrite which forms diseminations, blebs and steaks. In a few place trace galena and trace to minor chalcopyrite.										
15.85	16.76		Interval almost completely(>90%) replaced by quartz. Dense network of fractures filled with limonite.	101	15.85	16.76	0.91	<5	<0.2				
20.42	21.24		Weakly to moderately silicified andesite with 10-15% quartz veins and replacements, minor pyrite. Trace galena and chalcop. in the last 10 cm of the interval.	102	20.42	21.24	0.82	<5	<0.2				
23.93	24.84		Interval with 70-80% of quartz veins and replacements, 1-2% pyrite. In a few places there are concentrations of clay minerals.	103	23.93	24.84	0.91	<5	<0.2				
29.41	31.70		Interval partly replaced by felsite										
36.58	37.49		In places weak silicification, 3-5% quartz-carbonate veinlets. Pyrite 3-5%, minor chalcopyrite. The latter is associated with green-black chlorite	104	36.58	37.49	0.91	7	0.4				
37.49	38.25		Interval with 3-5% quartz lesser carbonate veins and replacements. Disseminated pyrite 3-5% accompanied by greenish-black chlorite.	105	37.49	38.25	0.76	6	0.2				
38.25	42.37	Fracture/fault Zone	Very badly broken core to rock chips, 3-5% quartz-carbonate veins and replacements, minor pyrite.	106	38.25	40.54	2.29	5	<0.2				

DDH: RCE10-1												
Interval		Rock type	Rock description - alteration, mineralization, structure	Sample interval (m)				Assay				
From	To			Sample	From	To	Width	Au(g/t)	Ag(g/t)			
42.37	96.62	Andesite	Strong chlorite alteration. Locally minor pyrite. In a few places shearing/foliation ranging from 45 to 65° to c/a. The rock contains 1-5% quartz-carbonate veinlets and replacements. Trace to 2% pyrite accompanied by greenish-black chlorite.									
77.11	78.03		Andesite with 1-2% pyrite accompanied by green-black chlorite.	107	77.11	78.03	0.92	12	1			
82.91	84.12		Weakly to moderately silicified andesite with 1-2% disseminated pyrite accompanied by greenish-black chlorite.	108	82.91	84.12	1.21	7	0.3			
			96.62m EOH									

DDH:	RCE10-2		Total depth: 197.20m Core size: NQ	Logged by: A. Walus								
Azimuth: 250°			Start: October 13, 2010	Easting:		444424			Northing:		6219392	
Inclination: 45°			Completion: October 15, 2010	Elevation:								
Interval (m)		Rock type	Rock description - alteration, mineralization,	Sample interval (m)						Assay		
From	To		texture	Sample	From	To	Width	Au(g/t)	Ag(g/t)			
0.00	6.09	Casing										
6.09	115.21	Andesite	Andesite to andesite lapill-tuff. Strong sericite-									
			chlorite alteration. The rock contains 1 to 5%									
			carbonate lesser quartz, epidote and chlorite veinlets									
			Sporadically minor rodohrosite was also noted.									
16.76	30.02		Carbonate-epidote-quartz veinlets and stockwork	109	24.69	25.60	0.91	<0.03	<3			
			5 to 40%.									
28.44	28.52		Quartz-chlorite vein 7-8 cm wide @ 45° to c/a.									
88.70	88.76		Carb.-epidote-chlorite vein 2-3 cm wide @ 40 to c/a.									
94.75	93.85		3-5 cm wide quartz-epidote vein with minor pyrite	110	94.75	94.85	0.10	<0.03	<3			
			and trace galena(?).									
115.21	132.59	Feldsp.-biotite	The rock consists of 5-10% feldspar and 5-10%									
		dacite(?)	chloritizied biotite phenocrysts set in aphanitic									
			groundmass. Moderate sericitization.									
132.59	197.20	Andesite	Andesite to andesite lapill-tuff. Strong sericite-									
			chlorite alteration. The rock contains 1 to 10%									
			carbonate-epidote+/-chlorite veins and replaceme-									
			nts. Veins have variable attitude to c/a. Localy									
			weak silicification in the upper part of the interval.									
148.44	148.54		10 cm long section of the core containing 5 cm wide	111	148.44	148.5	0.10	<0.03	<3			
			carbonate-epidote vein @ 90° to c/a, minor pyrite.									
157.58	159.41		The interval contains a few 2-5 mm wide carbo-	112	157.58	159.41	1.83	<0.03	<3			
			nate-sphalerite veinlets. In a few spots trace to									
			minor pyrite and chalcopyrite was noted.									
166.42	167.03		Interval in 70-80% replaced by carbonate and	113	166.42	167.03	0.61	<0.03	<3			
			epidote, trace chalcopyrite.									

DDH:	RCE10-2												
Interval		Rock type	Rock description - alteration, mineralization,	Sample interval (m)						Assay		
From	To		structure	Sample	From	To	Width	Au(g/t)	Ag(g/t)			
163.37	166.11		The interval contains several fragments of plutonic									
			rocks up to 4 cm across.									
168.95	169.77		Section of the core with 20-25% carbonate and	114	168.95	169.77	0.82	<0.03	<3			
			epidote. Trace sphalerite and chalcopyrite.									
175.87	176.78		Interval with 30-40% carbonate-epidote replacement									
			197.20m EOH									

DDH:	RCE10-3		Total depth: 133.20m Core size: NQ	Logged by:	A. Walus								
Azimuth: 70°			Start: October 15, 2010	Easting:		443950			Northing:		6219853		
Inclination: 60°			Completion: October 16, 2010	Elevation:									
Interval (m)		Rock type	Rock description - alteration, mineralization,	Sample interval (m)						Assay			
From	To		texture	Sample	From	To	Width	Au(g/t)	Ag(g/t)				
0.00	3.05	Overburden											
3.05	133.20	Andesite	Green to reddish andesite epiclastics. Strong										
		epiclastics	sericite-chlorite alteration. The rock contains 1 to										
			10% carbonate+/-quartz+/-chlorite+/-epidote veins										
			and replacements. Veins have variable attitude to										
			c/a.										
7.92	8.35		Strong shearing @ 45 to 60° to c/a, 10-15% quartz-	115	7.92	8.35	0.43	<0.03	<3				
			ankerite replacement.										
26.52	40.23	Fracture/fault	Badly broken core to rock chips.										
		Zone											
37.18	37.49		Interval with 10-15% epidote-carbonate veinlets and	116	37.18	37.49	0.31	<0.03	<3				
			replacements.										
63.09	64.77		Section of the core with 5-10% carbonate-epidote	117	63.09	64.77	1.68						
			veinlets.										
67.97	68.43		Interval with 10-15% epidote-carbonate replacement	118	67.97	68.43	0.46	<0.03	<3				
			Also some green-black chlorite, minor pyrite.										
82.60	82.75		Fault - rock chips and fault gouge.										
87.48	88.39		Quartz-chlorite vein with minor pyrite.	119	87.48	88.39	0.91	<0.03	<3				
96.47	96.71		Interval with a few quartz-chlorite veinlets @ 30° to	120	96.47	96.71	0.24	<0.03	<3				
			c/a. Minor pyrite.										
95.4	100.58		Several inclusions of plutonic rocks up to 4 cm										
			across.										
105.52	105.76		15 cm wide quartz-axinite(?)-epidote vein @ 25° to	121	105.52	105.76	0.24	<0.03	<3				
			c/a.										
125.58	128.01		15 cm wide quartz-axinite(?)-epidote vein @ 25° to										
			c/a.										

DDH:	RCE10-3											
Interval		Rock type	Rock description - alteration, mineralization,	Sample interval (m)						Assay		
From	To		structure	Sample	From	To	Width	Au(g/t)	Ag(g/t)			
127.77	128.02		Weakly silicified andesite with 1 cm wide quartz	122	127.77	128.02	0.25	<0.03	<3			
			vein @ 0° to c/a.									
			133.20m EOH									

DDH:	RCE10-4		Total depth: 142.34m Core size: NQ	Logged by: A. Walus									
Azimuth: 250°			Start: October 16, 2010	Easting:		443950			Northing:		6219853		
Inclination: 45°			Completion: October 17, 2010	Elevation:									
Interval (m)		Rock type	Rock description - alteration, mineralization,	Sample interval (m)							Assay		
From	To		texture	Sample	From	To	Width	Au(g/t)	Ag(g/t)				
0.00	3.05	Overburden											
3.05	142.34	Andesite	Green to reddish andesite epiclastics. Strong										
		epiclastics	sericite-chlorite alteration. The rock contains 1 to										
			5% small, discontinuous carbonate veinlets @										
			variable attitude to c/a.										
28.35	28.80	Fault	Very badly broken core and fault gouge										
			142.34m EOH										

DDH: RCE10-5	Total depth: 32.61m Core size: NQ	Logged by: A. Walus	
Azimuth: 70°	Start: October 17, 2010	Easting: 444561	Northing: 6219164
Inclination: 55°	Completion: October 17, 2010	Elevation:	

Interval (m)		Rock type	Rock description - alteration, mineralization, texture	Sample interval (m)				Assay				
From	To			Sample	From	To	Width	Au(g/t)	Ag(g/t)			
0.00	32.61	Overburden										
			32.61m EOH									
			The hole did not reach the bedrock.									

DDH:	RCE10-6		Total depth: 124.05m Core size: NQ	Logged by: A. Walus								
Azimuth: 70°			Start: October 17, 2010	Easting:		444571			Northing:		6219164	
Inclination: 55°			Completion: October 18, 2010	Elevation:								
Interval (m)		Rock type	Rock description - alteration, mineralization,	Sample interval (m)						Assay		
From	To		texture	Sample	From	To	Width	Au(g/t)	Ag(g/t)			
0.00	27.74	Overburden										
27.74	42.67	Andesite volcanics	Moderate to complete silicification. Quartz veins and replacements from 5 to 100%. Veins attitude are mostly from 40 to 70° to c/a. Trace to 5% pyrite often accompanied by black chlorite.									
27.74	28.50		Weakly silicified black mudstone with 30-40% carbonate veining.									
30.39	31.15		Strong silicification, 20-30% quartz veins and replacements, 3-5% pyrite.	123	30.39	31.15	0.76	<0.03	<3			
35.26	35.66		Completely silicified interval with minor pyrite.	124	35.26	35.66	0.40	<0.03	<3			
42.67		Andesite volcanics	Strong chloritization, in many places weak to strong silicification, 2-10% quartz-carbonate veins and replacements. Quartz is white to gray, transclu-scent. Veins attitude is mostly between 40 and 70° to c/a. Trace to 10% pyrite often accompanied by black chlorite.									
57.36	57.82		Interval with 30-40% quartz-carbonate veins and replacements. Veins are oriented @ 45 to c/a. 2-3% pyrite, minor chalcopyrite.	125	57.36	57.82	0.46	<0.03	<3			
59.43	60.03		15-20% quartz-carbonate veins mostly @ 45° to c/a. Pyrite content 2-3% accompanied by black chlorite.	126	59.43	60.03	0.60	<0.03	<3			
63.00	63.58		Interval with 20-25% irregular quartz-carbonate veinlets at variable attitude to c/a. Pyrite 3-5% accompanied by black chlorite.	127	63.00	63.58	0.58	<0.03	<3			
73.45	74.22		Weakly silicified andesite with 2-3% pyrite accompa-nied by black chlorite. At 73.94m there is a 3-4cm wide vein of massive pyrite @ 65° to c/a.	128	73.45	74.22	0.77	<0.03	<3			

DDH:	RCE10-6											
Interval		Rock type	Rock description - alteration, mineralization,	Sample interval (m)						Assay		
From	To		structure	Sample	From	To	Width	Au(g/t)	Ag(g/t)			
73.97	74.22		60-70% quartz replacement.									
83.51	84.43		Strong silicification, 15-20% quartz veins and replacements, 1-2% pyrite.	129	83.51	84.43	0.92	<0.03	<3			
93.12	99.52		Very strong silicification and K-feldspar (?) alteration Trace to 3% pyrite and 10-20% quartz-carbonate veining. At 98.91m minor chalcopyrite.									
93.76	94.79		2-3% pyrite	130	93.76	94.79	1.03	<0.03	<3			
94.79	95.86	Fault	Very badly broken core to rock chips.									
98.24	99.67		5-7% pyrite, minor chalcopyrite.	131	98.24	99.67	1.43	<0.03	<3			
107.29	108.00		Locally patches of K-feldspar (?) alteration									
109.58	109.73		Interval with 7-10% pyrite accompanied by black chlorite.	132	109.58	109.73	0.15	<0.03	<3			
122.99	124.05		Interval with 5-7% pyrite accompanied by black chlorite.	133	122.99	124.05	1.06	<0.03	<3			
			124.05m EOH									

DDH:	RCE10-7		Total depth: 133.20m Core size: NQ	Logged by: A. Walus									
Azimuth: 70°			Start: October 18, 2010	Easting:		444591			Northing:		6219195		
Inclination: 55°			Completion: October 19, 2010	Elevation:									
Interval (m)		Rock type	Rock description - alteration, mineralization,	Sample interval (m)							Assay		
From	To		texture	Sample	From	To	Width	Au(g/t)	Ag(g/t)				
0.00	15.24	Overburden											
15.24	29.26	Andesite	V. strong silicification and possibly also K-feldspar?	134	21.49	21.95	0.46	<0.03	<3				
		volcanics ?	alteration. Trace to minor pyrite, 3-5% quartz-										
			carbonate veinlets.										
18.90	18.93		Fault - fault gouge										
26.21	26.73	Fault(?)	Very badly broken core to rock chips.										
29.26	133.20	Andesite	Strong chloritization. In many places weak to mode-										
		volcanics	rate silicification, 2-10% quartz-carbonate veins										
			showing variable attitude to c/a. Quartz is white										
			to gray-semitranslucent. Trace to 10% of fine to										
			coarse grained pyrite often accompanied by black										
			chlorite. Pyrite occurs as disseminated grains,										
			small patches, streaks and veinlets up to 1 cm wide.										
29.26	29.87		Brecciated rock cemented by 15-20% of quartz, <1%	135	29.26	29.87	0.61	<0.03	<3				
			pyrite, some black chlorite.										
36.88	37.12		Weakly brecciated interval with 15-20% quartz	138	38.40	39.92	1.52	<0.03	<3				
			lesser carbonate irregular veining with 1% pyrite										
			and trace chalcopyrite.										
38.40	39.92	Fault	Badly broken core to rock chips, in a few places										
			fault gouge.										
45.72	46.24		Section of the core with 3-5% pyrite accompanied by										
			black chlorite. Some quartz-carbonate veining	136	45.72	46.24	0.52	<0.03	<3				
			mostly @ 70-80° to c/a.										
50.60	50.90		The rock contains 5-10% carbonate-quartz veinlets	137	50.6	50.9	0.30	<0.03	<3				
			healing fractures in crackle breccia, 2-3% pyrite with										
			accompanying black chlorite, weak silicification.										

DDH:	RCE10-7											
Interval		Rock type	Rock description - alteration, mineralization,	Sample interval (m)						Assay		
From	To		structure	Sample	From	To	Width	Au(g/t)	Ag(g/t)			
63.09	64.31		Interval with 10-15% medium to coarse grained	136A	63.09	64.31	1.22	<0.03	<3			
			pyrite accompanied by black chlorite and some									
			epidote.									
72.33	73.55		3-5% pyrite accompanied by black chlorite, no	139	72.33	73.55	1.22	<0.03	<3			
			silicification, 1-2% quartz-carbonate veining.									
73.55	73.56		Fault @ 80° to c/a, fault gouge.									
82.6	87.32		Very strongly silicified interval. The rock is strongly									
			fractured to brecciated with carbonate filling open									
			spaces. Carbonate content varies from 15 to 35%.									
			Trace pyrite.									
82.90	83.15		General description as above. The interval contains	140	82.90	83.15	0.25	<0.03	<3			
			pyrite steak 5 cm long and 3-5 mm wide.									
86.11	86.16		Fault - small rock chips and gouge.									
86.56	86.61		Fault - small rock chips and gouge.									
87.17	87.19		Fault - small rock chips and gouge.									
91.29	92.66		The interval contains a few quartz-epidote-pyrite and	141	91.29	92.66	1.37	<0.03	<3			
			pyrite veinlets 2-8 mm wide @ variable attitude to c/a									
			Also 2-3% medium grained pyrite and significant									
			amount of black chlorite. Locally weak silicification.									
95.40	95.70		3-5% epidote-pyrite replacements.									
96.47	96.62		10-15% epidote-pyrite replacements.									
99.82	99.85		1.0-1.5 cm wide quartz-pyrite-epidote vein @ 45° to									
			c/a.									
103.63	103.65		1-2 cm wide quartz-epidote-pyrite vein @ 70° to c/a.									

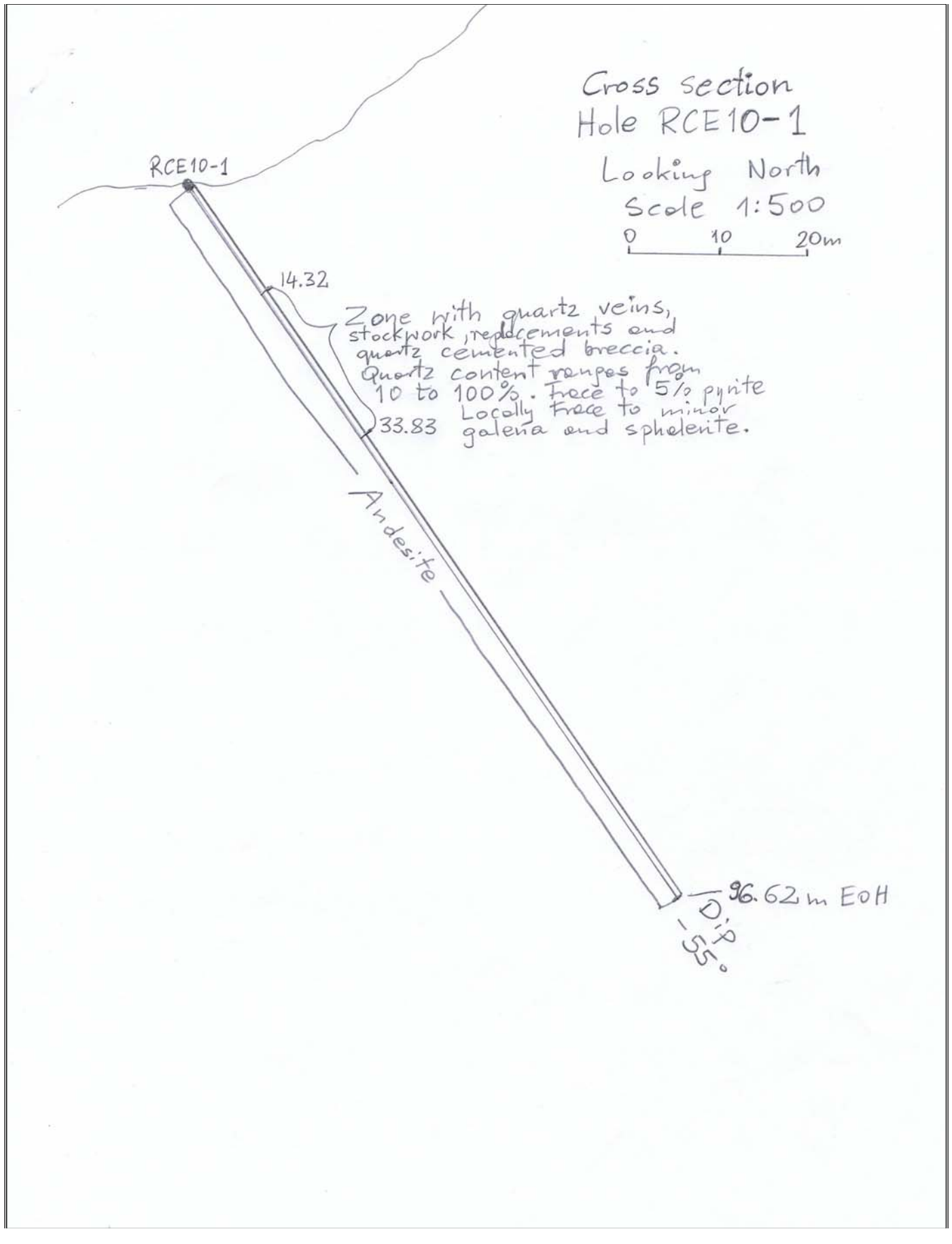
DDH:	RCE10-7											
Interval		Rock type	Rock description - alteration, mineralization,	Sample interval (m)						Assay		
From	To		structure	Sample	From	To	Width	Au(g/t)	Ag(g/t)			
114.54	115.52		Moderately silicified interval with 2-3% pyrite forming patches and streaks. Pyrite is accompanied by black chlorite and lesser epidote. Lower contact of the zone is sharp @ 45° to c/a.	142	114.54	115.52	0.98	<0.03	<3			
119.79	121.00		Weak to moderate silicification, 2-3% quartz-carb. veining, 2-3% fine to medium grained pyrite accompanied by black chlorite and epidote.	143	119.79	121.00	1.21	<0.03	<3			
132.28	132.4		Fault @ 30° to c/a.									
			133.20 m EOH									

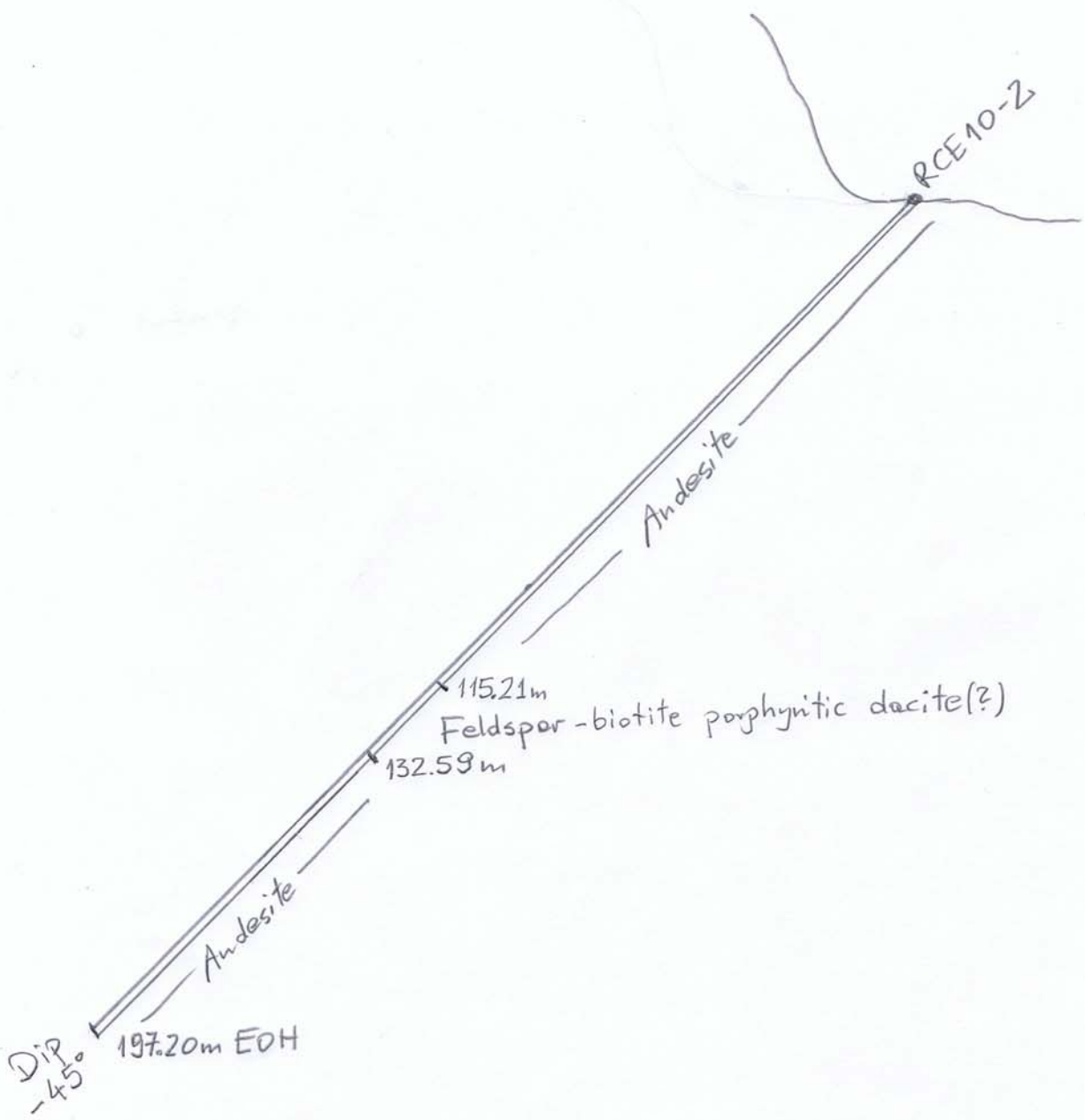
DDH: RCE10-8			Total depth: 169.77m Core size: NQ	Logged by: A. Walus								
Azimuth: 70°			Start: October 19, 2010	Easting: 444591					Northing: 6219195			
Inclination: 70°			Completion: October 20, 2010	Elevation:								
Interval (m)		Rock type	Rock description - alteration, mineralization,	Sample interval (m)				Assay				
From	To		texture	Sample	From	To	Width	Au(g/t)	Ag(g/t)			
0.00	18.29	Overburden										
18.29	44.50	Andesite	Very strongly silicified rock, 2-5% quartz-carbonate									
		volcanics	veinlets and replacements. Veinlets have variable									
			attitude to c/a. Quartz is white to gray-semitranslu-									
			cent. Trace to 1% fine grained pyrite.									
18.29	18.90		K-feldspar alteration (?)									
25.90	26.52		Same general description, minor pyrite, trace galena	144	25.90	26.52	0.62	<0.03	<3			
44.50	148.44	Andesite	Strong chloritization. In many places weak to mode-									
		volcanics	rate silicification, 2-5% quartz-carbonate veinlets									
			mostly @ 30° to 60° to c/a. Quartz is white to									
			gray, semitranslucent. Trace to 5% fine to coarse									
			grained pyrite often accompanied by black chlorite.									
			Pyrite occurs as disseminated grains, small									
			patches, streaks and veinlets up to 0.5 cm wide.									
62.48	63.24		Interval with 3-5% medium to coarse grained pyrite	145	62.48	63.24	0.76	<0.03	<3			
			accompanied by black chlorite. No silicification.									
77.27	78.18		Same as above.	146	77.27	78.18	0.91	<0.03	<3			
80.77	80.89		Quartz-chlorite vein 5 cm wide @ 30° to c/a.									
113.38	113.93		Zone with 7-10% coarse grained pyrite accompanied	147	113.38	113.93	0.55	<0.03	<3			
			by black chlorite. There is also 5-10% quartz as									
			veinlets and replacements. Upper contact is @ 45°									
			to c/a. Lower contact is along a small fault (<1 cm									
			wide) @ 30° to c/a.									
114.91	169.77		Sporadically small amounts of epidote as veinlets									
			and small patches.									

DDH: RCE10-8													
Interval		Rock type	Rock description - alteration, mineralization,	Sample interval (m)				Assay				
From	To		structure	Sample	From	To	Width	Au(g/t)	Ag(g/t)			
122.53	123.44		Several pyrite-epidote-quartz-carbonate veinlets 0.2	148	122.53	123.44	0.91	<0.03	<3			
			to 1.0 cm wide. Attitudes range from 45 to 60° to c/a.									
			No silicification.									
126.95	127.10		Interval with 1 cm wide pyrite-quartz vein @ 45° to c/a	149	126.95	127.10	0.15	<0.03	<3			
			Pyrite is medium to coarse grained.									
150.88	151.55	Fault	Very badly broken core and fault gouge.									
148.44	169.77	Andesite	Strong chloritization, sporadically weak silicification									
		volcanics	2-5% carbonate lesser epidote and quartz veinlets									
			and replacements. Veinlets show variable attitude									
			to c/a. Trace to 5% pyrite accompanied by black									
			chlorite.									
156.67	157.95		Mineralized zone with 7-10% medium to coarse	150	156.67	157.95	1.28	<0.03	<3			
			grained pyrite accompanied by black chlorite.									
			Both contacts of the zone are sharp. The contacts									
			and shearing are @ 45° to c/a.									
160.93	161.23		Interval with 0.5-1.0 cm wide epidote-carbonate-	151	160.93	161.23	0.30	<0.03	<3			
			pyrite vein @ 0-10° to c/a.									
			169.77m EOH									

APPENDIX II

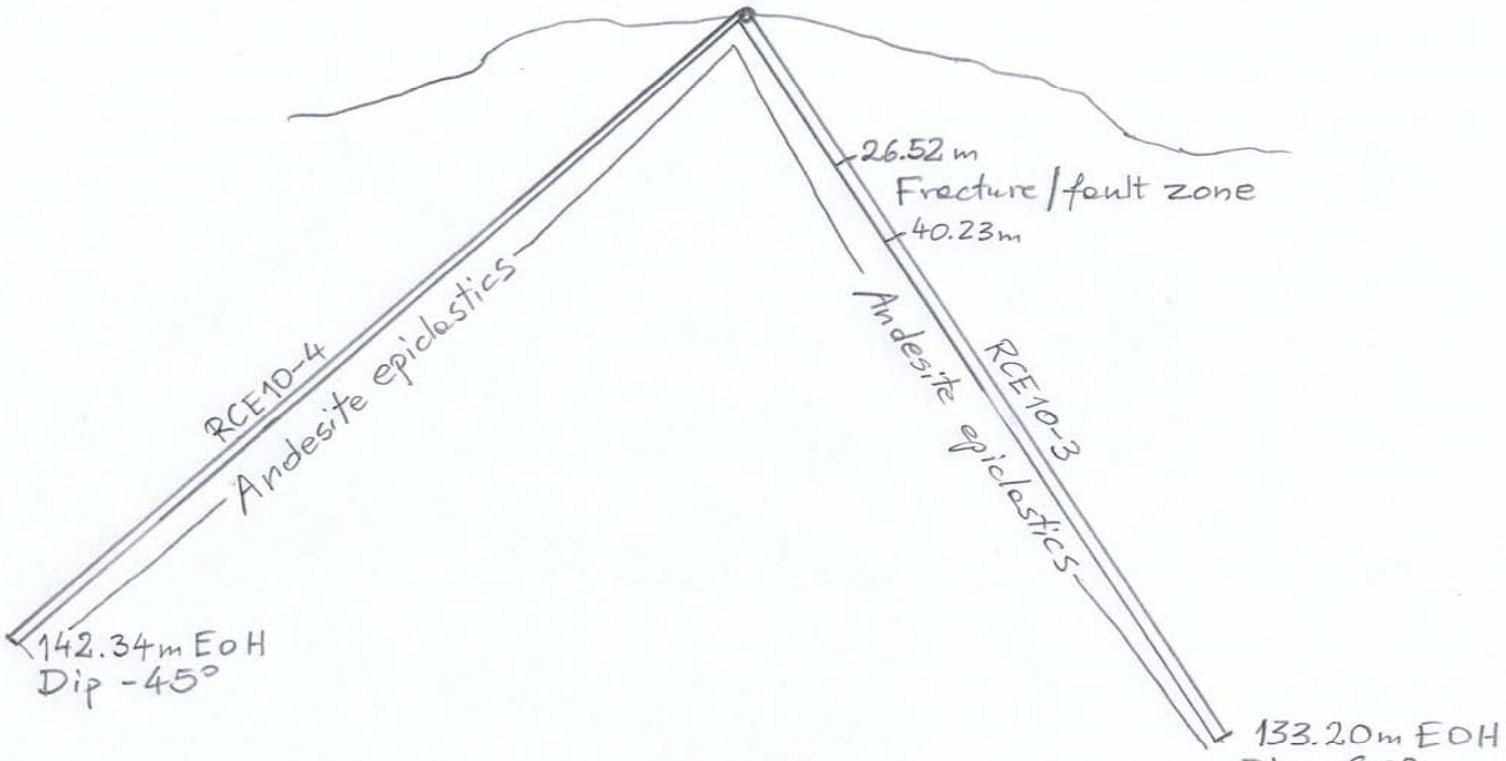
DRILLHOLES CROSS SECTIONS


Cross section
Hole RCE10-1
Looking North
Scale 1:500
0 10 20m
RCE10-1
14.32
Zone with quartz veins, stockwork, replacements and quartz cemented breccia. Quartz content ranges from 10 to 100%. Trace to 5% pyrite Locally trace to minor galena and sphalerite.
33.83
Andesite
96.62 m EoH
Dip -55°



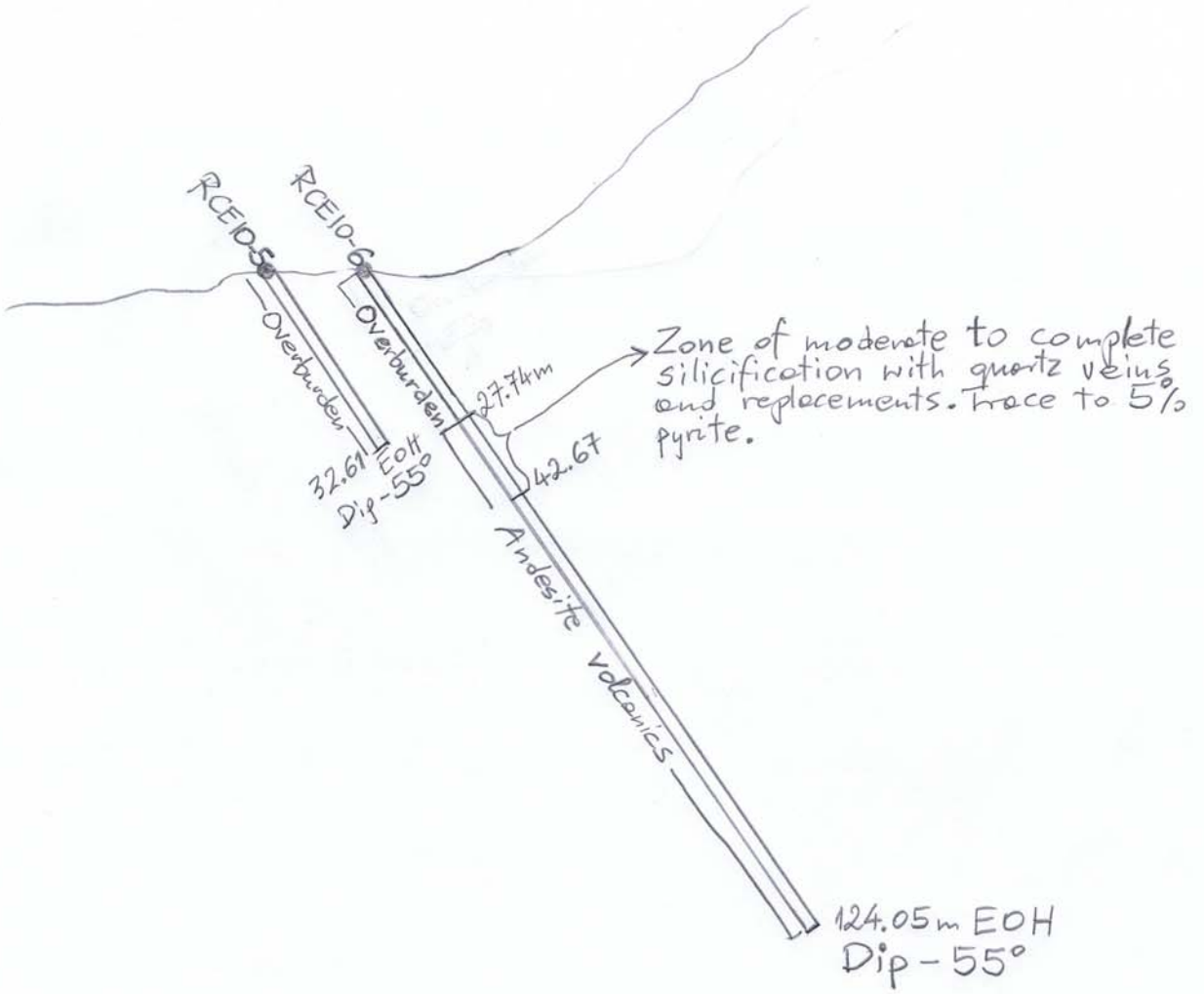
Cross section
Hole RCE 10-2
Looking North
Scale 1:1000

0 10 20 30m



Cross section
Holes RCE10-3 and 4
Looking North
Scale 1:1000

0 10 20 30 40 50m



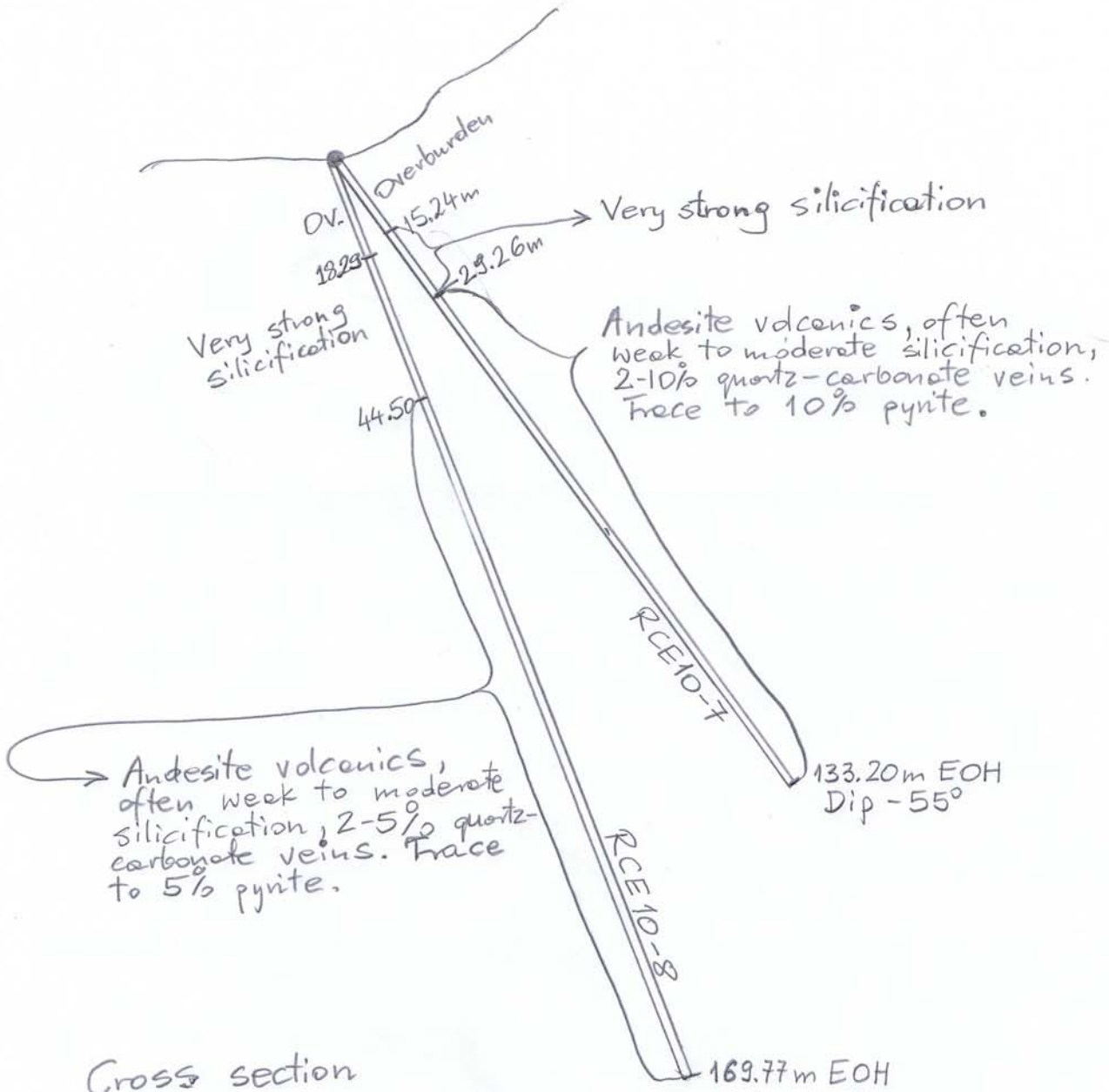
Cross section

Holes RCE10-5 and 6

Looking North

Scale 1:1000

0 10 20 30 40m



Cross section
Holes RCE10-7 and 8
Looking North
Scale 1:1000

0 10 20 30 40m

APPENDIX III

ASSAY CERTIFICATES

Quality Analysis ... **Actlabs** *Innovative Technologies*

Date Submitted: 14-Oct-10
Invoice No.: A10-7128
Invoice Date: 22-Oct-10
Your Reference:

Nanika Resources
725-625 Howe Street
Vancouver B.C. V6C2T5

ATTN: James Jacuta

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

8 Rock samples were submitted for analysis.

The following analytical packages were requested: Code 1A2-Tbay Au - Fire Assay AA
Code 1E3-Tbay Aqua Regia ICP(AQUAGEO)

REPORT **A10-7128**

Notes:
Values which exceed the upper limit should be assayed for accurate numbers.
If value exceeds upper limit we recommend reassay by fire assay gravimetric-Code 1A3

CERTIFIED BY :

Emmanuel Eseme , Ph.D.
Quality Control

ISO/IEC 17025
SCC Accredited
LAB 266
LAB 266
Accrédité CCN

ACTIVATION LABORATORIES LTD.

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E-MAIL Ancaster@actlabs.com ACTLABS GROUP WEBSITE www.actlabs.com

Activation Laboratories Ltd. Report: A10-7128

Analyte Symbol	Au	Ag	Cd	Cu	Mn	Mo	Ni	Pb	Zn	Al	As	B	Ba	Be	Bi	Ca	Co	Cr	Fe	Ga	Hg	K	La	Mg
Unit Symbol	ppb	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	%
Detection Limit	5	0.2	0.5	1	5	1	1	2	2	0.01	2	10	10	0.5	2	0.01	1	1	0.01	10	1	0.01	10	0.01
Analysis Method	FA-AA	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP
101	< 5	< 0.2	< 0.5	2	401	1	2	12	47	0.20	4	< 10	1030	< 0.5	< 2	2.70	2	19	1.09	< 10	< 1	0.02	< 10	0.56
102	< 5	< 0.2	3.4	86	323	< 1	< 1	49	355	0.98	4	< 10	56	< 0.5	< 2	1.62	4	12	1.60	< 10	< 1	0.05	< 10	1.04
103	< 5	< 0.2	< 0.5	8	229	< 1	< 1	3	25	0.49	2	< 10	46	< 0.5	< 2	3.82	3	27	0.86	< 10	< 1	0.05	< 10	0.42
104	7	0.4	0.7	393	717	< 1	9	3	53	2.03	5	< 10	62	< 0.5	< 2	3.84	22	19	5.32	< 10	< 1	0.07	< 10	2.50
105	6	0.2	0.5	143	556	< 1	10	4	41	1.68	10	< 10	53	< 0.5	< 2	2.59	21	21	5.15	< 10	< 1	0.06	< 10	1.95
106	5	< 0.2	< 0.5	7	366	< 1	< 1	< 2	34	1.20	< 2	< 10	39	< 0.5	< 2	3.23	5	10	1.82	< 10	< 1	0.06	< 10	1.36
107	12	1.0	1.4	211	785	25	6	15	161	1.85	14	< 10	38	< 0.5	< 2	2.52	42	17	7.18	10	< 1	0.08	< 10	2.74
108	7	0.3	0.5	74	424	18	1	5	35	1.24	17	< 10	41	< 0.5	3	2.29	17	9	3.74	< 10	< 1	0.06	12	1.40

Quality Analysis ... **Actlabs** *Innovative Technologies*

Date Submitted: 23-Oct-10
Invoice No.: A10-7491
Invoice Date: 02-Nov-10
Your Reference:

Nanika Resources
725-625 Howe Street
Vancouver B.C. V6C2T5

ATTN: James Jacuta

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

4 Rock samples were submitted for analysis.

The following analytical package was requested: Code 1A3-Ag Au, Ag-Fire Assay Gravimetric

REPORT **A10-7491**

Notes:

CERTIFIED BY :

Emmanuel Eseme , Ph.D.
Quality Control

ISO/IEC 17025
SCC Accredited
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LAB 266
Accrédité CCN

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E-MAIL Ancaster@actlabs.com ACTLABS GROUP WEBSITE www.actlabs.com

Analyte Symbol	Au	Ag
Unit Symbol	g/tonne	g/tonne
Detection Limit	0.03	3
Analysis Method	FA-GRA	FA-GRA
136A	< 0.03	< 3
147	< 0.03	< 3
141	< 0.03	< 3
150	< 0.03	< 3

Quality Analysis ... **Actlabs** *Innovative Technologies*

Date Submitted: 22-Oct-10
Invoice No.: A10-7492
Invoice Date: 05-Nov-10
Your Reference:

Nanika Resources
725-625 Howe Street
Vancouver B.C. V6C2T5

ATTN: James Jacuta

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

40 Rock samples were submitted for analysis.

The following analytical package was requested: Code 1A3-Ag Au, Ag-Fire Assay Gravimetric

REPORT **A10-7492**

Notes:

CERTIFIED BY :

Emmanuel Eseme , Ph.D.
Quality Control

ISO/IEC 17025
SCC Accredited
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E-MAIL Ancaster@actlabs.com ACTLABS GROUP WEBSITE www.actlabs.com

Analyte Symbol	Au	Ag
Unit Symbol	g/tonne	g/tonne
Detection Limit	0.03	3
Analysis Method	FA-GRA	FA-GRA
109	< 0.03	< 3
110	< 0.03	< 3
111	< 0.03	< 3
112	< 0.03	< 3
113	< 0.03	< 3
114	< 0.03	< 3
115	< 0.03	< 3
116	< 0.03	< 3
117	< 0.03	< 3
118	< 0.03	< 3
119	< 0.03	< 3
120	< 0.03	< 3
121	< 0.03	< 3
122	< 0.03	< 3
123	< 0.03	< 3
124	< 0.03	< 3
125	< 0.03	< 3
126	< 0.03	< 3
127	< 0.03	< 3
128	< 0.03	< 3
129	< 0.03	< 3
130	< 0.03	< 3
131	< 0.03	< 3
132	< 0.03	< 3
133	< 0.03	< 3
134	< 0.03	< 3
135	< 0.03	< 3
136	< 0.03	< 3
137	< 0.03	< 3
138	< 0.03	< 3
139	< 0.03	< 3
140	< 0.03	< 3
142	< 0.03	< 3
143	< 0.03	< 3
144	< 0.03	< 3
145	< 0.03	< 3
146	< 0.03	< 3
148	< 0.03	< 3
149	< 0.03	< 3
151	< 0.03	< 3

Quality Analysis ... **Actlabs** *Innovative Technologies*

Date Submitted: 12-Oct-10
Invoice No.: A10-6939
Invoice Date: 27-Oct-10
Your Reference:

Nanika Resources
725-625 Howe Street.
Vancouver B.C. V6C2T6
Canada

ATTN: Alex Walus

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

11 Rock samples were submitted for analysis.

The following analytical packages were requested: Code 1A2-Tbay Au - Fire Assay AA
Code 1E3-Tbay Aqua Regia ICP(AQUAGEO)

REPORT **A10-6939**

Notes:
Values which exceed the upper limit should be assayed for accurate numbers.
If value exceeds upper limit we recommend reassay by fire assay gravimetric-Code 1A3

CERTIFIED BY :

Emmanuel Eseme , Ph.D.
Quality Control

ISO/IEC 17025
SCC Accredited
LAB 266
LAB 266
Accrédité CCN

ACTIVATION LABORATORIES LTD.

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E-MAIL Ancaster@actlabs.com ACTLABS GROUP WEBSITE www.actlabs.com

Activation Laboratories Ltd. Report: A10-6939

Analyte Symbol	Au	Ag	Cd	Cu	Mn	Mo	Ni	Pb	Zn	Al	As	B	Ba	Be	Bi	Ca	Co	Cr	Fe	Ga	Hg	K	La	Mg
Unit Symbol	ppb	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	%
Detection Limit	5	0.2	0.5	1	5	1	1	2	2	0.01	2	10	10	0.5	2	0.01	1	1	0.01	10	1	0.01	10	0.01
Analysis Method	FA-AA	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP	AR-ICP
RCE-1	< 5	< 0.2	< 0.5	69	1450	< 1	14	3	166	2.69	< 2	< 10	307	< 0.5	< 2	0.50	29	26	5.54	< 10	< 1	0.03	< 10	2.30
RCE-2	< 5	< 0.2	< 0.5	4	333	< 1	2	10	67	1.18	< 2	< 10	145	< 0.5	< 2	0.22	4	23	1.91	< 10	< 1	0.19	20	0.70
RCE-3	< 5	0.2	0.6	9	381	1	2	55	98	0.99	106	< 10	86	< 0.5	< 2	0.47	4	9	2.31	< 10	1	0.31	18	0.30
RCE-4	25	5.8	0.7	1010	2540	< 1	7	8	144	3.17	< 2	18	351	< 0.5	< 2	4.03	23	7	5.33	< 10	< 1	0.45	< 10	1.80
RCE-5	< 5	0.3	< 0.5	13	356	23	1	28	33	1.81	128	13	12	0.7	< 2	0.96	11	4	3.85	< 10	< 1	0.95	13	0.31
RCE-6	< 5	< 0.2	< 0.5	9	236	2	1	14	45	0.84	12	< 10	157	< 0.5	< 2	0.10	6	6	2.90	< 10	< 1	0.28	12	0.23
RCE-7	< 5	< 0.2	< 0.5	2	47	< 1	1	2	9	0.18	< 2	< 10	60	< 0.5	< 2	0.02	< 1	17	0.45	< 10	< 1	0.05	< 10	0.02
RCE-8	< 5	< 0.2	< 0.5	< 1	1360	< 1	7	5	213	1.91	5	< 10	2030	< 0.5	< 2	0.15	25	17	3.45	< 10	< 1	0.20	< 10	2.35
RCE-9	< 5	< 0.2	1.1	20	1220	< 1	4	12	146	1.37	2	22	116	0.6	< 2	0.35	8	15	2.73	< 10	< 1	0.14	< 10	0.88
RCE-10	< 5	< 0.2	< 0.5	13	880	< 1	2	< 2	75	0.90	< 2	< 10	154	< 0.5	< 2	1.65	5	16	2.11	< 10	< 1	0.19	14	0.57
RCE-11	< 5	< 0.2	< 0.5	3	473	< 1	3	< 2	108	0.92	< 2	< 10	59	< 0.5	< 2	0.03	7	20	2.30	< 10	< 1	0.10	< 10	0.69