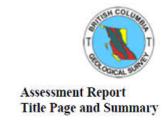


Ministry of Energy, Mines & Petroleum Resources Mining & Minerals Division BC Geological Survey



TYPE OF REPORT [type of survey(s)]: Rock Sampling	TOTAL COST: 5067.80				
аитнок(s): Hemingway, A Brent B.Sc Geologist	s): _ Ala Brest Sky -				
NOTICE OF WORK PERMIT NUMBER(S)/DATE(S):		YEAR OF WORK: 2015			
STATEMENT OF WORK - CASH PAYMENTS EVENT NUMBER(S)/DATE(S):	5573500				
PROPERTY NAME: MaryMac					
CLAIM NAME(S) (on which the work was done): Williams and un-name	d MTO #s 507146 a	ind 507082			
COMMODITIES SOUGHT: antimony, gold, all					
MINERAL INVENTORY MINFILE NUMBER(S), IF KNOWN: 092JNE067 ar	nd 092JNE096				
MINING DIVISION: Lilloett	NTS/BCGS: 092J	/15E			
LATITUDE: 50 ° 51 '19 " LONGITUDE: 122	° 41 '42	" (at centre of work)			
owner(s): 1) Hemingway A B	2)				
MAILING ADDRESS: 50-1640-162nd Street Surrey BC V4A 6Y9					
OPERATOR(S) [who paid for the work]:	8 (
1) Zimtu Capital Corporation	2)				
MAILING ADDRESS: Suite 1450-789 West Pender Street Vancouver BC V6C 6Y9					
PROPERTY GEOLOGY KEYWORDS (lithology, age, stratigraphy, structure, Adit, ultramafic, skarn, Bridge River Gabbro, feldspar porphyry,					
strike of Paly vein is 135 degrees 85 degrees south, mesotherm	al quartz vein				
9					
REFERENCES TO PREVIOUS ASSESSMENT WORK AND ASSESSMENT R	EPORT NUMBERS: 086	47, 09746,11647, 15557, 16378, 26338,			
31087, 33717, 35348					

TYPE OF WORK IN THIS REPORT	EXTENT OF WORK (IN METRIC UNITS)	ON WHICH CLAIMS	PROJECT COSTS APPORTIONED (incl. support)
GEOLOGICAL (scale, area)			
Ground, mapping 1:200		507082	
Photo interpretation			
GEOPHYSICAL (line-kilometres)			
Ground			
Magnetic			
Electromagnetic			
Induced Polarization			-
Radiometric	;		
Selsmic			
Other			
Airborne			
GEOCHEMICAL (number of samples analysed for)			
Gilt			
Rock 3 Rock samples			
Other			
DRILLING (total metres; number of holes, size)			
Non-core			
RELATED TECHNICAL Sampling/assaying			19
Petrographic			
Mineralographic			
Metallurgic			
DDOSDECTING (apple area)			
PREPARATORY / PHYSICAL			
Line/grid (kilometres)			
Topographic/Photogrammetric (scale, area)			
Legal surveys (scale, area)			
Trench (metres)			
Underground dev. (metres)			
044			-
3		TOTAL COST:	5067.80

BC Geological Survey Assessment Report 36060

NTS: 092J/15E Lat: 50° 51′19″ N Long: 122° 41′42″ W

UTM: 10: 5633900 N 521575 E

ROCK SAMPLING
GEOCHEMICAL REPORT
On the
MARYMAC EAST ZONE

MaryMac Property
Truax Creek, Goldbridge B.C.

Lillooet Mining Division

Mineral Tenure Numbers

507082, 507146

Event Number

5573500

Owner and Mineral Title Holder:

Alan Brent Hemingway #50-1640-162nd Street,

Surrey, B.C. V4A 6Y9

For:

Zimtu Capital Corporation Suite 1450-789 West Pender Street Vancouver, BC V6C 1H2

By:

Alan Brent Hemingway B.Sc. FGAC Geologist

April 21, 2016

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Summary

The MaryMac Property is located on the northern portion of Truax Creek just immediately south of Carpenter Lake BC at approximately 240 km distant from Vancouver. Access from Vancouver BC is via Highway 99 to the village of Pemberton, thence west on the well paved Lillooet Valley road to the Hurley River forest service road that connects to the hamlet of Goldbridge BC. Goldbridge is 20 road kilometres to the west of the property offering accommodations, ambulatory care, road excavating equipment, and limited supply services. The MaryMac Property consists of 2 mineral tenures encompassing an area of ≈550ha.

The Truax Creek lies within a typical U-shaped valley representative of an Alpine glaciated Trough where the lower elevations are of gentle slopes transforming parabolically into precipitous hillsides and cliffs. Soil development in the valley bottom consists primarily of thick successions of lodgement and glacial till and are cut in a few places by basal melt wash channels; in some but not all areas recent episodes of landslides cover the foregoing: a Rhyolitic ash covered the area 2350 years BP and acts as a good marker horizon for determining whether the soil horizon is of landslide or glacial origin, therefore recognition of the type of transport mechanism in soil formation is of utmost importance in this survey.

The Property is centrally located in the Bridge River Mining District which has had a long history of gold mining. The District, with all its countless former gold mines, is considered the largest historical lode gold producer in the Canadian Cordillera, totalling more than 4.1 million ounces of gold produced from 1897 to 1971. The Property contains three known mineral occurrences all of which occur in Permian-Triassic Oceanic Cherts: the MaryMac Main former antimony producer, the North Showing, and the MaryMac South Prospect. The Property has had a long history of exploration and a short duration as an Antimony producer in the early 1970s. The primary target of past exploration programmes were the gold quartz veins situated either at the contacts of felsic porphyry dykes or within the echelon-type shear zones that traverse the valley in the vicinity of the MaryMac Main.

The current work consisted of the collection of four rock samples taken from the area surrounding the MaryMac Main Zone, locating the old Paly Vein adit or North Zone adit and the old the bridge. The main intent of the current survey was to verify the Antimony content of the ore that fed the old mill but as well to assay the ore for rare earth metals. The current survey also produced an interesting new target at the end of the east road; an area where a new logging road extension provided access

This report is part of an ongoing "work in progress programme" of which the most recent results are encouraging enough to warrant further work.

Introduction and Terms of Reference

This report outlines the history of exploration, geology, new work conducted, and recommendations for future work on the MaryMac Property (Property) located at Truax Creek, Lillooet Mining Division of British Columbia. The current programme is a "work in progress" project. The author of this report is also the owner of the MaryMac Claim group. The current programme was in part financed by Zimtu Capital Corporation of Vancouver, BC. The basis of this report relies upon a compilation of published data, maps, and reports referenced from the B.C. Government geological database and other relevant sources that are believe in the author's opinion to be correct.

The author assisted the field staff from Zimtu who personally examined the geological aspects of the surveyed area from June 2, 2015 to June 4, 2015. The purpose of the survey was to substantiate the location of the old adit hosting the Paly Vein, the source for the antimony mill, as reported in the historic mine record from the 1970s. Zimtu staff successfully located the old Paly Vein adit whereas former operators including the author failed to do so in past programmes. The survey was also a test of the ore dump for rare earth metals of which was never performed by any previous work program, as well to determine the precise antimony content of the ore. Previous assays of the ore by numerous former operators for antimony content reach the assay laboratory upper limits without determining the exact content. The current programme consisted of the collection of four rock samples weighing at least 500g with descriptions and of which three were submitted for the purpose of assaying.

The author personally submitted the rock samples to ALS Analytical Services of North Vancouver, BC for preparation and assaying. ALS prepared each sample according to their standard analytical procedures. The results from the preliminary rock sampling are encouraging to warrant further work.

The recommendations in this report are based upon the results from the current work program, published data, and the author's personal exploration experience. This report details the findings of the current portion of the "work-in-progress" programme and is submitted for assessment work credits.

Property Location, Access and Legal Description

The MaryMac Property is located on the North Slope of the Bendor Range within the eastern side of the Coast Mountains in south-western British Columbia (Fig 1). The Property occupies the northern portion of Truax Creek that flows into the south side of Carpenter Lake at approximately 12 km by air east from the Hamlet of GoldBridge (Fig.2). The claim group is centered at Lat: N 50.8685°, Long: W 122.6915° and is about 240 km north of Vancouver BC. Access to the property from Vancouver is via Highway 99 leading northwards to Pemberton BC, thence westward along the Lillooet valley road to the turnoff of Hurley River Forest service road bearing northward to GoldBridge BC. From GoldBridge take the Haylmore road heading east along the south shore of Carpenter Lake for about 13 kms. The well maintained gravel road then slowly snakes up the hill to the property. Total driving distance from GoldBridge is approximately 20 kms to the old Mary Mac Mine road turnoff, a four-wheeled drive vehicle is recommended.

Gold Bridge is the nearest community providing food and lodging amenities, an ambulatory emergency station, light road construction equipment services, hydro electric power generation, and a library with internet connections. The main service center in the region is the town of Lillooet, a community 100 road Kms to the east of Gold Bridge and connected via a well paved two lane road maintained year round for access. Lillooet provides major road and rail links, airport, and other major construction equipment providers to the mining industry.

The Property consists of two contiguous claim blocks known as: Williams (Mineral Tenure # 507146), and 507082; all of which are 100% owned by the author of this report, Alan Brent Hemingway of Surrey BC. The Claim group covers an area of approximately 550.820ha. Table 1 provides the legal description of the claims as of the date of this report:

Table 1

Tenure Number	Claim Name	Mineral Title Holder	Tenure Type	Tenure Sub Type	Map Number	Issue Date	Good To Date	New Good to Date	Area (ha)
507082		140107 (100%)	Mineral	Claim	092J	2005/feb/14	2015/oct/10	2016/jul/11	367.202
507146	Williams	140107 (100%)	Mineral	Claim	092J	2005/feb/14	2015/oct/06	2016/jun/06	183.6185
								Total Ha	550.6185

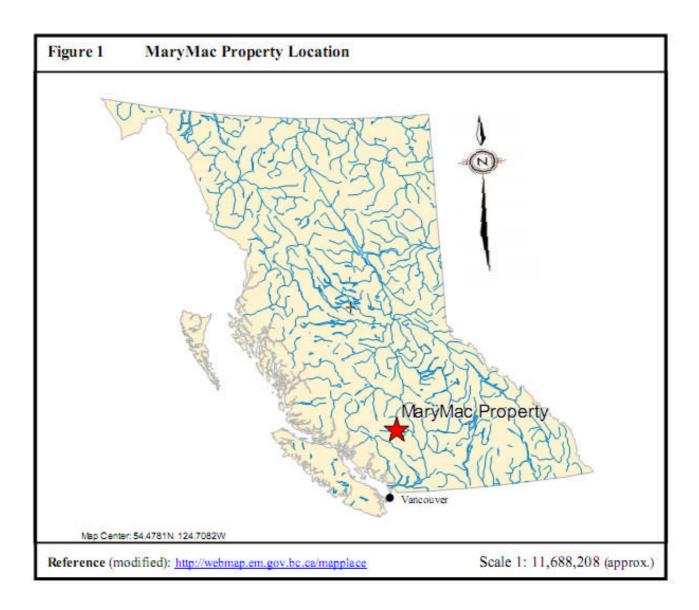
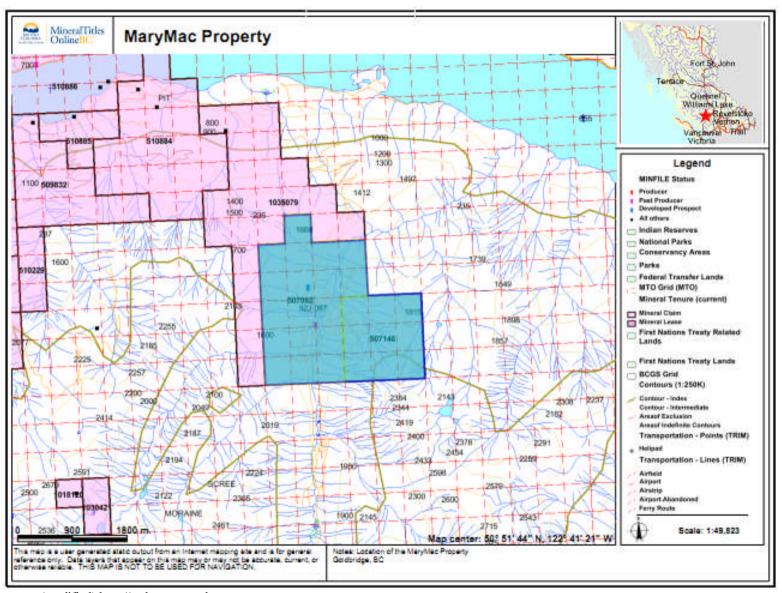


Figure 2 Claim Map (area shown in blue)



Reference: (modified) http://webmaps.gov.bc.ca

The writer is aware of several First Nations that may have an aboriginal interest on some of the MaryMac Claim Block, however as of this date there are no Treaties covering the Truax Valley and surrounding area with BC Government. The Property occupies entirely on Crown Land and there are no private surface rights holders (see MTO website for Encumbrance and first Nations Reports). However, a proposed Run-of-River (ROR) Project on Truax Creek by Max-Power (Syntaris) of Vancouver BC has applied for the use of surface and water rights. The Property has no restrictive wildlife concerns and there are on-going, intermittent logging operations.

The only encumbrance to future prospecting, exploration, or mining operations is the aforementioned "ROR" Project which grants surface rights that covers the most prospective portion of the Property; the area affected contains known mineral reserves with a high potential for both deposit development and discovery. A submission paper by the author outlining the impact of the ROR project was filed with FrontCounter BC in Kamloops on March 13th, 2008.

Physiography and Climate

The Mary Mac Property is located on the north-eastern slope of the Coast Mountain's Bendor Range in south-western British Columbia. The Claim area straddles the lower reaches and hillsides of the Truax Creek valley which drains northward into Carpenter Lake. The elevation at the northern boundary of the Property immediately south of Carpenter Lake rises from 1300m to almost 2200m on the south-eastern and the south-western corners of the claim group.

The topographic signature of Truax Valley is U-shaped, typical of an Alpine glaciated Trough where the lower elevations are of gentle slopes transforming parabolically into precipitous hillsides and cliffs (Photo 1 next page). The author did not find any glacial direction indicators during the current survey, but has generally assumed to be down valley northwards towards Carpenter Lake. Soil development in the valley bottom consists primarily of thick successions of lodgement-glacial till that are cut in a few places by basal melt wash channels. In some but not all areas recent episodes of landslides cover and disrupt the foregoing: the steep gradient of the upper slopes east of Truax Creek is the source area for the majority of the recent landslides that cover the valley floor in the vicinity of the Mary Mac mineral occurrences. In contrast, the western hillside gradient is more moderate with no evidence of rock slides even though the elevation raises equivalent to the eastern side. Recent logging operations on the north

side of the Property has refurbished the main access road on a switch bend at the 1100m elevation with a fresh bank cut, the soil profile at this location signifies an earlier landslide event in the immediate area (Photo 2). The best rock exposures are found in road cuts, ridge crests, and in some of the creeks on the slopes near the valley floor.

A Rhyolitic ash covered large areas over the glacial colluvium 2350 years BP and acts as a good marker horizon for determining whether the top of the glacial soil horizon has been disturbed by recent land/rock slides (Photo 2). The ash is a light yellow coloured, coarse-grained Rhyodacite pumice of which the source is from a volcanic vent on Plinth Mountain in the upper Lillooet River Valley about 50km to the southwest of the Gold Bridge area. The ash layer covers the majority of the claims from an average thickness of 6.0 to 30 cm in the lower forested elevations to almost non-existent in the steeper slopes due to the erosive action of the weather.

Photo 1 Topography of the Truax Valley

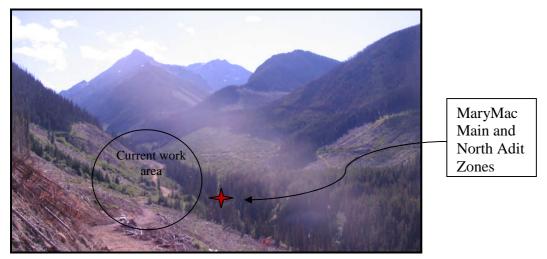


Photo taken just North of the Mary Mac Mill in Valley below, view is looking south towards the Bendor Range and the headwaters of Truax Creek.

Photo 2 Picture of Landslide and Ash Layer in Road Cut



Photo taken on the main forest road leading from Carpenter Lake up into Truax Valley, Elevation 1100m The property is situated on the North-east facing slope of the Bendor Range as such, snow remains on the ground from Mid-November to May. The climate in the area is typical of the Chilcotin-Lillooet region except much wetter due to being within the rain shadow of the Bendor Mountain Range. The nearest reporting weather station is at Lytton. The table 2 below describes the statistics for the region

Table 2 Weather Statistics: Lytton BC Lat: 50.14°N Long: 121.35° Altitude 258m

Temperature °C	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	Α	S	0	N	D
Maximum	1	5	11	16	20	24	28	28	22	15	6	1
	_	_									_	1
Minimum	-5	-2	1	4	8	12	15	15	10	5	0	-4
Mean	-1	1	6	10	14	18	21	21	16	10	3	-1
Precipitation												
Rain (mm)	34	24	28	18	18	18	14	17	26	35	48	43
Snow (cm)	42	23	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	20	34
Total (mm)	65	41	32	19	18	18	14	17	26	36	65	70
Snow Depth(cm)	-	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	6
Sunshine (h)	58	85	144	195	241	257	281	242	184	129	61	46
Number of Days where												
Min. Temp.<=0°C	25	19	13	3	0	0	0	0	0	4	15	23
Rain >=0.2 mm	6	8	9	7	7	7	5	6	7	9	10	7
Rain >=5 mm	2	2	2	1	0	1	0	1	2	2	3	3
Rain >=10 mm	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Snow >=0.2 cm	8	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	9
Snow >=5 cm	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
Precip.>=0.2 mm	12	11	10	7	7	7	5	6	7	10	13	14
Precip.>=5 mm	4	3	2	1	0	1	0	1	2	2	4	4
Precip.>=10 mm	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Snow Depth>=20cm	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	-

The weather statistics displayed above represent the mean value of each meteorological parameter for each month of the year. The sampling period for this data covers 30 years from 1961 to 1990. Lytton \approx 112 km ESE of GoldBridge is the nearest statistical reporting station.

Reference: http://www.theweathernetwork.com/statistics/C02095/cabc0172

History of Exploration

Circa 1930 The original Mary Mac Claims were staked by George and Jack Morrison of Vancouver. Work consisted of a few short exploration adits on the eastern bank of Truax Creek at the present site of the Mary Mac Main zone.

1949 A truck road leading up Truax Creek to the headwaters was constructed to provide access to an area now known as the Grey Rock Mine.

- **1960s-1974** In the 1960s Mr. Harry Street of Gold Bridge drove the main adit at the Mary Mac Main at the present day location as well constructed a small mill to grind the stibnite ore. In 1974, production of 3 to 4 tonnes per day of rough stibnite was won from the narrow quartz veins.
- 1980 W. Cook staked the area and consequently sold 50% to Keron Holdings of Vancouver, BC. A reconnaissance soil survey covered most of vicinity and a detailed survey between the south and main zones (Gruenwald, 1980). Several anomalies were outlined having high molybdenum and arsenic values.
- Hudson's Bay Oil & Gas Co. performed a major trenching and road building (4.5kms) on the eastern side of the valley above the old Mary Mac adit. Geological mapping and sampling of the trenches that were later analyzed for gold, arsenic, and antimony (Hall, 1983). Hudson's Bay was later taken over by Dome Petroleum.
- 1983-1984 Andaurex Resources of Toronto, Ontario optioned the property and performed several drill programs on the Main, North and South zones to further delineate the mineralization which led to a resource calculation for each zone (Kerr, 1983). Although the results were encouraging for further exploration, Andaurex declined to continue with the option with Dome Petroleum. Late in 1984 Dome declined to continue the option with Keron et al; and the property was returned.
- **1985-1986** The property was optioned to a major U.S coal company, Pilgrim Coal Corporation of Atlanta Georgia, who performed various exploration programs over the whole area including: further soil sampling, magnetometer, VLF-EM, geological mapping, and trenching surveys (Wynne, 1986).
- Dawson Geological Consultants were commissioned by Pilgrim Coal to manage a drill program due to the encouragement received by the previous surface exploration work. The 1987 drilling of 11 holes totalled 998m in all of the three mineral occurrences: North, Main and South zones. The results were not encouraging enough for the company to continue with the option (Dewonck, 1987).
- 1998 Werner Gruenwald of Kamloops BC staked the area after the ground became open and later sold the property to a company controlled by Mr. Alan Savage of Vancouver BC.
- **1999-2000** The claims were forfeited and the Author of this report staked the Merry Claims in mid 1999. In 2000, a preliminary magnetic survey and slide analysis of the property was initiated by the Author (Hemingway, 2000).
- 2001 The property was optioned to Princeton Ventures of Vancouver BC which conducted a Satellite Imagery Analysis in several band widths for determination of alteration mineralization (Ostler, 2001).
- **2004-2005** Action Resources of Vancouver BC optioned the claims from the Author. A reconnaissance geochemical silt, moss and rock assaying was conducted by the company (Kowalchuk, 2006). The results of the program were sufficient to warrant the next phase of exploration.
- 2006 Bradford Minerals of Vancouver BC on behalf of Action Minerals engaged Peter Walcott & Associates for a Heliborne Magnetic & Electromagnetic Survey over the entire property (Walcott, 2006). Results from the program indicated a number of conductive trends and anomalies,

further work was recommended. However, the company elected to return the property to the vendor who is the author of this report.

2008-2010 The Author conducted several soil sampling programs which targeted specific areas of the Property based upon the geophysics program in 2006. The result was a linear trace of a gold-in-soil anomaly extending 220m trending parallel to the direction of the valley. The soil anomaly is open to the east and west which has not been fully delineated as to the extent.

The Property was optioned to Nubia Exploration Ltd of Vancouver BC who conducted a poorly managed soil sampling survey that failed to target the MaryMac main Au-Sb zone (AR 33717).

A soil sampling program conducted by the author to trace the Paly Vein upslope from the old North Zone Adit, strike length of mineralized zone increased to 150m.

Geological Setting

The following selected information based upon relevance to the geological setting of the Property (Fig. 3) is adapted from Geoscience BC Report 2009-1, pages 91-102 "Sulphur Sources for Gold Deposits in the Bridge River-Bralorne Mineral District, South-western British Columbia" by Hart, C.J.R. et al.

Geological Description of Region (Hart et al 2008)

"The Bridge River-Bralorne mineral district straddles the boundary between the Middle Jurassic-Late Cretaceous Coast Belt and the Late Paleozoic-Mesozoic Intermontane Belt that together comprise this part of the southwestern Canadian Cordillera (Schiarizza et al., 1997). This complex region resulted from episodic deformational, depositional and magmatic events from the Late Paleozoic to Middle Tertiary. In the Middle-Late Jurassic, two main tectonic assemblages collided: the oceanic backarc basin Bridge River Complex (Figure 3) comprising basalt, gabbro, chert, shale, argillite and ultramafic rocks was juxtaposed with the island arc Cadwallader Group, which consists of volcanic rocks and marine and arc-marginal clastic strata (Schiarizza et al., 1997). During and after terrane collision, the Late Jurassic-Cretaceous Tyaughton Basin, which consists of mostly clastic sedimentary rocks and shale, was deposited on top of these two terranes (Church, 1996).

Contractional deformation during the mid-Cretaceous resulted in a series of major structural systems. In the Bridge River district, these are the Bralorne fault zone (Cadwallader break), the Yalakom fault system, the Shulaps thrust and a network of northwest-trending faults (Figure 3; Leitch, 1990; Schiarizza et al., 1997). Deformation above the Cadwallader Group occurred along the Shulaps thrust, the Bralorne fault zone and Bralorne–East Liza ophiolite assemblages, respectively, resulting in wedges of ophiolite and ultramafic rocks along these zones, marking the region of crustal shortening. The ophiolite rocks include greenstone, diorite, gabbro, tonalite and serpentinite (Schiarizza et al., 1997).

Regional plutonic and volcanic events were episodic during the Cretaceous and Tertiary. The Coast Plutonic Complex (CPC) is the main component of the southwestern Coast Belt, as well as the main granitic intrusion of this region, and marks the southwest corner of the mineral district (Schiarizza et al., 1997). The Bendor batholith is a younger constituent east of the CPC, in the form of an outlier pluton, which runs for 20 km in a northwest-trending direction between

the Bralorne fault zone and the Marshall Creek fault (Figure 3). These intrusions comprise granodiorite to quartz diorite, characterized by massive hornblende> biotite>pyroxene and magnetite-titanite, and generally have sharp contacts with a 1 km contact metamorphism halo. A mass of mafic to felsic dikes intrude all of the units. These dikes include 85.7 Ma hornblende porphyry, 86–91 Ma albitite dikes, plagioclase porphyry and lamprophyre. These are all considered to be hypabyssal equivalents of the CPC (Church, 1996).

Dextral strike-slip movement reactivated many of the older northwest-trending faults, especially along the Yalakom fault system, which includes the Marshall Creek, Shulaps thrust, Castle Pass, Bralorne fault zone and Relay Creek faults (Umhoefer and Schiarizza, 1996). These structures post date the accretionary contractional structures at 67 Ma, but continued to be active through to 40 Ma (Schiarizza et al., 1997)."

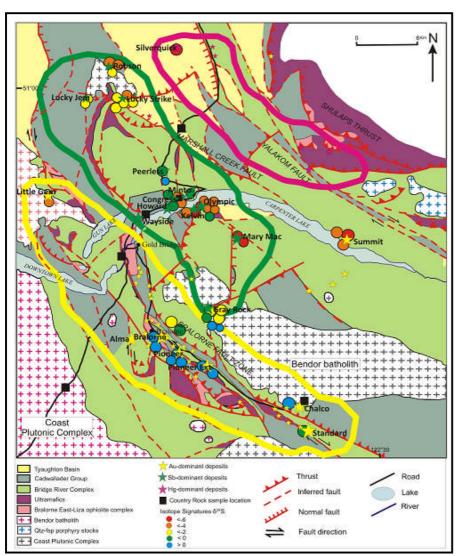


Figure 3 Regional Geology Map (adapted)

The map displays the regional geology of the Bridge River–Bralorne mineral district showing the major mineral occurrences, type and distribution. Distribution pattern is represented by circular coloured lines; green, Sb type; pink, Hg type; yellow, Au type. Modified after Church (1996), Maheux (1989) and Schiarizza et al. (1997)

Geological Description of Property Area

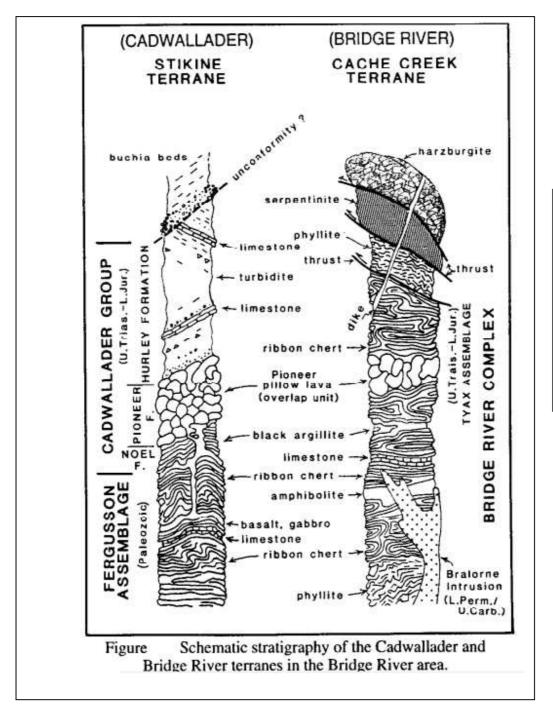
The following is a brief description of the applicable rock formations together with a schematic stratigraphy (Figure 4) encountered within the Mary Mac Property and the immediate vicinity. The Property is mainly underlain by the Fergusson Assemblage of the Bridge River Complex and to lesser extent the Pioneer Formation (Figure 5). The Complex has been well documented by Dr. B.N. Church of the BCGS in "Geology of the Bridge River Mining Camp" Paper 1995-3; below is a limited description of the strata that are found on the Property:-

The northern portion of the Property is underlain by the Late Jurassic-Early Cretaceous Relay Mtn Group (unit 5 on Figure 5); a repetitive sequence of Buchia-bearing shales, siltstones and lesser greywackes that are in a down-faulted block with the Fergusson and Tyax Assemblage sub-groups of the Bridge River Complex . The Fergusson and Tyax Assemblage essentially occupy the central portion of the Property and also host the major gold-quartz veins.

The Fergusson Assemblage (unit 1a, Figure 5) is a deformed strata consisting predominantly of light to medium grey ribbon cherts intercalated with black graphitic argillite, greenstone, and thin bands of crystalline limestone (the only known stratigraphic marker horizon within the succession) which contains a few, indistinct microfossils that are believed to be of Paleozoic in age. The unit is complexly folded which has resulted in some sections being intensely fragmented and milled to the point that the unit almost resembles a pebbly conglomerate. The Fergusson strata near the contacts of granitic intrusions are metamorphosed into several rock types consisting primary of garnetiferous-biotite-quartz gneiss, schists bearing andalusite, and amphibolite.

The Tyax Assemblage (unit 1x, Fig.5) is very similar to the Fergusson strata with the only difference of the latter containing a volcanic component of basaltic lavas, sills and dikes. The Tyax age is more definitive than the Fergusson because of the variety of distinct fossils that are from the Middle Triassic to Early Jurassic period. The Tyax is stratigraphically and lithologically similar to the Pioneer Volcanics that outcrop on the west central side of the property. The Pioneer has an abundance of basaltic pillow lavas, flow breccias, lava flows and sills with a sparse sedimentary component verses the Tyax that has an abundance of a sedimentary rocks intercalated with rare basaltic flows and pillows.

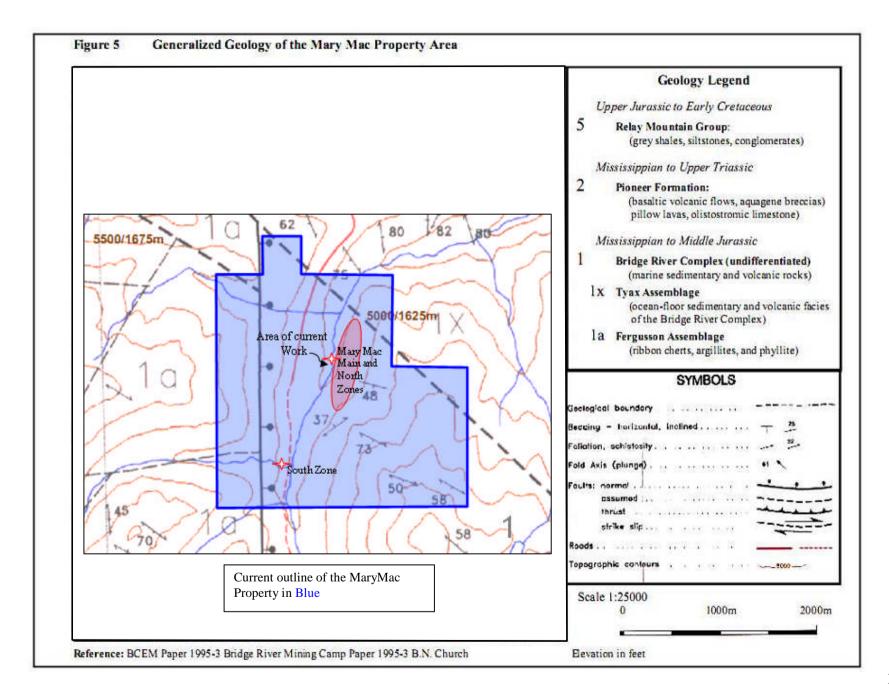
Figure 4 Schematic Stratigraphy



Mary Mac
Main and
North Zone
Stratigraphic
sequence
(section of
current work
program)

Reference: B.N. Church 1995

The majority of the rocks on the Property have been generally altered to the lower Greenschist facies but the near the contacts with the intrusive felsic and mafic dykes, the grade of alteration increases to amphibolite-propyllitic-phyllic facies. Most country rock exposures are well fractured and in some areas often contain masses of quartz veins/lets.



Economic Geology

The primary target of past and recent explorers has been the gold-bearing quartz veins situated within the property boundaries. There are three known documented mineral occurrences within the Property boundaries with each having their own distinct settings, from North to South; MaryMac North prospect (Minfile # 092JNE107), the MaryMac Main producer (Minfile # 092JNE067) and the MaryMac South prospect (Minfile # 092JNE096). There are at least three types of mineral deposit models that are evident on the Property. The following is a brief description of the occurrences and types of mineralization.

In the early 1970's a small mill was established near the present site of the MaryMac Main adit to process antimony ore mined from a small, stibnite deposit (18000 tons @20% antimony). The source of the stibnite was attained from a series of mesothermal quartz veins that also had a precious metals signature. The precious metals occur as two distinct habitats with the quartz stibnite veining; silver is highly concentrated within stibnite thus giving the mineral a slight bluish tinge to the otherwise dull steel grey appearance, however, gold is partially associated with stibnite but also occurs entirely separate with no relationship to the mineral. The mining operation eventually failed being too small with winning only a token amount of ore concentrate each day.

Dr Neil Church of the BC Geological Survey visited the Property in 1986/87, mapped the Property, examined the mineral occurrences, sampled the main zone, and later compiled a report of his findings (BCGS Paper 1995-03). A reference from page 82 of his report gives a historical account of the showings with emphasis in red:

.... "The mineral showings occur mainly at the contacts of a northerly dipping hornblende feldspar porphyry dike about 40 metres below the waterfall on Truax Creek, northeast of the mill site. The mineralized zone consists of quartz and carbonate veins 0.5 to 2 metres wide, emplaced on west-northwest trending fractures. Coarsely crystalline stibnite is accompanied by small amounts of arsenopyrite, pyrrhotite, chalcopyrite, limonite, tetrahedrite, and/or jamesonite (?). On the east side of the creek this zone assays 7.64 grams per tonne gold and 17.1 grams silver across a sampling width of 5 m. Chloritic alteration is widespread and accompanied locally by sericitization and pyritization. Numerous crosscutting molybdenite-bearing quartz veinlets related to an earlier mineralizing event occur within the porphyry dike. Molybdenite is also found in quartz stringers at higher elevations on Mount Williams.

Another mineralized zone, 170 metres northeast of the waterfall, was the chief source of the stibnite ore for the mill. This showing is smaller but higher grade than the main zone and is related to the faulted and serpentinized south contact of another porphyry intrusion. Assays from this site, across 4 to 5-metre widths in stibnite-bearing quartz veins returned gold values in the range 1.7 to 3.4 grams per tonne. The grade of stibnite is reported to be 20% over 2.1 metres, with reserve estimates ranging from 13000 to 18000 tonnes (MINFILE 092JNE067). A report for Andaurex Resources Limited gives a larger tonnage estimate based on additional drilling (Kerr, 1983).

The Mary Mac south showing (MINFILE 092JNE096) is hosted by a northerly dipping zone of brecciated andesitic metavolcanics, 1 to 6 metres wide, just southeast of the bridge on Truax Creek, about 800 metres south of the main zone. The breccia is cemented by quartz and contains concentrations of stibnite and pyrite; assays indicate traces of molybdenum and copper. The adjacent, altered Bridge River metasedimentary rocks, containing up to 8% disseminated pyrite forms a halo around the base of Mount Williams.

Workings on the south zone consist of surface trenching and three drill holes. Ore estimates calculated in 1983 (Kerr, 1983) are 27300 tonnes with an average grade of 8.18 grams per tonne gold, over an average width of 2.4 metres (cut-off grade is 3.11 g/t)...."

The above describes at least two of the three deposit types; gold-bearing quartz veins/quartz healed breccia with or without stibnite that are structurally emplaced within the host rocks near the porphyry dyke contacts. Within the porphyry dykes are sets of cross-cutting molybdenite bearing quartz veins related to an earlier mineralizing event. Several previous workers have postulated a buried porphyry intrusion being the source of the molybdenite and gold, evidence above in the quoted text shows several characteristics related to this deposit style occur on the Property and adjacent to: a halo of disseminated pyrite within the country rocks circling Mt. Williams is commonly contiguous to a buried intrusive porphyry system together with frequent offshoots of ring or radial dykes and mineralized faults.

The third style of mineralization near the MaryMac South prospect was discovered in rock float from talus scree by the author in 2005 (AR 28163); the rock contained massive pyrrhotite with minor amounts of copper and tungsten, appeared to be intensely altered consistent of a skarn type amphibolite facies.

The fourth style of mineralization may occur within the Bridge River Oceanic Volcanics at the south zone. The geological environment at this locale is favourable for the occurrence of Cyprus type volcanic hosted massive Cu-Zn sulphide deposits. The first indicator was the geochemical analysis of the andesite-basalt-skarn float found at the location yielding elevated copper and zinc values (AR 28163). The second indicator is the widespread occurrence of disseminated to massive pyrite-pyrrhotite in the andesite-basalt-argillite intervals reported in previous drill programs. The drill core at one interval intersected a significant increase in gold values (0.240 verses 0.0130 ozs/ton) in a grayish-green andesite section containing semi-massive pyrrhotite with minor chalcopyrite (AR 16378). The third indicator is the various reports of jasperoid alteration within the same volcanic unit.

The ore reserves calculated (Kerr, 1983) as follows: Main Zone 22,300 tonnes grading 7.4338 grams per tonne gold or 78,000 tonnes of ore grading 2.8927 grams per tonne; the indicated reserves for the North Zone 10,800 tonnes grading 5.256 grams per tonne or 39,200 tonnes at 2.3328 grams per tonne gold; and the South Zone 27,300 tonnes grading 8.18 grams per tonne gold.

Survey Description

Preface

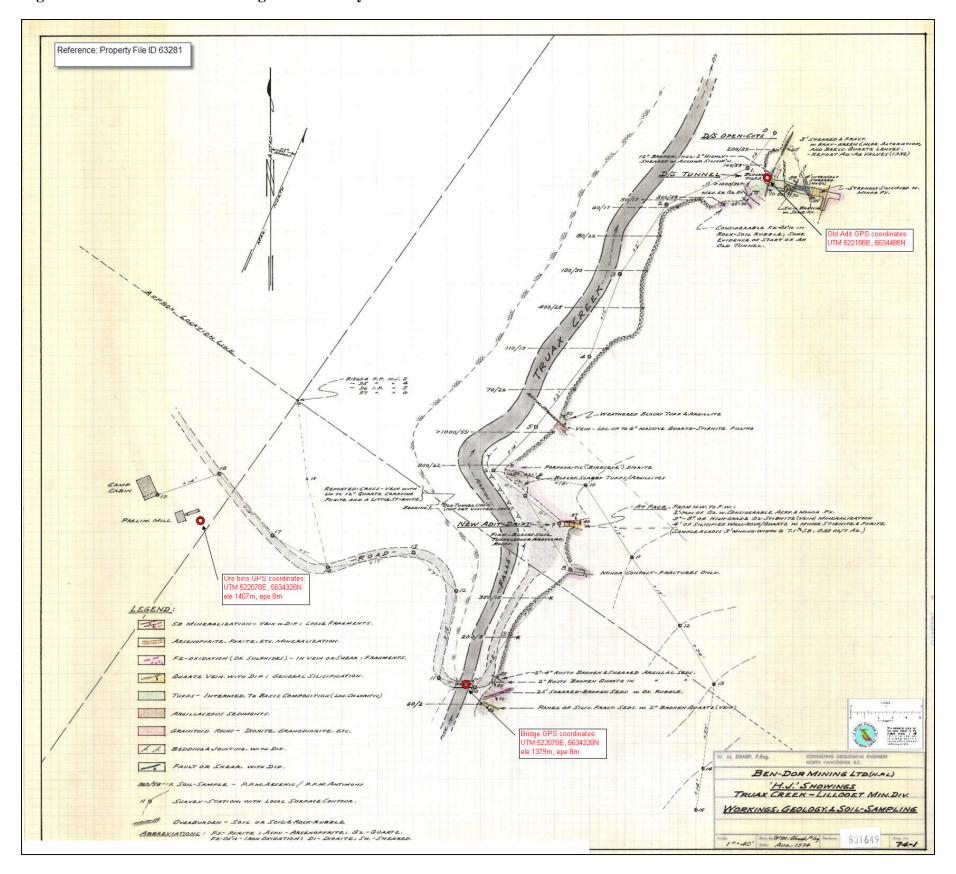
Previous operators have assayed the antimony mineralization at the North Zone with conflicting results; the old adit was first assayed for antimony by Ben-Dor Mining in May 1972 yielding at 20% Sb grade over 2.1m, the second assay by W.M Sharp P.Eng a consultant to the company in 1974 gave 7.1% over a mining width of 1.0m however the downstream tunnel (DS) which is assumed to be the source of the ore for the mill was not assayed by the consultant yet the property map shows a New Adit was assayed (PFile MM 63281) (Figure 6). In 1980, (AR 8697) Kerr Dawson and associates assayed the main stibnite vein via trenching the portal which yielded 17000 ppm Sb over 2.0m of the main vein zone yet the gold value was 0.148 oz/ton. In 1986 Dr N Church escorted by J. Dawson conducted a preliminary examination of the MaryMac Main Zone, Dr N Church reported the "North Zone" was the primary source for the Sb ore for the old mill, however he did not elaborate on the location of the North Zone Adit, nor did he produce a map accordingly (PFile MM 27065). In 2006, J Kowalchuk (AR 28163) reported for Action Resources an assay from the ore bins at the old mill site reached limit up for antimony at 0.2% but the company was searching for gold and not antimony.

Exploration Methodology

The purpose of current work program was to locate the "North Zone" and correlate the position with the previous anomalous Sb-in-soils sampling program upslope and along strike thereof (Hemingway 2014 ARIS). Further work also included an assay for the complete antimony content of the bin ore stored at the old mill site although the source of the bin ore is in doubt (See Figure 6). Hence, a complete antimony assay of the bin ore would shed light on the source. As well, the bin ore was assayed for a broad suite of rare earth elements never before done. Dr Craig in his paper on the Bridge River Camp showed the MaryMac had one of the highest isotope signatures for δ^{34} S ratios at -8.8 which indicated a source for the stibnite mineralization to be of an equally mixed origin of the Bridge River Complex with the Bralorne Complex gabbro.

Further examination of the northeastern road above the old adits was also necessary to ascertain the bedrock of this area. The area showed high nickel/magnesium in soils from a previous work programs in 2012 and 2014 (Nubia, Hemingway). Two rock samples were taken, one from a volcanic breccia float just north of a sample station 1014 near a dioritic dyke and the other was from a collection of float material at the end of the east road about 400m north thereof (Figure. 7).

Figure 6 "The Workings" at the MaryMac Main Zone



Reference: Ben-Dor Consultant W.M. Sharp, P. Eng 1974 modified to show GPS coordinates

Geochemical Sampling and Analysis Description

The current portion of the "work in progress" program was the initial phase of an on-going sampling survey of the property. Results from this survey will form the exploration parameters of future programs. A total of four rock samples were collected; three rock samples were assayed, the fourth rock sample from the adit walls was not assayed as it showed very little mineralization, one bulk rock sample of 10+kg was taken from the ore bin, one rock sample from a shear zone showing quartz with sulphides and one float sample of massive sulphide hornfels from the end of the east road. Locations of the rock sampling are displayed on Figure 7. All the samples were collected by the staff of Zimtu in the presence of the author. All field measurements for distance and sampling stations were determined by GPS calculating machine. Figure 8 is a generalized map of the area where the current work program was carried out showing the traverse lines TV1 and TV2 with sample assays from the previous 2014 program plotted together with the sample locations/selected assays of the current program and the location of ore bins with the old Adit and old bridge crossing Truax Creek.

At each sampling station was recorded for the GPS location, general site conditions and flagged with the sample number. Each rock sample was then placed carefully in 6 mil polyethylene bags marked with an identifying number corresponding to the same number that was placed on a flag at the collection site. Prior to submitting to ALS, the author retained a representative sample from each sample for further study and description. The silt samples were collected in kraft paper bags but not assayed.

Analytical Methods and Sample Preparation

The author and the field staff for Zimtu did not perform any sample preparation which was entirely done at ALS Laboratories in North Vancouver. ALS used their standard procedures for preparation and analysis including crushing and pulverizing. The analytical methods used by ALS for assay are stated on the front page of their report (in Appendix), with LOI on the back page and the quantitative analysis and control in Appendix 2. ALS analytical methods and sample preparation are posted on their website. All samples were submitted for inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission/mass spectrometry (ICP-MS/AES). A prepared sample of 0.50g is digested with aqua regia in a graphite heating block. After cooling, the resulting solution is diluted to with deionized water, mixed, and analyzed by ICP-AES/MS.

The sample (MM Dump) taken from the ore bin was analyzed by X-Ray Fluorescence Spectroscopy (ME-XRF10). The method uses a calcined or ignited sample of 0.9g is added to 9.0g of lithium borate

flux (50%-50% Li₂ B₄ O₇---LiBO₂), mixed well, and fused in an auto fluxer between 1050-1100 ° C. A flat molten glass disc is prepared from the resulting melt. The disc is then analyzed by XRF-MS machine.

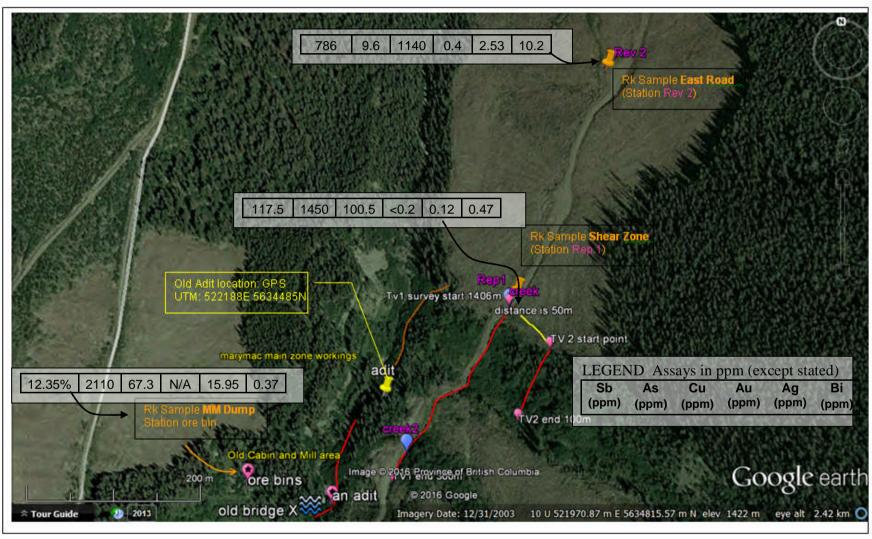
All rock samples collected were analyzed for a broad suite of elements (ICP-MS/AES) with exception of the MM dump which included a complete assay for antimony content of the ore (XRF) together with a suite of rare earth elements representing new work done. Table 3 below describes the rock samples submitted to ALS for analysis together with the analytical method applied.

 Table 3
 Rock Sample Descriptions (with selected assays)

Sample	GPS	Description	Sb	As	Cu	Au	Ag	Bi
identifier	Location UTM		(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)
MM Dump (ore bins)	522001E 5634377N ele,1407m	Blebs, masses, matted, acicular crystalline, specks of stibnite within a milky greyish to milky white quartz. Very few specks/blebs of pyrite/chalcopyrite/bornite. Visual estimate of Sb is >15%	12.35%	2110	67.3	N/A	15.95	0.37
Shear Zone	522375E 5634617N ele,1387m	Greenish, volcanic breccia, angular boulder containing some blebs and specks of chalcopyrite, arsenopyrite held together with pyritic masses in calcitic infillings between angular volcanic clasts	117.5	1450	100.5	<0.2	0.12	0.47
East Road	522509E 5634915N ele,1428m	The assayed sample is a collection of float at this locality (for reconnaissance purposes). Various hornfelsic float with a goethite/ limonite layering remnants of layered argillites? Some very rounded float of massive fine grained pyrite weathering to goethite. Other float with ferricrete coatings of pyrite/sulphides, some float with matted greenish hue on fresh surfaces.	786	9.6	1140	0.4	2.53	10.20

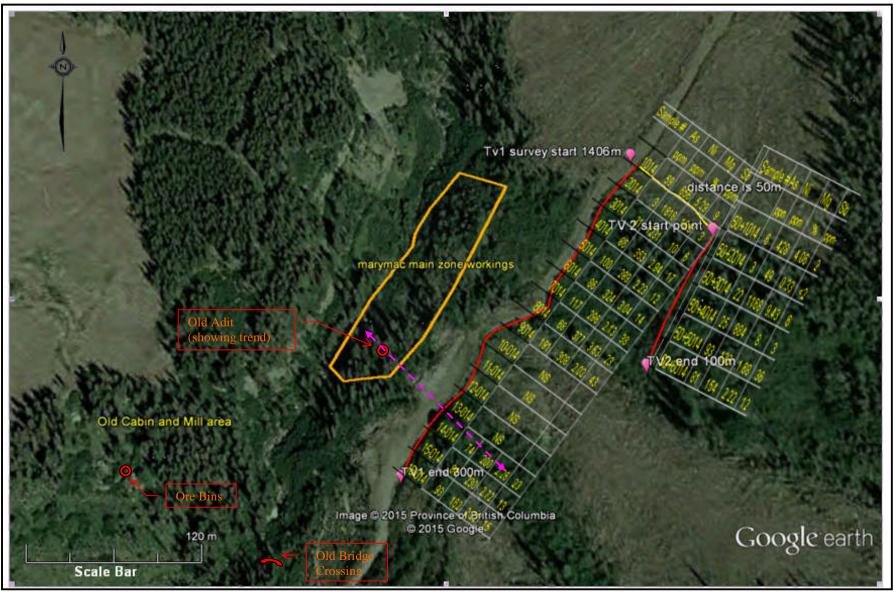
A scanned copy of the Geochemical Analysis Certificate is presented in the appendix 1.

Figure 7 Rock Sample Locations of Current Work Program with Assays



Note: Station name is the location where the rock samples were collected with identifier label

Figure 8 Map showing selected metals-in-soil with plot of old adit/bridge



Discussion of Survey Results and Methodology

The primary objective of the current program was to determine the grade of antimony found at the ore bin site and to establish a precise location for the adit that supplied ore to the mill. Both results are new exploration data adding to the overall property data base as well the new analysis for the suite of rare earth elements. Determining a location for the adit together with data from the old Minfile property records (MM PFile 27065) could lead to a trend of the antimony mineralization upslope from thereof. Combining the anomalous Sb-in-soils from the previous soil sampling traverse (Hemingway AR 35348) with the new found location of the adit with its trend could establish which anomalous soils are related to the trend of the mineralization at the adit.

A new target of massive sulphide float found at the end of the east road has an entirely different geochemical signature than other mineral occurrences found on the property to date. With high bismuth and elevated gold the signature is unique.

Conclusions and Recommendations

The current survey by Zimtu field staff and author has yielded new exploration parameters with anomalous values in antimony, gold and bismuth found in a massive sulphide float at the end of the east road. The current survey also established the location of the old adit which supplied ore to the mill, useful for future exploration programs. The rare earth elements analysis of the ore gave elevated but disappointing values to those elements. Together with the new location of adit with its trend at $\approx 135^{\circ}N$ to known anomalous antimony in soils demonstrates a possible continuance of the zone hosting the Paly upslope from the adit of at least 120m. Whereas previously the location of the adit near Truax Creek was assumed to be on strike with the start of the soil sampling grid in AR 35348 at stations 9014 and 50+4014 (Fig. 8). This new data has shorten the strike length of the trend of mineralization from the old adit eastwards and upslope by 80m.

The data collected from the current "work in progress" programme are sufficiently encouraging to justify continuing with the next phase of the exploration survey. The next exploration phase of the "work in progress" is to expand the soil sampling grid upslope and down slope from the previous work area in AR 35348 and to conduct a magnetometer survey on the east road to the end to determine if a magnetic signature is related to the new found massive sulphide float. In the magnetometer survey report AR 26338, the east road results ended just at the station 1014 (Figure 8), since then a new extension of 400m northwards on the road has provided access to this area. Together with ultramafic signature to the soils in this area provides an excellent target for a magnetometer survey.

Cost of Current Exploration Survey

W	ages: Field			
	C	Sc FGAC (June $2-4^{th}$ 2015)	\$	1000.00
	Field staff for Zim	_		
	N Rodway	3 days @ \$300/day.	\$	900.00
	M. Hodge	3 days @ \$300/day	\$	900.00
Fo	ood, Lodging, & Transp	ortation:		
	Motel accommoda	ation	\$	380.35
	Food/meals (@ \$3	30/day/man	\$	270.00
	Transportation; (4x4 vehicle) 713.4kms @ 52cents/km			
Fi	eld Expenses:			
	Field equipment (1	flagging, pens, kraft bags, etc)	\$	20.00
Te	echnical Expenses			
	ALS Analytical A	ssaying	\$	191.48
R	eport Costs:			
	Reporting writing		\$	1000.00
	1 0	ocopying, binding, office, maps etc)	\$	35.00
Total Exp	penditure on Current Ex	ploration Survey	\$:	5067.80

MTO Confirmation page

 Work Start Date:
 2015/JUN/02

 Work Stop Date:
 2015/JUN/04

 Total Value of Work:
 5 2930.00

Mine Permit No:

Summary of the work value:

Title Number	Claim Name/Property	Issue Date	Good To Date	New Good To Date	# of Days For- ward	in	Applied Work Value	Sub- mission Fee
507146	williams	2005/feb/14	2015/oct/06	2016/jun/06	244	183.62	5 1224.12	\$ 0.00
507082		2005/feb/14	2015/oct/10	2016/jul/11	275	367.20	\$ 2759.03	\$ 0.00

Financial Summary:

Total applied work value: 5 3983.15

PAC name: b hemingway
Debited PAC amount: 5 1053.15
Credited PAC amount: 5 0

Total Submission Fees: 5 0.0

Total Paid: 5 0.0

Please print this page for your records.

References for Report:

- 1. Church, B.N., Bridge River Mining Camp, Geology and Mineral Deposits: Paper 1995-3, BCMEI
- 2. Hart, C. J. R. et al 2008, Sulphur Sources for Gold Deposits in the Bridge River-Bralorne Mineral District, Southwestern British Columbia; Geoscience BC Report 2009-1, pages 91-102
- 3. The following references for Assessment Reports relating to MaryMac are from the BC Government website; http://aris.empr.gov.bc.ca/search.asp?mode=find
 - a. Gruenwald W B.Sc (1980) Geological and Geochemical Report on the HJ Claims; http://aris.empr.gov.bc.ca/search.asp?mode=repsum&rep_no=08647
 - b. Sharp, W.M P.Eng (1974) PFile MM 63281
 - c. Church, B.N. PhD (1986) PFile MM 27065
 - d. Kerr, J.R. P.Eng (1983) Diamond Drill Report on the HJ Claims; http://aris.empr.gov.bc.ca/search.asp?mode=repsum&rep_no=11647
 - e. Wynne F.L., P.Eng; (1987) Report on the HJ Property; http://aris.empr.gov.bc.ca/search.asp?mode=repsum&rep_no=15557
 - f. Price B. P.Geo (2012) Report on the MaryMac soil sampling by Nubia explorations http://aris.empr.gov.bc.ca/search.asp?mode=repsum&rep_no=33717
 - g. Dewonck B., B.Sc; (1987) Diamond Drill report on the HJ Claims; http://aris.empr.gov.bc.ca/search.asp?mode=repsum&rep_no=16378
 - h. Hall G.I M.Sc (1981) Report on the HJ claim http://aris.empr.gov.bc.ca/search.asp?mode=repsum&rep_no=09746
 - i. Hemingway, B. B.Sc Geologist (2000) magnetometer report on the MaryMac http://aris.empr.gov.bc.ca/search.asp?mode=repsum&rep_no=26338
 - j. Hemingway, B., B.Sc; (2008) Geochemical Sampling Report; http://aris.empr.gov.bc.ca/search.asp?mode=repsum&rep_no=31087
 - k. Hemingway B.Sc (2014)Soil Sampling report on the MaryMac Main Zone http://aris.empr.gov.bc.ca/search.asp?mode=repsum&rep_no=35348

Statement of Qualifications

I, Alan Brent Hemingway of the City of Surrey, British Columbia; certify hereby:

- 1. I am a Geologist residing at #50-1640-162nd Street Surrey BC., V4A 6Y9
- 2. I am a graduate of UBC with a Bachelor of Science in Geology in 1978
- 3. I have been a Fellow of the Geological Association of Canada
- 4. I have been a member of the Society Economic Geologists
- 5. I have engaged in the study of Geology after graduation for four years with several major and junior exploration companies in Western Canada and thereafter for thirty years as a free agent.
- 6. I personally examined and assisted in the current survey with the presence of field staff from Zimtu on the Mary Mac Property Group of Mineral Tenures on June 2nd to June 4th, 2015; the findings are described within this report.
- 7. This report is reliant on the records from previous operators on the MaryMac Property Group, data in the literature from the British Columbia Ministry of Mines and data from the Canadian Federal Government.
- 8. I am the author of this report, the composition thereof, and assisted with the planning of the current survey as described herein is submitted for assessment work credits.

Dated this 21st day of April, 2016

Alan Brent Hemingway, B.Sc FGAC

Al But Day -

Surrey, BC

Appendix

To: SALIENT RESOURCES 50-162ND STREET SURREY BC V4A 6Y9

Page: 1 Total # Pages: 2 (A - I) Plus Appendix Pages Finalized Date: 21-APR-2016 Account: RESSAL



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CERTIFICATE VA16055819

This report is for 3 Rock samples submitted to our lab in Vancouver, BC, Canada on 12-APR-2016.

The following have access to data associated with this certificate: BRENT HEMMINGWAY

SAMPLE PREPARATION					
ALS CODE	DESCRIPTION				
WEI-21	Received Sample Weight				
LOG-22	Sample login - Rcd w/o BarCode				
CRU-31	Fine crushing - 70% < 2mm				
SPL-21	Split sample - riffle splitter				
PUL-31	Pulverize split to 85% < 75 um				

ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES					
ALS CODE	DESCRIPTION	INSTRUMENT			
ME-MS81	Lithium Borate Fusion ICP-MS	ICP-MS			
ME-MS61	48 element four acid ICP-MS				
ME-MS41	Ultra Trace Aqua Regia ICP-MS				
Sb-XRF10	Fusion XRF - Sb Ore Grade	XRF			
ME-XRF10	Fusion XRF - Ore Grade XRF				
OA-GRA06	LOI for ME-XRF06 WST-SII				

To: SALIENT RESOURCES ATTN: BRENT HEMMINGWAY 50-162ND STREET SURREY BC V4A 6Y9

This is the Final Report and supersedes any preliminary report with this certificate number. Results apply to samples as submitted. All pages of this report have been checked and approved for release.

***** See Appendix Page for comments regarding this certificate *****

Signature: Colin Ramshaw, Vancouver Laboratory Manager



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Account: RESSAL

1	CERTIFICATE	OF ANALYSIS	VA16055819
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Sample Description	Method Analyte Units LOR	WEI-21 Record Wt. Kg 0.02	Sb-XRF10 Sb % 0.01	ME-MSB1 Ba ppm 0.5	ME-MS81 Ce ppm 0.5	ME-MS81 Cr ppm 10	ME-MSB1 Cs ppm 0.01	Dy ppm 0.05	ME-MS81 Er ppm 0.03	ME-MS81 Eu ppm 0.03	Ga ppm 0.1	ME-MS81 Gd ppm 0.05	ME-MSB1 Hf ppm 0.2	ME-MSB1 Ho ppm 0.01	ME-MS81 La ppm 0.5	ME-MSB1 Lu ppm 0.01
MM Dump East Road Shear Zone		5.24 1.20 0.20	12.35	80.6	9.7	20	0.73	0.97	0.52	0.27	3.2	1.11	0.5	0.18	9.5	0.07



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CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS VA16055819

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Sample Description	Method Analyte Units LOR	ME-MSB1 Nb ppm 0.2	ME-MSB1 Nd ppm 0.1	ME-MS81 Pr ppm 0.03	ME-MSB1 Rb ppm 0.2	ME-MS81 Sm ppm 0.03	ME-MSB1 Sn ppm 1	ME-MS81 Sr ppm 0.1	ME-MS81 Ta ppm 0.1	ME-MSB1 Tb ppm 0.01	ME-MS81 Th ppm 0.05	ME-MSB1 Tm ppm 0.01	ME-MS81 U ppm 0.05	ME-MSB1 V ppm S	ME-MSB1 W ppm 1	ME-MS81 Y ppm 0.5
MM Dump East Road Shear Zone		2.3	6.1	1.50	13.8	1.12	1	55.5	0.2	0.16	1.34	0.07	0.22	12	9	4.5



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								J.	C	ERTIFIC	CATE O	F ANAL	YSIS	VA160	55819	
Sample Description	Method Analyte Units LOR	ME-MSB1 Yb ppm 0.03	ME-MSB1 Zr ppm 2	ME-MS61 Ag ppm 0.01	ME-M561 Al % 0.01	ME-MS61 As ppm 0.2	ME-MS61 Ba ppm 10	ME-MS61 Be ppm 0.05	ME-MS61 BI ppm 0.01	ME-MS61 Ca % 0.01	ME-MS61 Cd ppm 0.02	ME-MS61 Ce ppm 0.01	ME-MS61 Co ppm 0.1	ME-MS61 Cr ppm 1	ME-MS61 Cs ppm 0.05	ME-MS61 Cu ppm 0.2
MM Dump East Road Snear Zone		0.42	21	15.95	1.00	2110	30	0.37	0.37	1.54	0.13	9.65	1.7	19	0.77	67.3



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ME-MS61

Ga

ppm

0.05

3.09

ME-M561

Fo

%

0.01

0.93

Method

Analyte Units

LOR

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			CI	ERTIFIC	CATE O	F ANAL	YSIS	VA160	55819	
ME-MS61	ME-MS6									
In	K	La	LI	Mg	Mn	Mo	Na	Nb	NI	P
ppm	*	ppm	ppm	*	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	ppm	ppm
0.005	0.01	0.5	0.2	0.01	5	0.05	0.01	0.1	0.2	10
	- 4-					- 45				

CERTIFICATE OF AMALVEIC

Minerals

Sample Description

MM Dump

East Road Shear Zone

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ME-MS61

Ge

ppm

0.05

0.09

ME-MS61

ppm

0.1

0.1

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illillera	12								C	ERTIFIC	CATE O	F ANAL	YSIS	VA160	55819	
Sample Description	Method Analyte Units LOR	ME-M561 Pb ppm 0.5	ME-M561 Rb ppm 0.1	ME-MS61 Re ppm 0.002	ME-M561 S % 0.01	ME-MS61 Sb ppm 0.05	ME-MS61 Sc ppm 0.1	ME-MS61 Se ppm 1	ME-MS61 Sn ppm 0.2	ME-MS61 Sr ppm 0.2	ME-MS61 Ta ppm 0.05	ME-MS61 Te ppm 0.05	ME-MS61 Th ppm 0.01	ME-MS61 TI % 0.005	ME-MS61 TI ppm 0.02	ME-MS61 U ppm 0.1
MM Dump East Road Shear Zone		3.9	13.8	0.005	5.12	>10000	2.0	34	0.4	55.6	<0.05	<0.05	1.23	0.044	0.14	0.1



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V/A4/OFF040

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Sample Description	Method Analyte Units LOR	ME-MS61 V ppm 1	ME-M561 W ppm 0.1	ME-MS61 Y ppm 0.1	ME-MS61 Zn ppm 2	ME-MS61 Zr ppm 0.5	ME-MS41 Ag ppm 0.01	ME-MS41 Al % 0.01	ME-MS41 As ppm 0.1	ME-MS41 Au ppm 0.2	ME-MS41 B ppm 10	ME-MS41 Ba ppm 10	ME-MS41 Be ppm 0.05	ME-MS41 BI ppm 0.01	ME-MS41 Ca % 0.01	ME-MS41 Cd ppm 0.01
MM Dump East Road Shear Zone	2000	11	2.8	2.0	17	2.9	2.53 0.12	0.24 1.38	1450 9.6	0.4 <0.2	<10 <10	10 10	0.05 0.17	10.20 0.47	0.18 2,30	0.31 0.02



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To: SALIENT RESOURCES 50-162ND STREET SURREY BC V4A 6Y9

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									C	ERTIFIC	CATE O	F ANAL	YSIS	VA160	55819	
Sample Description	Method Analyte Units LOR	ME-MS41 Ce ppm 0.02	ME-MS41 Co ppm 0.1	ME-MS41 Cr ppm 1	ME-MS41 Cs ppm 0.05	ME-MS41 Cu ppm 0.2	ME-MS41 Fe % 0.01	ME-MS41 Ga ppm 0.05	ME-MS41 Ge ppm 0.05	ME-MS41 Hf ppm 0.02	ME-MS41 Hg ppm 0.01	ME-MS41 in ppm 0.005	ME-MS41 K % 0.01	ME-MS41 La ppm 0.2	ME-MS41 Li ppm 0.1	ME-MS41 Mg % 0.01
MM Dump East Road Shear Zone		1.07 7.13	749 27.8	2 16	0.06 0.08	1140 100.5	32.7 4.82	1.28 6.36	0.16 0.27	<0.02 0.74	0.01 0.01	0.062 0.018	<0.01 0.07	1.3 1.9	1.7	0.28 0.50



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illinera	15								CI	ERTIFIC	CATE O	F ANAL	YSIS	VA160	55819	N.
Sample Description	Method Analyte Units LOR	ME-MS41 Mn ppm S	ME-MS41 Mo ppm 0.05	ME-MS41 Na % 0.01	ME-MS41 Nb ppm 0.05	ME-MS41 NI ppm 0.2	ME-MS41 P ppm 10	ME-MS41 Pb ppm 0.2	ME-MS41 Rb ppm 0.1	ME-MS41 Re ppm 0.001	ME-MS41 S % 0.01	ME-MS41 Sb ppm 0.05	ME-MS41 Sc ppm 0.1	ME-MS41 Sa ppm 0.2	ME-MS41 Sn ppm 0.2	ME-MS41 Sr ppm 0.2
MM Dump East Road Shear Zone		179 246	1.61 1.30	0.01 0.08	0.09 0.60	44.0 20.0	40 1130	31.1 0.3	0.2 1.8	0.002	>10.0 2.91	786 117,5	0.7 5.7	6.4 1.3	<0.2 1.3	1.9 11.2



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CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS VA16055819

Sample Description	Method Analyte Units LOR	ME-MS41 Ta ppm 0.01	ME-MS41 Te ppm 0.01	ME-MS41 Th ppm 0.2	ME-MS41 TI % 0.005	ME-MS41 TI ppm 0.02	ME-MS41 U ppm 0.05	ME-MS41 V ppm 1	ME-M541 W ppm 0.05	ME-M541 Y ppm 0.05	ME-M541 Zn ppm 2	ME-M541 Zr ppm 0.5	
MM Dump East Road Shear Zone		<0.01 0.01	4.26 0.09	<0.2 0.2	0.006 0.659	<0.02	<0.05 0.17	30 113	0.39	2.78 32.5	19 14	0.5 18.8	



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CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS VA16055819

		CERTIFICATE CON	IMENTS	
		ANALY	TICAL COMMENTS	
Applies to Method:	Gold determinations by t ME-MS41	this method are semi-quantitative due	to the small sample weight used (0.5g).	
Applies to Method:	REE's may not be totally ME-MS61	soluble in this method.		
		LABORA	ATORY ADDRESSES	
	Processed at ALS Vancou	iver located at 2103 Dollarton Hwy, No	rth Vancouver, BC, Canada.	
Applies to Method:	CRU-31	LOG-22	ME-MS41	ME-MS61
	ME-MS81	ME-XRF10	OA-GRA06	PUL-31
	Sb-XRF10	SPL-21	WEI-21	



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QC CERTIFICATE VA16055819

This report is for 3 Rock samples submitted to our lab in Vancouver, BC, Canada on 12-APR-2016.

The following have access to data associated with this certificate:

	SAMPLE PREPARATION	
ALS CODE	DESCRIPTION	
WEI-21	Received Sample Weight	
LOG-22	Sample login - Rcd w/o BarCode	
CRU-31	Fine crushing - 70% < 2mm	
SPL-21	Split sample - riffle splitter	
PUL-31	Pulverize split to 85% <75 um	

	ANALYTICAL PROCEDUR	ES
ALS CODE	DESCRIPTION	INSTRUMENT
ME-MS81	Lithium Borate Fusion ICP-MS	ICP-MS
ME-MS61	48 element four acid ICP-MS	
ME-MS41	Ultra Trace Aqua Regia ICP-MS	
Sb-XRF10	Fusion XRF - Sb Ore Grade	XRF
ME-XRF10	Fusion XRF - Ore Grade	XRF
OA-GRA06	LOI for ME-XRF06	WST-SIM

To: SALIENT RESOURCES ATTN: BRENT HEMMINGWAY 50-162ND STREET SURREY BC V4A 6Y9

This is the Final Report and supersedes any preliminary report with this certificate number. Results apply to samples as submitted. All pages of this report have been checked and approved for release.

***** See Appendix Page for comments regarding this certificate *****

Signature:

Colin Ramshaw, Vancouver Laboratory Manager



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Ilinera	15								QC	CERTIF	ICATE	OF AN	ALYSIS	VA1	605581	19
Sample Description	Method Analyte Units LOR	Sb-XRF10 Sb % 0.01	ME-MSB1 Ba ppm 0.5	ME-MS81 Ce ppm 0.5	ME-MS81 Cr ppm 10	ME-MSB1 Cs ppm 0.01	ME-MSB1 Dy ppm 0.05	ME-MS81 Er ppm 0.03	ME-MS81 Eu ppm 0.03	ME-MS81 Ga ppm 0.1	ME-MSB1 Gd ppm 0.05	ME-MS81 Hr ppm 0.2	ME-MSB1 Ho ppm 0.01	ME-MSB1 La ppm 0.5	ME-MSB1 Lu ppm 0.01	ME-MS81 Nb ppm 0.2
		*					STAN	IDARDS								
CD-1		3.81														
Target Range • Lower Upper		3.38 3.78														
CDN-CM-34	0100320 111	F-17/1/4/2-2														
Target Range • Lower Upper																
MRGeo08																
Target Range • Lower Upper		4000000														
NCSDC93019	1000000-10	19.20														
Target Range • Lower Upper		100,000														
OGGeo08	The state of the															
Target Range • Lower Upper	TO THE OWNER OF THE OWNER															
OREAS 146			>10000	4850	180	0.54	220	84.7	126.0	32.2	333	4.2	35.9	2550	6.24	399
Target Range - Lower			11450	4220	160 220	0.47	202	78.3	114.5	28.2	323	4.0	33.1	2280	5.88	349 427
Upper OREAS-45d	Hound		>10000	5160	220	0.59	248	95,7	139.5	32.2	395	5.4	40.5	2780	6,94	427
Target Range - Lower Upper																
SY-4			341	124.0	10	1.55	19.05	14.70	1.93	31.9	14.05	11.0	4.37	58.0	2.14	13.7
Target Range • Lower Upper			308 375	109.5 134.5	<10 30	1.34 1.68	18.35 20.1	12.75 15.85	1.77	31.4 38.6	12.55 15.45	9.8 12.4	3.88 4.74	51.7 84.3	1.88 2.32	11.5 14.5
	1915/00						BL	ANKS								
BLANK																
Tärget Ränge - Lower Upper																
BLANK																
Target Range - Lower Upper																
BLANK			<0.5	<0.5	<10	0.01	<0.05	<0.03	<0.03	<0.1	<0.05	<0.2	<0.01	<0.5	<0.01	<0.2
Target Range • Lower Upper		03388333	<0.5 1.0	<0.5 1.0	<10 20	<0.01 0.02	<0.05 0.10	<0.03 0.08	<0.03 0.08	<0.1 0.2	<0.05 0.10	<0.2 0.4	<0,01 0.02	<0.5 1.0	<0.01	<0.2 0.4
BLANK	OHERESES IN	<0.01	- 300													
Target Range • Lower Upper		<0.01 0.02														

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illinera	15								QC	CERTII	ICATE	OF AN	ALYSIS	VA1	605581	9
Sample Description	Method Analyte Units LOR	ME-MS81 Nd ppm 0.1	ME-MSB1 Pr ppm 0.03	ME-MSB1 Rb ppm 0.2	ME-MS81 Sm ppm 0.03	ME-MSB1 Sn ppm 1	ME-MSB1 Sr ppm 0.1	ME-MSB1 Ta ppm 0.1	ME-MS81 Tb ppm 0.01	ME-MS81 Th ppm 0.05	ME-MS81 Tm ppm 0.01	ME-MS81 U ppm 0.05	ME-MS81 V ppm 5	ME-MSB1 W ppm 1	ME-MS81 Y PPM 0.5	ME-MS81 Yb ppm 0.03
Î							STAN	IDARDS								
CD-1 Target Range - Lower Upper CDN-CM-34 Target Range - Lower	Bound															
	9aund															
Target Range - Lower	Bound Bound															
NCSDC93019 Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound Bound															
	Bound Bound	117.000														
OREAS 146		2330	588	26.0	458	44	3180	4.1	44.0	922	9.85	2.58	152	27	927	50.8
Target Range - Lower		1985	493	23.7	397	40	2790	3.6	42.5	813	8.90	2.37	140	25	814	48.1
OREAS-45d	Bound	2400	603	29.5	485	52	3410	4.8	51.9	993	10.90	3,01	182	33	998	58.9
Target Range • Lower Upper	Bound Bound	11190050														
SY-4	EX	59.4	14.90	52.9	13.05	7	1215	0.9	2.87	1.02	2.29	0.84	8	<1	118.5	15.30
Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound Bound	51.2 62.8	13.45 16.55	49.3 60.7	11.40 14.00	8 10	1070 1310	0.7 1.1	2.33 2.87	1.11	2.08 2.54	0.68 0,94	<5 18	3	108.5 131.5	13,30 18,30
							BL	ANKS								
BLANK Target Range • Lower	Bound															
9LANK	COUNT	<0.1	<0.03	<0.2	<0.03	<1	0.2	<0.1	<0.01	<0.05	0.01	<0.05	<5	<1	<0.5	< 0.03
Target Range • Lower Upper		<0.1 0.2	<0.03 0.08	<0.2 0.4	<0.03 0.08	e1 2	≪ 0.1 0.2	<0.1 0.2	<0.01 0.02	<0.05 0.10	<0.01 0.02	<0.05 0.10	<5 10	41 2	<0.5 1.0	<0.03
BLANK Target Range - Lower Upper																



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									QC	CERTIF	ICATE	OF AN	ALYSIS	VA1	605581	7
Sample Description	Method Analyte Units LOR	ME-MSB1 Zr ppm 2	ME-MS61 Ag ppm 0.01	ME-MS61 Al % 0.01	ME-MS61 As ppm 0.2	ME-MS61 Ba ppm 10	ME-MS61 Be ppm 0.05	ME-MS61 BI PPM 0.01	ME-M561 Ca % 0.01	ME-MS61 Od ppm 0.02	ME-MS61 Ce ppm 0.01	ME-MS61 Co ppm 0.1	ME-MS61 Cr ppm 1	ME-MS61 Cs ppm 0.05	ME-M561 Cu ppm 0.2	ME-M561 Fe % 0.01
	,						STAN	IDARDS								
CD-1																
Target Range - Lower	Bound Bound															
CDN-CM-34	500170		3.65	8.71	98.8	510	1.12	3.55	2.14	1.05	41.8	43.3	258	3.71	5880	4.83
Target Range - Lower	Bound		3.32	5.88	92.5	430	0.87	3.18	1.83	0.85	36.2	35.5	217	3.22	5380	4.28
	Bound		4.08	7.21	113.5	610	1.17	3.91	2.25	1.08	44.2	43.6	267	4.05	6180	5.23
MRGeo08			4.48	7.14	31.9	1080	3.72	0.83	2.59	2.29	68.8	19.3	91	11.60	593	3.85
Target Range - Lower	Bound		4.00	6.64	29,5	920	2.98	0.80	2.35	2.00	66.2	17.7	81	11.20	587	3.55
	Bound		4.92	8.14	38.5	1270	3.78	0.78	2.90	2.48	81.0	21.9	102	13.80	875	4.37
NCSDC93019	DANGERS D															
Target Range - Lower	Bound															
Upper	Bound															
Upper OGGeo08																
Upper OGGeo08 Target Range - Lower	Bound															
Upper OGGeo08 Target Range • Lower Upper		205														
Upper OGGeo08 Target Range • Lower Upper OREAS 146	Bound Bound	225														
Upper OGGeo08 Target Range • Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range • Lower	Bound Bound Bound	204														
Upper OGGeo08 Target Range • Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range • Lower Upper	Bound Bound															
OGGeo08 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS-45d	Bound Bound Bound	204														
Upper OGGeo08 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range - Lower	Bound Bound Bound Bound	204														
Upper OGGeo08 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound Bound Bound	204 254														
Upper OGGeo08 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range - Lower	Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound	204														
Upper OGGeo08 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range - Lower Upper SY-4 Target Range - Lower	Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound	204 254 587														
Upper OGGeo08 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range - Lower Upper SY-4 Target Range - Lower	Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound	204 254 587 523					BL	ANKS								
Upper OGGeo08 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range - Lower Upper SY-4 Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound	204 254 587 523					BL	ANKS								
Upper OGGeo08 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range - Lower Upper SY-4 Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound	204 254 587 523					BL	ANKS								
Upper OGGeo08 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range - Lower Upper SY-4 Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound	204 254 587 523					BLA	ANKS								
Upper OGGeo08 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range - Lower Upper SY-4 Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound	204 254 587 523	<0.01	₹0,01	<0.2	<10			₹ 0.01≎	<0.02	0.01	40.1	ct.	€0.05	0.3	(≼0.01
Upper OGGeoO8 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range - Lower Upper SY-4 Target Range - Lower Upper BLANK Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound	204 254 587 523	<0.01 <0.01	<0.01	<0.2	<10 <10	<0.05	<0.01	<0.01 <0.01	<0.02 <0.02	0.01	<0.1	<1	<0.05 <0.05	0.3	<0.01
Upper OGGeo08 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range - Lower Upper SY-4 Target Range - Lower Upper BLANK Target Range - Lower Upper BLANK Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound	204 254 587 523	<0.01 <0.01 0.02	<0.01 <0.01 0.02	<0.2 <0.2 0.4	<10 <10 20			<0.01 <0.01 0.02	<0.02 <0.02 0.04	0.01 <0.01 0.02	<0.1 <0.1 0.2	दा दा 2	<0.05 <0.05 0.10	0.3 <0.2 0.4	<0.01 <0.01 0.02
Upper OGGeo08 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range - Lower Upper SY-4 Target Range - Lower Upper BLANK Target Range - Lower Upper BLANK Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound	204 254 587 523 843	<0.01	<0.01	<0.2	<10	<0.05 <0.05	<0.01 <0.01	<0.01	<0.02	<0.01	<0.1	<1	<0.05	<0.2	<0.01
Upper OGGeoOB Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range - Lower Upper SY-4 Target Range - Lower Upper BLANK Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound	204 254 587 523 843	<0.01	<0.01	<0.2	<10	<0.05 <0.05	<0.01 <0.01	<0.01	<0.02	<0.01	<0.1	<1	<0.05	<0.2	<0.01
Upper OGGeo08 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range - Lower Upper SY-4 Target Range - Lower Upper BLANK Target Range - Lower Upper BLANK Target Range - Lower Upper BLANK Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound	204 254 567 523 843	<0.01	<0.01	<0.2	<10	<0.05 <0.05	<0.01 <0.01	<0.01	<0.02	<0.01	<0.1	<1	<0.05	<0.2	<0.01



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									QC	CERTIF	ICATE	OF AN	ALYSIS	VA1	605581	9
Sample Description	Method Analyte Units LOR	ME-M561 Ga ppm 0.05	ME-MS61 Ge ppm 0.05	ME-MS61 Hr ppm 0.1	ME-MS61 In ppm 0.005	ME-MS61 K % 0.01	ME-MS61 La ppm 0.5	ME-MS61 Li ppm 0.2	ME-MS61 Mg % 0.01	ME-MS61 Mn ppm S	ME-MS61 Mo ppm 0.05	ME-MS61 Na % 0.01	ME-MS61 Nb ppm 0.1	ME-MS61 NI ppm 0.2	ME-MS61 P PPM 10	ME-MS61 Pb ppm 0.5
							STAN	IDARDS								
CD-1 Target Range - Lower	Bound Bound															
CDN-CM-34	50010	15.70	< 0.05	0.8	0.135	2.87	19.5	10.6	3.77	448	291	0.78	5.0	246	1280	22.9
Target Range - Lower	Bound	14.35	<0.05	0.4	0.117	2.51	18.3	8.4	3.29	399	285	0.88	4.1	221	1110	21.2
	Bound	17.85	0.21	0.8	0,155	3.09	21.0	10.7	4.05	499	323	0.83	5.3	270	1370	27.0
MRGeo08		18.30	0.07	3.3	0.170	3.05	32.1	34.1	1.29	538	14.35	1.99	21.6	683	1040	1055
Target Range - Lower	Bound	17.50	<0.05	2.8	0.155	2.79	31.1	29.5	1.17	497	13.65	1.78	19.0	622	930	971
Upper	Bound	21.5	0.27	3.6	0.201	3.43	39.1	36.5	1,45	619	18.75	2.18	23.4	780	1160	1185
NCSDC93019																
Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound Bound															
OGGeo08		1														
Target Range - Lower	Bound Bound															
OREAS 146		1														
Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound Bound															
OREAS-45d		1														
Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound Bound															
SY+4		1														
	· Carlotte Commission	4														
Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound															
CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF							BL	ANKS								
CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF							BL	ANKS								
Upper BLANK Target Range - Lower	Bound						BL	ANKS								
Upper BLANK Target Range • Lower Upper	Bound	0.05	0.09	<0.1	<0.005	<0.01	BL .	ANKS	<0.01	< 5	0.10	<0.01	<0.1	<0.2	< 10	<0.5
Upper BLANK Target Range - Lower	Bound Bound Bound	0.05 <0.05	0.09	<0.1 <0.1	<0.005 <0.005	<0.01 <0.01	ST.05	1011101101	<0.01 <0.01	<5 <5	0.10 <0.05	<0.01 <0.01	<0.1 <0.1	<0.2 <0.2	<10 <10	<0.5 <0.5
Upper BLANK Target Range - Lower Upper BLANK Target Range - Lower	Bound Bound Bound	100000000000000000000000000000000000000					<0.5	<0.2								
Upper BLANK Target Range - Lower Upper BLANK Target Range - Lower Upper BLANK Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound	<0.05	<0.05	<0,1	<0.005	<0.01	<0.5 <0.5	<0.2 <0.2	<0.01	<5	<0.05	<0.01	<0.1	<0.2	<10	<0.5
BLANK Target Range - Lower Upper BLANK Target Range - Lower Upper BLANK Target Range - Lower	Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound	<0.05	<0.05	<0,1	<0.005	<0.01	<0.5 <0.5	<0.2 <0.2	<0.01	<5	<0.05	<0.01	<0.1	<0.2	<10	<0.5



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	IS							(6)	QC	CERTIF	ICATE	OF AIN	ALYSIS	VAT	605581	7
Sample Description	Method Analyte Units LOR	ME-M561 Rb ppm 0.1	ME-MS61 Re ppm 0.002	ME-MS61 S % 0.01	ME-MS61 Sb ppm 0.05	ME-MS61 Sc ppm 0.1	ME-MS61 Se ppm 1	ME-MS61 Sn ppm 0.2	ME-M561 Sr ppm 0.2	ME-MS61 Ta ppm 0.05	ME-MS61 Te ppm 0.05	ME-M561 Th ppm 0.01	ME-MS61 TI % 0.005	ME-MS61 TI ppm 0.02	ME-M561 U ppm 0.1	ME-MS61 V ppm 1
							STAN	IDARDS								
CD-1																
Target Range - Lower	Bound Bound															
CDN-CM-34	A 60 1 (1)	86.5	0.315	3.07	7.88	16.7	5	1.8	230	0.36	0.59	2.28	0.518	1.32	0.8	167
Target Range - Lower	Bound	78.0	0.289	2.70	5.20	14.8	3	1.4	205	0.21	0.49	2.01	0.435	1.11	0.5	149
Upper	Bound	95.5	0.333	3.32	7.16	18.4	7	2.3	251	0.44	0.75	2.47	0.543	1.55	1.0	184
MRGeo08	ee u Li	173.0	0.008	0.30	4.19	11.5	2	3.9	302	1.54	<0.05	18,20	0.478	1.04	4.9	108
Target Range - Lower		173.5	0.005	0.27	3.89	11.1	<1	3.5	277	1.39	<0.05	17.90	0.443	0.89	4.9	97
	Bound	212	0.013	0.35	5.39	13.7	4	4.7	339	1.81	0.14	21.9	0.553	1.25	8.2	121
NCSDC93019 Target Range - Lower																
	Bound															
OGGeo08																
OGGeo08 Target Range • Lower Upper																
OGGeo08 Target Range • Lower Upper OREAS 146	Bound Bound															
OGGeo08 Target Range • Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range • Lower Upper	Bound Bound															
OGGeo08 Target Range • Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range • Lower Upper OREAS•45d	Bound Bound Bound Bound															
OGGeoO8 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range - Lower OREAS-45d Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound Bound Bound Bound															
OGGeo08 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range - Lower Upper SY-4	Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound															
OGGeoO8 Target Range • Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range • Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range • Lower Upper SY-4 Target Range • Lower	Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound															
OGGeoO8 Target Range • Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range • Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range • Lower Upper SY-4 Target Range • Lower	Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound						BL	ANKS								
OGGeoO8 Target Range • Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range • Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range • Lower Upper SY-4 Target Range • Lower Upper	Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound						BL	ANKS								
OGGeoO8 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range - Lower Upper SY-4 Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound						BL	ANKS								
OGGeoO8 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range - Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range - Lower Upper SY-4 Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound	<0.1	<0.002	<0.01	<0.05	<0.1	BL/	ANKS	<0.2	<0.05	< 0.05	<0.01	<0.005	<0.02	<0.1	ধা
OGGeoOB Target Range • Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range • Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range • Lower Upper SY+4 Target Range • Lower Upper BLANK Target Range • Lower Upper	Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound	<0.1 <0.1	<0.002	<0.01 <0.01	<0.05 <0.05	<0.1			<0.2 <0.2	<0.05 <0.05	<0.05 <0.05	<0.01	<0.005	<0.02 <0.02	<0.1	্ব
OGGeoO8 Target Range • Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range • Lower Upper OREAS•45d Target Range • Lower Upper SY-4 Target Range • Lower Upper BLANK Target Range • Lower Upper BLANK Target Range • Lower Upper	Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound						e 1	<0.2			and the second second					
OGGeoOB Target Range • Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range • Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range • Lower Upper SY-4 Target Range • Lower Upper BLANK Target Range • Lower Upper	Bound	<0.1	<0.002	<0.01	<0.05	<0.1	<1 <1	<0.2 <0.2	<0.2	<0.05	<0.05	<0,01	<0.005	<0.02	<0.1	<1
OGGeoOB Target Range • Lower Upper OREAS 146 Target Range • Lower Upper OREAS-45d Target Range • Lower Upper SY-4 Target Range • Lower Upper BLANK Target Range • Lower Upper	Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound Bound	<0.1	<0.002	<0.01	<0.05	<0.1	<1 <1	<0.2 <0.2	<0.2	<0.05	<0.05	<0,01	<0.005	<0.02	<0.1	<1



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QC CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS VA16055819

												OF AIN			00336	
Sample Description	Method Analyte Units LOR	ME-MS61 W ppm 0.1	ME-MS61 Y ppm 0.1	ME-MS61 Zn ppm 2	ME-MS61 Zr ppm 0.5	ME-MS41 Ag ppm 0.01	ME-MS41 Al % 0.01	ME-MS41 As ppm 0.1	ME-MS41 Au ppm 0.2	ME-MS41 B ppm 10	ME-MS41 Ba ppm 10	ME-MS41 Be ppm 0.05	ME-MS41 BI ppm 0.01	ME-MS41 Ca % 0.01	ME-MS41 Cd ppm 0.01	ME-MS41 Ce ppm 0.02
	T i						STAN	IDARDS								
CD-1							Mark Control									
Target Range - Lower B	lound															
Upper 9	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH															
CDN-CM-34	annine -	26.5	14.3	195	14.8											
Target Range • Lower B		22.1	11.8	178	11,7											
Upper 9	ound	30.1	14.8	219	17.0	į.										
MRGeo08		4.8	25.4 23.8	781 722	108.5 92.2											
Target Range • Lower E Upper 9		4.1 5.8	29.3	888	126.0											
NCSDC93019	ound	0.0	29.3	000	120.0	l.										
Target Range • Lower E																
OGGeo08						19.90	2.20	119.0	< 0.2	<10	100	0.76	11.00	0.89	20.0	88.8
Target Range • Lower E Upper E						18.15 22.2	2.05 2.53	107.0 131.0	<0.2 0.4	<10 30	60 110	0.81 0.89	9.44 11.55	0.82 1.02	18.75 20.5	58.7 69.3
OREAS 146	CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON OF TH															
Target Range • Lower E Upper 9																
OREAS-45d	puna					0.13	4 48	8.3	<0.2	<10	80	0.59	0.28	0.09	0.03	25.3
Target Range • Lower E	hound					0.10	4.36	5.8	<0.2	<10	50	0.42	0.28	0.08	<0.01	22.3
Upper 9						0.15	5.38	7.3	0.4	30	110	0.68	0.34	0.11	0.05	27.3
SY-4	100000					2002	7000		7-17		100			0.00		
Target Range • Lower E Upper E																
	00000						BL	ANKS								
BLANK						<0.01	<0.01	<0.1	<0.2	<10	<10	< 0.05	0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.02
Target Range - Lower B	lound					<0.01	<0.01	<0.1	<0.2	<10	<10	<0.05	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.02
Upper 6	lound					0.02	0.02	0.2	0.4	20	20	0.10	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.04
BLANK	Manufacture of the Control of the Co	<0.1	<0.1	<2	<0.5											
Target Range • Lower E Upper 9 9LANK		<0.1 0.2	<0,1 0.2	42	<0.5 1.0											
Targe! Range • Lower E																
BLANK	2000 E															
Target Range - Lower E																
Upper 6	lound															



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QC CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS VA16055819

Sample Description	Method Analyte Units LOR	ME-MS41 Co ppm 0.1	ME-M541 Cr ppm 1	ME-MS41 Cs ppm 0.05	ME-MS41 Cu ppm 0.2	ME-M541 Fe % 0.01	ME-MS41 Ga ppm 0.05	ME-MS41 Ge ppm 0.05	ME-MS41 Hr ppm 0.02	ME-MS41 Hg ppm 0.01	ME-MS41 In ppm 0.005	ME-M541 K % 0.01	ME-MS41 La ppm 0.2	ME-MS41 Li ppm 0.1	ME-M541 Mg % 0.01	ME-M541 Mn ppm 5
							STAN	DARDS								
CDN-CM-34	Bound															
Target Range • Lower Upper MRGeo08 Target Range • Lower	Bound															
NCSDC93019 Target Range - Lower	Bound Bound Bound															
OGGeo08	STREET, 15	98.7	78	9.53	8700 7800	4.90	8.38	0.14	0.79	0.48	1.585	1.03	32.3	32.9	0.91	369
Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound	87.2 107.0	75 93	10.70	8980	4.51 5.53	8:05 9:95	0.21	0.72	0.41	1.335 1.645	0.94 1.18	27.7 34.3	29.8 38.6	1.05	350 438
OREAS 146 Target Range - Lower Unper	Bound Bound															
OREAS+45d	108 UII TS	26.7	480	2.29	328	13.45	16.45	0.08	0.50	0.04	0.087	0.09	10.1	12.2	0.13	360
Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound Bound	23.5 28.9	419 515	2.09	321	12.30 15.05	18.05 19.75	<0.05 0.23	0.40	0.02	0.071	0.07	8.8 11.2	10.6	0.12	328 412
SY+4 Tärget Ränge + Lower									-		3.032					
							BL	ANKS								
BLANK		<0.1	<1	<0.05	<0.2	<0.01	<0.05	<0.05	<0.02	<0.01	<0.005	<0.01	<0.2	0.1	<0.01	<5
Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound Bound	<0.1 0.2	2	<0.05 0.10	<0.2 0.4	<0.01 0.02	<0.05 0.10	<0.05 0.10	<0.02 0.04	<0.01 0.02	<0.005 0.010	<0.01	<0.2 0.4	<0.1 0.2	<0.01 0.02	<5 10
BLANK Target Range • Lower									iliv ==							
BLANK	Bound															
Target Range - Lower Upper	Bound Bound															
BLANK Target Range • Lower Upper																

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	IS								QC	CERTIF	ICATE	OF AN	ALYSIS	VA1	605581	19
Sample Description	Method Analyte Units LOR	ME-MS41 Mo ppm 0.05	ME-MS41 Na % 0.01	ME-MS41 Nb ppm 0.05	ME-MS41 NI ppm 0.2	ME-MS41 P ppm 10	ME-MS41 Pb ppm 0.2	ME-MS41 Rb ppm 0.1	ME-M541 Re ppm 0.001	ME-MS41 S % 0.01	ME-MS41 Sb ppm 0.05	ME-MS41 Sc ppm 0.1	ME-MS41 Se ppm 0.2	ME-MS41 Sn ppm 0.2	ME-MS41 Sr ppm 0.2	ME-MS41 Ta ppm 0.01
							STAN	IDARDS								
CD-1																
Target Range • Lower	Bound Bound															
CDN-CM-34	500110															
Target Range - Lower																
The state of the s	Bound															
MRGeo08																
Target Range • Lower Upper NCSDC93019	Bound															
Target Range • Lower	Royard															
	Bound															
OGGeo08		840	0.30	1.01	8840	770	6830	120.5	1.435	2.85	17.70	8.4	10.8	13.3	88.5	0.01
Target Range - Lower		811	0.28	0.97	7780	700	8520	109.5	1,295	2.51	17.70	6.0	9.7	12,0	59.6	<0.01
	Bound	991	0.34	1.29	9480	880	7970	134.5	1,585	3.09	24.1	7.6	12.3	15.1	73.2	0.03
OREAS 146 Target Range • Lower	DATE:															
	Bound															
OREAS-45d	555115	1.52	0.03	0.42	183.0	340	18.8	18.8	<0.001	0.06	0.29	47.1	0.9	1.7	10.8	<0.01
Target Range - Lower	Bound	1.45	<0.01	0.27	158.0	1 March 17 1	15.1	18.7	<0.001	0.02	0.22	37.3	0.7	1.3	9.7	<0.01
	Bound	1.89	0.05	0.51	194,0	ļ.	18.9	23.1	0.003	0.07	0.49	45.8	1.7	2.3	12.3	0.03
SY-4	1000															
Target Range • Lower Upper	Bound Bound															
							BL	ANKS								
BLANK		<0.05	0.01	0.05	<0.2	<10	<0.2	<0.1	<0.001	<0.01	0.08	<0.1	<0.2	<0.2	< 0.2	<0.01
Target Range - Lower	Bound	<0.05	<0.01	<0.05	<0.2	<10	<0.2	<0.1	<0.001	<0.01	<0.05	<0.1	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.01
	Bound	0.10	0.02	0,10	0,4	20	0.4	0,2	0.002	0.02	0.10	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.02
BLANK	W200000															
	Bound Bound															
BLANK	•															
Target Range - Lower	Bound Bound															
9LANK upper	Bound															
Target Range - Lower	Bound															
	Bound															



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QC CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS VA16055819

		CERTIFICATE CON	IMENTS	
- 8		ANALY	TICAL COMMENTS	
Applies to Method:	Gold determinations by ME-MS41	this method are semi-quantitative due	to the small sample weight used (0.5g).	
Applies to Method:	REE's may not be totally ME-MS61	soluble in this method.		
		LABORA	ATORY ADDRESSES	
	Processed at ALS Vancou	iver located at 2103 Dollarton Hwy, No	rth Vancouver, BC, Canada.	
Applies to Method:	CRU-31 ME-MSB1 Sb-XRF10	LOG-22 ME-XRF10 SPL-21	ME-MS41 OA-GRAO6 WEI-21	ME-MS61 PUL-31