

Ministry of Energy, Mines & Petroleum Resources Mining & Minerals Division BC Geological Survey BC Geological Survey Assessment Report 37774



Assessment Report Title Page and Summary

TYPE OF REPORT [type of survey(s)]: Geophysical, Geological and F	Prospecting Report	TOTAL COST:	\$18,599.95
AUTHOR(S): Adam Travis, B.Sc Geology,	SIGNATURE(S): Jula Im	Brittang hair
Brittany Travis, BBA		0	04
NOTICE OF WORK PERMIT NUMBER(S)/DATE(S):			YEAR OF WORK: 2018
STATEMENT OF WORK - CASH PAYMENTS EVENT NUMBER(S)/DATE(S):	July 13, 2018: 570409	90, October 24, 201	18: 5716807
PROPERTY NAME: Aspen Grove Property			
CLAIM NAME(S) (on which the work was done): Tenure Numbers: 105	3174 1053392 104478	83 1044787 104479	92 1044794
1044796 1057444 392676			
COMMODITIES SOUGHT: Copper, Gold			
MINERAL INVENTORY MINFILE NUMBER(S), IF KNOWN: See page 2			
MINING DIVISION: Nicola Mining Division	NTS/BCGS: 092H/	/0921	
LATITUDE: 50 ° 00 '5.99 " LONGITUDE: 120	<u>°</u> <u>34</u> '6.22	' (at centre of work)
OWNER(S):	-		
1) See page 2			
MAILING ADDRESS:			
OPERATOR(S) [who paid for the work]: 1) See page 3	2)		
MAILING ADDRESS:			
PROPERTY GEOLOGY KEYWORDS (lithology, age, stratigraphy, structure Volcanic Redbed Cu, Quesnel Terrane, Nicola Group, Fairweath	, alteration, mineralization ner Hills, Aspen Grove	n, size and attitude): e Copper Camp, Ce	entral Volcanic facies
of the Upper Triassic Nicola Group, Intermediate, Feldspar and	Feldspar porphyritic p	yroclastics and flow	vs, alkaline intrusions,

diorite intrusions, monzonite intrusions, late triassic to early jurassic

REFERENCES TO PREVIOUS ASSESSMENT WORK AND ASSESSMENT REPORT NUMBERS: See page 3

MINERAL INVENTORY MINFILE NUMBER	(S), IF KNOWN:
----------------------------------	----------------

TENURE NUMBER	MINFILE (IF APPLICABLE)	MINFILE NAME
NUMBER	ATTEICABLE)	
1053173	092HNE256	Dalrymple
1053174	092HNE259 092HNE177 092HNE258	AL 2, AR, AR 2 (Kentucky, Alscope)
1053392	092HNE204	Pot 1 (Pothole Copper Zone)
1037070	092HNE146	Cone (Ski)
1038688	092ISE084	Mint (Toad, Joe, Quil)
1044783	092ISE054	Porcupine (CR)
1044787	092HNE036 092HNE145	Copper Star (DOR, V.V AND E, DOR 19,29), Snowflake 6 (Blue Jay)
1044788	092ISE164	Dor (Copper Star, Fox Claims)
1044792	092HNE174	CM (Snowflake Gold Zone, Snowflake 10, Snowflake 7, Grove)
1044794	092HNE105	Blue Jay (Snowflake, Grove, KM, Snowflake 3)
1044796	092HNE052 092HNE267 092HNE061 092HNE268 092HNE203 092HNE268	Tab (Bluejay, Snowflake, KM, BAT, Grove, Tab 1-5), Snowflake 10 (CM 3, Quil, Ski), June (Quil, Snowflake 7), Snowflake 7 (Quil), Ski (Snowflake 7, Quil, Grove, June, Ski 91,92)
1050902	092HNE147	Court 1 (Ski 13-16)
856136	092HNE252	LM (WD)
1057441	092HNE091	Daisy (Josee)
1057444	092HNE270 092HNE144	Kit (One Hundred and One), Au-Wen (Au, Nesbitt, Au Pyramid, Au 1-5, Flim, Flam, Wen, Hodge, Mal)
1059251	092HNE117	Тор
1038687	092ISE165	Me (M.E, TYE, YT, Thel, Sun)
392675	092HNE083	Bank of England (L.1130, Q, Cincinnatti, Ag, AL 1)
392676	092HNE084	Paycinci (Cincinnatti L.1127, Copper Jack L1189, Noble Five L.1131, Pay, Payco, Lisa, Mickey)

OWNER (S):

Cazador Resources
 5389 Buchanan Road, Peachland, B.C., VOH 1X1, Canada
 Alexander Walcott
 38-181 Ravine Drive, B.C., V3J 3T8, Canada
 Richard Billingsley
 11114 147A Street, Surrey, B.C., V3R 3W2, Canada

OPERATOR (S) [WHO PAID FOR THE WORK]:

Cazador Resources
 5389 Buchanan Road, Peachland, B.C., V0H 1X1, Canada
 Alexander Walcott
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 Richard Billingsley
 11114 147A Street, Surrey, B.C., V3R 3W2, Canada

REFERENCES TO PREVIOUS ASSESSMENT WORK AND ASSESSMENT REPORT NUMBERS:

23446. 11468. 24019. 27001. 11376. 21678. 14983. 12113. 05875. 00250. 03115. 16008. 20551. 22305. 02881. 04076. 01595. 31213. 14108. 06260. 06761. 07043. 27112. 07399. 07293. 01752. 37032. 09386. 11197. 07122. 07122. 11241. 05534. 07876. 07946. 07365. 29349. 18019. 07654. 28397. 29964. 32362. 34244. 34270. 33908. 35163. 35463. 00962. 01016. 37032. 04893. 05766. 37031. 17523. 22566. 22148. 04475. 17554. 01842. 00925.

Preto, V. A. (1979). Geology of the Nicola Group Between Merritt and Princeton- Bulletin 69. Province of British Columbia Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources.

| TYPE OF WORK IN
THIS REPORT | EXTENT OF WORK
(IN METRIC UNITS) | ON WHICH CLAIMS | PROJECT COSTS
APPORTIONED
(incl. support) |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---|
| GEOLOGICAL (scale, area) | | | |
| Ground, mapping Geological | Field Review | All listed on page 1 | \$5,000.00 |
| Photo interpretation Drone Ima | agery | All listed on page 1 | \$4,500.00 |
| GEOPHYSICAL (line-kilometres) | | | |
| Ground | | | |
| Magnetic | | | |
| Electromagnetic | | | |
| Induced Polarization | | | |
| Radiometric | | | |
| Seismic | | | |
| Other | | | |
| Airborne | | 1057444 | \$4,000.00 |
| GEOCHEMICAL
(number of samples analysed for) | | | |
| Soll | | | |
| Silt | | | |
| | | | |
| Other | | | |
| DRILLING
(total metres; number of holes, size) | | | |
| Core | | | |
| Non-core | | | |
| RELATED TECHNICAL | | | |
| Sampling/assaying | | | |
| Petrographic | | | |
| Mineralographic | | | |
| Metallurgic | | | |
| PROSPECTING (scale, area) Prospe | ecting Property | All listed on page 1 | \$5,099.95 |
| PREPARATORY / PHYSICAL | | | |
| Line/grid (kilometres) | | | |
| Topographic/Photogrammetric
(scale, area) | | | |
| Legal surveys (scale, area) | | | |
| Road, local access (kilometres)/ | trail | | |
| Trench (metres) | | | |
| Underground dev. (metres) | | | |
| Other | | | |
| | | TOTAL COST: | \$18,599.95 |
| | | | |

2018 Geophysical, Geological and Prospecting Assessment Report on the Aspen Grove Property

Nicola Mining Division British Columbia, Canada NTS 092H/092I

Lat: 50° 00' 5.99" Long: 120° 34' 6.22"

Prepared for:

Cazador Resources 5389 Buchanan Road, Peachland, B.C., V0H 1X1, Canada

And

Alexander Walcott 38-181 Ravine Drive, B.C., V3J 3T8, Canada

And

Richard Billingsley 11114 147A Street, Surrey, B.C., V3R 3W2, Canada

Authors:

Adam Travis, B.Sc. Geology Brittany Travis, BBA

December 24, 2018

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Summary

The statement of work was filed on July 13, 2018 under event number 5704090. The total value of work completed was \$7,671.00, debiting Richard Billingsley's PAC account for \$3,088.72 for a total applied work value of \$10,759.72. A second statement of work was filed on October 24, 2018 under event number 5716807. The total value of work completed was \$8,207.97, debiting Richard Billingsley's PAC account for \$3,441.33 for a total applied work value of \$11,649.30. Upon competition of this report a total of \$18,599.95 was spent (an additional \$2,720.98 over what was applied for). This additional spending can be credited to Richard Billingsley's PAC account. The Property is owned by three partners; Cazador Resources Ltd 25%, Alexander Walcott 25% and Richard Billingsley 50%.

The Property is located in Central British Columbia approximately 15 km south of Merritt B.C and 60 km north of Hope B.C. on NTS maps 092H. The Property is comprised of 34 claims covering 16,813.70 ha. A total of 26 minfile occurrences are located on the Property.

Earliest investigations of the Aspen Grove area were in the early 1900's. The southern part of the property, that area underlain by Upper Triassic rocks of the Nicola Group, also became of interest during that time for exploration groups searching for porphyry copper mineralization and was examined by a number of companies

The Property is within the Nicola Group of Upper Triassic volcanic, sedimentary, and intrusive rocks. The Nicola group and lateral equivalents extend from the British Columbia-Washington border north, through the Quesnel Belt to the British Columbia-Yukon border. In the Aspen Grove area the distribution of belts within the Nicola Group rocks is controlled by north-northwest trending faults; Alleyne Fault to the west and the Kentucky-Alleyne Fault on the east.

The abundance of copper prospects near Aspen Grove promoted extensive geological studies that culminated in 1979 with the publication of Bulletin 69, "Geology of the Nicola Group between Merritt and Princeton" by the British Columbia Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources. This work indicated that the geology of the area is dominated by the Allison Creek and Kentucky-Alleyne fault zones, two major northerly trending structures that provided the conduits and setting for a number of volcanic centers not partly marked by alkalic intrusive.

The 2018 program included a field review of 16 minfile occurrences, 32 line km of Airborne Magnetic geophysical survey and 497.8ha of drone survey.

The multi-day field Property tour undertaken by the use of a drone survey, airborne magnetics survey along with a geological review has given explorer's a better understanding of the Property along with imagery for future planned exploration.

Recommended program:

• a deeper review of historical reports, recent data acquired through property files and historical assessment reports should be compiled into a modern GIS database,

- drone imagery should be extended over the showings to provide an updated image for future exploration,
- complete a detailed dc resistivity geophysical survey to track resistive zones on the property,
- detailed and deep sensing IP over the Blue Jay to Porcupine trend and the Snowflake- CM area,
- geological review of all showings on the property,
- sampling over the high priority showing,
- and a review of adjacent properties which has seen work.

Introduction

The Aspen Grove Property is 25% owned by Cazador Resources Ltd ("Cazador"), 25% owned by Alexander Walcott ("Walcott") and 50% owned by Richard Billingsley ("Billingsley"). It is located in central British Columbia. The Property is comprised of 34 claims covering 16,813.70 ha. A total of 26 minfile occurrences are located on the Property.

The statement of work was filed on July 13, 2018 under event number 5704090. The total value of work completed was \$7,671.00, debiting Richard Billingsley's PAC account for \$3,088.72 for a total applied work value of \$10,759.72. A second statement of work was filed on October 24, 2018 under event number 5716807. The total value of work completed was \$8,207.97, debiting Richard Billingsley's PAC account for \$3,441.33 for a total applied work value of \$11,649.30.

Property Location, Description and Claim Information

Location

The Property is located in Central British Columbia approximately 15 km south of Merritt B.C and 60 km north of Hope B.C. on NTS maps 092H as shown on Figure 1 (claim highlighted in yellow and circled in black). The Property is also located approximately 71km north of Copper Mountain Mine.

Description

The Property is comprised of 34 claims covering 16,813.70 ha as shown on Figure 2 in Appendix One and Table 1. The Property is broken into three separate claim blocks. Block 1 is located in the internal portion of the claims and is surrounded by another property vendor. Block 2 contains one claim and is located as the most southern claim and is surrounded by another property vendor. Block 3 contains the rest of the claims which are contiguous. This report and work completed this year was over the Block 3 of ground.

| Claim | Title | Claim Name | Owner | Map No | Issue Date | Good To | Area |
|-------|---------|-----------------|--------|---------|-------------|-----------|--------|
| Block | No | | | | | Date * | (ha) |
| 1 | 392673 | CINCINNATTI | 139085 | 092H098 | 2002/APR/13 | 25-Mar-20 | 25.000 |
| | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 1 | 392675 | COPPER JACK | 139085 | 092H098 | 2002/APR/13 | 25-Mar-20 | 25.000 |
| | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 1 | 392676 | BANK OF ENGLAND | 139085 | 092H098 | 2002/APR/13 | 25-Mar-20 | 25.000 |
| | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 1 | 416220 | NOBLE A | 139085 | 092H098 | 2004/NOV/18 | 25-Mar-20 | 25.000 |
| | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 1 | 416221 | NOBLE B | 139085 | 092H098 | 2004/NOV/18 | 25-Mar-20 | 25.000 |
| | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 2 | 856136 | CASPER SOUTH | 139085 | 092H | 2011/JUN/02 | 13-Dec-19 | 20.829 |
| | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 3 | 1037070 | ASPEN GROVE - | 139085 | 092H | 2015/JUL/03 | 12-Jan-19 | 20.773 |
| | | CONE | (100%) | | | | |
| 3 | 1038687 | ME 092I.008 | 139085 | 092I | 2015/SEP/19 | 20-Mar-19 | 41.478 |

Table 1: Aspen Grove Property Claim Information

| | | | (100%) | | | | |
|---|---------|-----------------|--------|-------|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| 3 | 1038688 | MINT 092I.008 | 139085 | 092I | 2015/SEP/19 | 12-Jan-19 | 41.505 |
| | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 3 | 1044783 | MAGOO 80 | 139085 | 092I | 2016/JUN/16 | 12-Jan-19 | 83.022 |
| - | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 3 | 1044787 | | 139085 | 092H | 2016/JUN/16 | 12-Jan-19 | 41.542 |
| | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 3 | 1044788 | | 139085 | 092I | 2016/JUN/16 | 12-Jan-19 | 41.523 |
| - | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 3 | 1044792 | | 139085 | 092H | 2016/JUN/16 | 12-Jan-19 | 41.555 |
| | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 3 | 1044794 | | 139085 | 092H | 2016/JUN/16 | 12-Jan-19 | 20.777 |
| | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 3 | 1044796 | ASPEN GROVE | 139085 | 092H | 2016/JUN/16 | 12-Jan-19 | 768.810 |
| | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 3 | 1048005 | | 139085 | 092H | 2016/NOV/22 | 12-Jan-19 | 332.498 |
| | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 3 | 1049441 | | 139085 | 092H | 2017/JAN/24 | 24-Jan-19 | 145.492 |
| | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 3 | 1050901 | COURT 1 | 201078 | 092H | 2017/MAR/22 | 12-Jan-19 | 2,055.298 |
| | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 3 | 1050902 | COURT 2 | 201078 | 092H | 2017/MAR/22 | 12-Jan-19 | 2,076.901 |
| | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 3 | 1050903 | COURT 3 | 201078 | 092I | 2017/MAR/22 | 12-Jan-19 | 1,079.238 |
| | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 3 | 1051378 | WHAT INCREDIBLE | 139085 | 092H | 2017/APR/12 | 12-Apr-19 | 20.818 |
| | | LUCK | (100%) | | | | |
| 3 | 1053173 | BANK OF ENGLAND | 139085 | 092H | 2017/JUL/16 | 12-Jan-19 | 624.495 |
| | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 3 | 1053174 | | 139085 | 092H | 2017/JUL/16 | 12-Jan-19 | 686.837 |
| | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 3 | 1053175 | | 139085 | 092H | 2017/JUL/16 | 12-Jan-19 | 520.302 |
| | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 3 | 1053392 | | 139085 | 092H | 2017/JUL/25 | 12-Jan-19 | 1,788.805 |
| | | | (100%) | | _ | | |
| 3 | 1055590 | ASPEN GROVE | 139085 | 092H | 2017/OCT/17 | 12-Jan-19 | 478.382 |
| | | EAST | (100%) | | | | |
| 3 | 1057441 | DAISY 092H.088 | 139085 | 092H | 2018/JAN/03 | 03-Jan-19 | 83.339 |
| | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 3 | 1057444 | | 139085 | 092H | 2018/JAN/04 | 04-Jan-19 | 1,476.299 |
| - | | | (100%) | | | | |
| 3 | 1057689 | PORCUPINE NORTH | 139085 | 0921 | 2018/JAN/16 | 16-Jan-19 | 622.281 |
| - | 1050251 | TOD CONVOCE | (100%) | | 2010 B (1 B (1 B | 1236 10 | 20 200 |
| 3 | 1059251 | TOP 092H.097 | 139085 | 092H | 2018/MAR/13 | 13-Mar-19 | 20.788 |
| 2 | 10/0025 | | (100%) | 00011 | 0010/1000/10 | 10 1 10 | 205 552 |
| 3 | 1060027 | ASPEN GROVE I | 139085 | 092H | 2018/APR/13 | 13-Apr-19 | 395.573 |
| 2 | 10/0410 | | (100%) | 00211 | 2010/04/02 | 02 M 10 | 2.070.572 |
| 5 | 1060419 | BIG KIDD WEST | 139085 | 092H | 2018/MAY/03 | 03-May-19 | 2,078.563 |
| 2 | 1061054 | | (100%) | 00211 | 2019/ILH /17 | 17 1 1 10 | 212.240 |
| 5 | 1061854 | ASPEN GKUVE- | 139085 | 092H | 2018/JUL/1/ | 1/-Jul-19 | 312.240 |
| 2 | 10/1000 | LUUN LAKE | (100%) | 00211 | 2019/000 | 22 I 1 10 | 7(0 740 |
| 5 | 1061908 | ASPEN GROVE | 139085 | 092H, | 2018/JUL/22 | 22-Jul-19 | /68./40 |
| | | EASI | (100%) | 0921 | | | |

* Pending approval of this report

Ownership

On May 01, 2017 Cazador and Billingsley entered into a Limited Partnership Trust Agreement to own 100% of the Aspen Grove Property, on September 20, 2018, Cazador and Walcott entered into a Limited Partnership Trust Agreement on the Aspen Grove Property to own 50% jointly. Ownership of the Property is 25% Cazador, 25% Walcott and 50% Billingsley to total 100% of the Property.

Taxes and Assessment Work Requirements

The mineral claims that comprise the Property are currently in good standing. There are no taxes payables with respect to the Property, although standard work assessment requirements will apply to maintain the claims in good standing past the current expiry date.

Permits will be necessary to obtain should work include disruption of ground or cutting timber.

Figure 1: Property Location Map



Access, Local Resources, Climate and Physiography

Access

Access to the Property is gained by taking Highway 97c and turning at the Aspen Grove turn off to Highway 5A. Access is restricted to some areas of the Property as there are private grounds located nearby. During the 2018 program, permits were acquired for Douglas Lake and two of the three owners met with the local landowners. Access was granted, however somewhat restricted during certain periods of the year.

Field crews must be aware that the Aspen Grove Property is located within Region 8 for hunting and trapping. The hunting and trapping season starts in September and runs through to March. Field crews are to notify the public when traveling along forestry routes by using a radio and wear bright coloured clothing when trekking through the Property.

Climate

The closest weather station to the Property is located in Aspen Grove. Seasonal temperatures vary in the summer months (May- August) between 11 °c to 18 °c, with average precipitation between then of 28-36mm of rain. Winter months (November-February) average temperature ranges from -0.5°c to -6°c and average precipitation between 25-45mm in the form of snow.

The optimal time for surface exploration on the Property is between May to mid-late October.

Local Resources

Merritt, Princeton and Kelowna are the closest major towns to the Property. All services for exploration and development are available in the main towns. Mineral exploration services are available for hire at any of these hubs. Kelowna is the closest international airport, however there are three local air strips (Merritt, Douglas Lake and Quilchena) that can be accessed (permission must be granted).

Infrastructure

Both Highway 97c and Highway 5A are paved. Power is readily available along the highway and along some of the more remote roads which is providing power to the smaller communities. Gravel forestry roads are located throughout the Property along with ATV trails and hiking trails. All of the Property is accessible on ground.

Water is readily available throughout the Property as numerous lakes, creeks and ponds are scattered around the Property.

Local infrastructure also includes private homesteads and BC Parks located near the Property. There are multiple places to stay near the Property either through campsites or thorough ranches/lodges.

The Province of British Columbia, the Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure opened the Loon Lake rest stop at the Loon Lake Interchange. Approximately \$4.2 million was spent on this rest area and includes a Class A facility with running water and flush toilets, an electric car charging station and free Wi-Fi stations.

Highway 97C (Okanagan Connector) provides BC Highway Cameras along the highway at Aspen Grove and Pothole Lake. These cameras are wildly accessible and updated every two minutes and should be used to gain a better understanding of the current weather on the Property.

Physiography

The topography varies from rolling valley bottom range lands with scattered clusters of pine, fir and aspen near the lakes to precipitous mountain slopes on the west. The bluffs occur mainly on the south facing slope of a northwest trending valley that connects the main highway to the Kentucky-Alleyne Lake area to the east. Elevation ranges from 1,000m to 1,200m ASL.

The mountain pine beetle is an issue in the Aspen Grove area and the Ministry of Forest, Lands and Natural Resources has taken measures to reduce the outbreak. In such, large treed areas of the Property have been harvested to avoid future infestation.

Bedrock is abundant along the ridge tops, becomes less common along thinly mantled valley slopes and is deeply buried by thick glacial deposits in the Quilchena River valley.

See Plates 1 and 2 for the Terrain on the Property.



Plate 1: Terrain on the Aspen Grove Property



Plate 2: Terrain on the Aspen Grove Property

History

Earliest investigations of the Aspen Grove area began in the early 1900's. The first comprehensive geological reports for the region are those of Rice (1947) and of Cockfield (1948) who respectively mapped the Princeton and Nicola map sheets between 1939 and 1944.

In the 1930's free gold was discovered in the Au-wen area of the property.

In the Copper Star area, several trenches, and two or more shafts were dug out in the earlier years, however the date, results and operator of this is not documented.

In the mid 1950's Noranda conducted property scale exploration (which covered the Copper Star area) followed by Amax in the early 1970. Geochemical sampling, geophysics and geological work were carried out over this period and sought to evaluate a larger area.

Exploration in the Copper Star area by Payco Mines Ltd in 1963 included surface prospecting, geological reconnaissance, geophysical and geochemical surveys, diamond drilling, air drilling and blasting, trenching and bulldozing and bulk sampling. The current Property boundary lies within a small portion of the previous property explored in 1963, mostly within the western portion of the property explored. An old shaft and three pits were sunk on a north-south fracture zone showing copper mineralization in the form of malachite and chalcocite. It was noted that a small adit (approximately 4 ft long) was started

along a large cliff face showing a zone of chalcopyrite mineralization sometime in the past, a sample from the adit wall assayed 0.80% Cu. Diamond drilling and blasting were also indicted to have taken place in the past.

Work was carried out in 1966 over the Cincinnatti-bank of England area and was estimated to contain measured, indicated and inferred reserves of 1,800,000 tonnes of 1% Cu, a later reserve estimate placed drill indicated reserves at 54,000 tonnes of 0.9% Cu.

Similarly, initial work on the Porcupine prospect was conducted in the early 1900's, work that included the sinking of an inclined shaft down the copper mineralized horizon. Results of this work are not known. This was followed up by trenching and diamond drilling in 1967-1968. Drill indicated reserves are reported as 125,179 tonnes grading 2.0 %Cu and inferred reserves as 453,550 tonnes grading 1.9 % Cu. (BC minfile records)

The southern part of the property, that area underlain by Upper Triassic rocks of the Nicola Group, also became of interest during that time for exploration groups searching for porphyry copper mineralization and was examined by a number of companies including Granby Mines, Noranda, Utica Mines, Bethlehem Copper, Amax, Craigmont Mines and Rio Tinto. Kerr (2009) reports that at least 80 holes, both percussion and diamond drill holes, totaling over 6,000 metres, were drilled up to 1975 but results of much of this work, other than that filed for assessment purposes, could not be located by the writer. A hole drilled in 1967 to the north of the Blue Jay copper occurrence by Vanada/Merritt Copper Co. reportedly intersected the following in DDH #1:

| | | DDH #1: | |
|-------|------|---------|-------------------|
| Au | Ag | Cu | Width |
| (oz) | (oz) | (%) | |
| 0.130 | 1.15 | 0.70 | 165' - 175' (10') |
| 0.150 | 0.48 | 0.20 | 210' - 270' (60') |
| 0.115 | 1.68 | 0.26 | 310' - 320' (10') |

From 1969-1972, the Federal and Provincial governments conduced an aeromagnetic survey with a terrain clearance of 300 meters.

In 1972, Grove Explorations Ltd completed a program over their WD mining claims (the current "Casper South" claim or Claim Block 2).

In 1974, free gold was again uncovered in the Au-wen area while trenching a copper showing. New Pyramid Gold Mines did very little surface exploration but drilled two diamond drill holes. Between 1975 and 1983 the Au-wen showing was sampled on surface and diamond drilled. Assays range from 0.198 oz/ton Au over 5.1m and 0.315 oz/ton Au over 4.9m in chip samples to 0.42 to 2.66 oz/ton Au in grab sand selected samples. The best intersection in a drill hole assayed 0.145 oz/ton Au over 5 feet from 193 to 198 feet in DDH75-7. Imperial Metals completed two drill holes in this area (Au-1 and Au-2), the log of Au-2 shows it did intersect a zone of 0.02 gold, however the follow up I.P. survey suggests that it was drilled between two areas of interest. (AR 16008)

Between the periods 1975 to 1978 the most significant exploration of the southern part of the property was undertaken by Cominco who carried out a magnetometer and induced polarization survey and

percussion drilling of the area centered on the Blue Jay occurrence (Figure 3). Cominco completed 34 percussion holes totaling 1,764 metres but most holes intersected insignificant copper mineralization. In 1978, Westward Energy & Resources Corp undertook a Geophysical VLF-EM Survey on their AG Property. The VLF-EM anomalies correlated with sulphide mineralization, and were very long and linear in shape which suggests a structure is the source of this. A total of 10 anomalies were discovered and were recommended for follow up. See figure 3 for location of anomalies.

In 1979, The Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources put a report out outlining the Geology of the Nicola Group between Merritt and Princeton (Bulletin 69).

In the same year, a diamond drill program was initiated by Sienna Developments Ltd on the Adit Zone of their Fairweather Hills Property, along with geophysical surveys which indicated mineralized extensions on the Adit Zone, however were never followed up due to declining copper prices. The two drill holes west of the Adit Zone (200 ft step out) outlined copper was scarce, however silver was noted but not tested. It was recommended that follow up testing should occur on the northern extension of the zone where mineralization is indicated.

In late 1979, Westward Energy & Resources Corp conduced magnetic and soil geochemistry surveys on the AG Property. The magnetic high on the eastern part of the property was noted due to reflecting intrusive diorites overlain by Nicola Volcanics, as it showed poor correlation with the lithology and geological structure mapped to date on the property. The soil geochemistry survey highlighted anomalous copper zones along with correlation to silver and molybdenum. Results for Anomaly C (noted as the "anomalous zone") included 690ppm Cu, 4ppm Mo and 0.4ppm Ag.

During the 1980's exploration activity moved away from the Blue Jay area to that of the Snowflake area (Snowflake 10 - Figure 4). In 1985 Laramide Resources carried out diamond drilling that resulted in the intersection of a few metres of significant gold mineralization with minimal copper. The work carried out by Laramide on the Snowflake 10 prospect was followed up by Lornex Mining Corp. and Gerle Gold in 1986 and 1987. Gerle's hole number 87-3 intersected gold mineralization in two 1.5metre (downhole thickness) zones of 21.3g/t and 6.8g/t near the contact of basaltic tuff with underlying argillite. Subsequent followup drilling by Gerle Gold failed to duplicate the previous year's results. In June of 1980, Westward Energy & Resources Corp carried out an Induced Polarization (I.P.) survey over the AG claim. The purpose of the survey was to located potential zones of copper sulphides. The I.P. survey revealed 4 anomalous zones, a recommended follow up drill program was noted.

In 1990, preliminary rock chip sampling was carried out by MineQuest Exploration Associates Ltd on their Ken Claims. The AL 1 claim samples returned 33028 and 30047ppm Cu, and 13 and 8ppb Au. These grab samples were from old pits or trenches and were composed of malachite bearing diorite or diorite breccia and diorite bearing lahars.

In 1991 Quilchena Resources Ltd. drilled three holes to the north of the Blue Jay prospect. Drill hole 91-1 intersected 97.6 metres of 0.19% copper and 0.2g/t gold but the other two holes returned no significant results.

During the 1991 field season a limited program of line cutting, and I.P. and resistivity surveys were completed on the Ken Claims for MineQuest Exploration Associates. Four zones of anomalous I.P.

effects have been detected which was probably caused by disseminated metallic sulphide mineralization. Interesting copper assays have been reported from trenches lying along the western margin of one of the I.P. Zones. Additional geophysical surveying was recommended to further evaluate the property.

Exploration occurred on the Snowflake Property in 1991 by Quilchena Resources Ltd which included geological, geophysical and diamond drilling. The purpose of the work was to test the potential of the Blue Jay showing area for porphyry gold copper deposit. It was discovered that copper-gold mineralization zones and related alteration are developed along a major north trending shear zone flaking the west side of the syenodiorite complex. The shear zone is characterized by a broad, strong IP resistivity low. The potential for porphyry copper gold deposit lies along the resistivity low/shear zone on the west of the of diorite complex. At the time it was noted that the target is virtually unexplored and is open at depth, along strike and to the west covering an area at least 1,500m by 600m. Diamond drill 91-1 results included 0.19% Cu and 0.204 g/t Au over 97.6m and sampling yielded gold values of up to 1.67 g/t (AR 22148).

In the southern section of the Property, a geochemical report was completed in 1995 by Discovery Consultants. The maximum gold values obtained were 39ppb Au and other base metals were generally low.

Douglas Lake Cattle Company acquired the mineral rights to the Blue Jay property by staking in 2002. A limited rock sampling program was carried out to test one old drill hole and five old trenches to confirm previous gold assays and to test for platinum and palladium values possibly associated with gold and/or copper mineralization. The program was successful in defining anomalous palladium values up to 108 ppb, platinum to 28 ppb and gold to 1,640ppb. 45 samples were taken, 309 were submitted to analysis and 17 of those samples returned values in excess of 100ppb Au.

During the field seasons in 2013 and 2014, fieldwork was completed by the BC Geological Survey. The new exposures and access arising from extensive clear-cut timber harvesting during salvage operations following the Mountain Pine Beetle infestation allowed the BC Geological Survey to completed new maps, stratigraphic, geochronological, structural and mineral deposit data. This data was collected to better understand the evolution of the Nicola arc and the major controls of mineralization. It was discovered that the Nicola arc strata are both older and younger than previously recognized, felsic volcanism (previously thought to be characteristic of Preto's 1979 Western belt) actually extends into the Central belt, the Zig unit which is a newly recognized distinctive biotite-quartz apatite porphyry and calstic rock derived from it, span the Summers Creek fault, limiting significant motion on the fault to before ~210ma. The survey discovered that not all of the occurrences have been discovered; there is still significant potential to still be uncovered in the southern Nicola arc. (Diakow, Mihalynuk, Logan, & Friedman, 2015)

In 2013, a geological program over the Paycinici, Pot, Au-wen area (southern section of Property) a Lineament Array Analysis was completed on Tenures 751682 & 1022260 of the seven claim Tom Cat 751682 Claim Group. The purpose of the program was to delineate potential structures which may be integral in geological controls to potentially economic mineral zones that may occur on Tenures 751682 & 1022260 or other claims of the Property.

A Structural Analysis report was compiled on the Porcupine Property as well as the AG area in 2013, 2014 and 2015, it was noted that the discovery potential for a substantial economic mineral resource in the area is substantial.

In 2017, Peter E. Walcott & Associates completed an airborne magnetic survey in the northern portion of the Property to expand on a historical high resolution airborne survey conducted by Christopher James Gold Corp in 2008. The magnetic survey highlighted several features of interest.

Geological Setting

Regional Geology

Please see the regional geology map in Appendix One, Figure 3.

The Property is within the Nicola Group of Upper Triassic volcanic, sedimentary, and intrusive rocks (Preto, 1979). The Nicola group and lateral equivalents extend from the British Columbia-Washington border north, through the Quesnel Belt to the British Columbia-Yukon border. See Figure 4.

The Nicola Group is dominantly calc-alkaline to alkaline volcanic rocks and related sediments, and coeval alkaline intrusive. In the Aspen Grove area the distribution of belts within the Nicola Group rocks is controlled by north-northwest trending faults; Alleyne Fault to the west and the Kentucky-Alleyne Fault on the east. In 1979, Preto defined a Western Belt composed of calc-alkaline flows and tuffs, a Central Belt dominated by alkaline to calc-alkaline volcanics and intrusive with minor sedimentary rocks and an Eastern Belt consisting of sediments, tuffs and alkaline flows.

These structures separate the Nicola Group into three distinct belts:

- 1. Central Belt
- 2. Eastern Belt
- 3. Western Belt

In general, all deformation displayed in rocks of the Aspen Grove area is of brittle nature which, at a property scale, is characterized by extension faults that trend generally northeasterly or northerly, oblique to the trend of the Upper Triassic belt.

Regional metamorphism is documented as no more than of zeolite facies (Lefebure, 1976).

Property Geology and Mineralization

Please see the property geology map in Appendix One, Figure 4a and the legend on 4b.

The abundance of copper prospects near Aspen Grove promoted extensive geological studies that culminated in 1979 with the publication of Bulletin 69, "Geology of the Nicola Group between Merritt and Princeton" by the British Columbia Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources. This work

indicated that the geology of the area is dominated by the Allison Creek and Kentucky-Alleyne fault zones, two major northerly trending structures that provided the conduits and setting for a number of volcanic centers not partly marked by alkalic intrusive.

The Property is located in the Central Belt of the Nicola Group which Preto and others have revealed the following lithologies for:

- Reddish to green augite-plagioclase andesite and basalt flows. Local analcite-bearing trachybasalt
- Autobrecciated equivalent of above
- Red volcanic breccia and lahar deposits, mostly massive
- Green volcanic breccia and lahar deposits, mostly massive
- Crystal and lithic tuff, generally well bedded
- Bedded to massive, grey, fossilferous reefoid limestone and related calcareous sedimentary rocks
- Well bedded siltsone, sandstone and argillite; minor gritstone and pebble conglomerate

The property lies within the Quesnellia Terrace of British Columbia, an Upper Paleozic to Lower Jurassic assemblage of island arc shoshonitic volcanic and associated sedimentary strata that were deposited in a belt that probably lay adjacent to the North American craton. Upper Triassic volcanic assemblages of the Nicola Group host comagmatic alkalic mafic to felsic intrusions which, in many parts of the Quesnellia Terrace have associated copper-gold mineralization of which examples occur in the Aspen Grove area, Copper Mountain near Princeton to the south and Afton, near Kamloops, to the north. Successor basin assemblages that were deposited after accretion of the Quesnel Terrace to North America include the Cretaceous Kingsvale Group, an assemblage of subaerial volcanic flows, basaltic tuff and epiclastic sedimentary rocks, and a Lower Cretaceous assemblage of quartz pebble and boulder conglomerate with interbedded siltstone and sandstone.

The geology of the northern and western parts of the Aspen Grove property largely comprises Cretaceous volcanic and sedimentary strata, assemblages that are separated from the Upper Triassic volcanic and volcaniclastic Nicola Group to the east and the south by a northeast-striking fault system. The Nicola Group consists of clinopyroxene- and feldsparphyric alkali basalt and associated tuff, and polylithic breccia characterized by varying amounts of felsic detritus. Comagmatic plutons emplaced into the volcanic succession range in composition from pyroxenite to syenite but are most commonly of dioritic composition.

Mineralization of the Aspen Grove property is of two distinct types:

- 1. copper mineralization related to basaltic volcanism and to which a model may be applied that is similar to that of the Michigan Keewanawan deposits and
- 2. an alkalic copper-gold mineralization model, with its variants, that is related to silica deficient, or silica poor, shoshonitic intrusive complexes.

A total of 26 minfiles are located on the Property. Table 2 breaks down the tenure numbers on the Property and the minfiles located on the tenures.

| TENURE
NUMBER | MINFILE (IF
APPLICABLE) | MINFILE NAME |
|------------------|---|--|
| 1053172 | n/a | |
| 1053173 | 092HNE256 | Dalrymple |
| 1053174 | 092HNE259 092HNE177
092HNE258 | AL 2, AR, AR 2 (Kentucky, Alscope) |
| 1053175 | n/a | |
| 1053285 | n/a | |
| 1053392 | 092HNE204 | Pot 1 (Pothole Copper Zone) |
| 1037070 | 092HNE146 | Cone (Ski) |
| 1038688 | 092ISE084 | Mint (Toad, Joe, Quil) |
| 1044783 | 092ISE054 | Porcupine (CR) |
| 1044787 | 092HNE036 092HNE145 | Copper Star (DOR, V.V AND E, DOR 19,29), Snowflake 6 (Blue Jay) |
| 1044788 | 092ISE164 | Dor (Copper Star, Fox Claims) |
| 1044792 | 092HNE174 | CM (Snowflake Gold Zone, Snowflake 10, Snowflake 7, Grove) |
| 1044794 | 092HNE105 | Blue Jay (Snowflake, Grove, KM, Snowflake 3) |
| 1044796 | 092HNE052 092HNE267
092HNE061 092HNE268
092HNE203 | Tab (Bluejay, Snowflake, KM, BAT, Grove, Tab 1-5), Snowflake
10 (CM 3, Quil, Ski), June (Quil, Snowflake 7), Snowflake 7
(Quil), Ski (Snowflake 7, Quil, Grove, June, Ski 91,92) |
| 1048005 | n/a | |
| 1050901 | n/a | |
| 1050902 | 092HNE147 | Court 1 (Ski 13-16) |
| 1050903 | n/a | |
| 856136 | 092HNE252 | LM (WD) |
| 1055590 | n/a | |
| 1057441 | 092HNE091 | Daisy (Josee) |
| 1057444 | 092HNE270 092HNE144 | Kit (One Hundred and One), Au-Wen (Au, Nesbitt, Au Pyramid, Au 1-5, Flim, Flam, Wen, Hodge, Mal) |
| 1057689 | n/a | |
| 1049441 | n/a | |
| 1059251 | 092HNE117 | Тор |
| 1038687 | 092ISE165 | Me (M.E, TYE, YT, Thel, Sun) |
| 1051378 | n/a | |
| 1060027 | n/a | |
| 1060419 | n/a | |
| 392673 | n/a | |
| 392675 | 092HNE083 | Bank of England (L.1130, Q, Cincinnatti, Ag, AL 1) |

Table 2: Minfile Occurrences on the Property

| 392676 | 092HNE084 | Paycinci (Cincinnatti L.1127, Copper Jack L1189, Noble Five L.1131, Pay, Payco, Lisa, Mickey) |
|--------|-----------|---|
| 416220 | n/a | |
| 416221 | n/a | |

2018 Exploration Program

Prospecting

A review of 16 minfile occurrences took place over the 2018 season (see Table 3). Trenching and old drill holes were discovered in the CM-Snowflake Gold Zone area and Blue Jay-Tab area (see Plate 3-5). Three small adits and a shaft were discovered around the Snowflake 6 area, and a small pit was discovered around 300m south of Copper Star minfile (Plate 6). Prospecting in the Porcupine area uncovered an inclined shaft (Plates 7-9). Prospecting in the Au-wen area included the Hodge Vein Alteration (Plate 10-12), and just north of the Au-wen occurrence is the Kit minfile (Plates 13, 14)A historic trench was also discovered on the AR 2 minfile (Plate 11) and historic trenching and line cuts were discovered at Pot 1 (Plate 16).

| TENURE | MINFILE (IF | MINFILE NAME |
|---------|---------------------|---|
| NUMBER | APPLICABLE) | |
| 1053174 | 092HNE259 092HNE177 | AL 2, AR, AR 2 (Kentucky, Alscope) |
| | 092HNE258 | |
| 1053392 | 092HNE204 | Pot 1 (Pothole Copper Zone) |
| 1044783 | 092ISE054 | Porcupine (CR) |
| 1044787 | 092HNE036 092HNE145 | Copper Star (DOR, V.V AND E, DOR 19,29), Snowflake 6 (Blue Jay) |
| 1044792 | 092HNE174 | CM (Snowflake Gold Zone, Snowflake 10, Snowflake 7, Grove) |
| 1044794 | 092HNE105 | Blue Jay (Snowflake, Grove, KM, Snowflake 3) |
| 1044796 | 092HNE052 092HNE267 | Tab (Bluejay, Snowflake, KM, BAT, Grove, Tab 1-5), Snowflake 10 |
| | 092HNE061 092HNE268 | (CM 3, Quil, Ski), June (Quil, Snowflake 7), Snowflake 7 (Quil), |
| 1057444 | 092HNE270 092HNE144 | Kit (One Hundred and One), Au-Wen (Au, Nesbitt, Au Pyramid, Au 1-5, |
| | | Flim, Flam, Wen, Hodge, Mal) |
| 392676 | 092HNE084 | Paycinci (Cincinnatti L.1127, Copper Jack L1189, Noble Five L.1131, |
| | | Pay, Payco, Lisa, Mickey) |

 Table 3: Minfile Occurrences reviewed in 2018



Plate 3: Historical drill holes in the CM area



Plate 4: Blue Jay shaft



Plate 5: Old drillholes south of Blue Jay



Plate 6: Copper Star adit, south of Courtney Lake and north of Blue Jay

Plate 7: Porcupine inclined shaft area with Drone



Plate 8: Porcupine inclined shaft

Plate 9: Porcupine inclined shaft



Plate 10: Hodge Vein alteration north of Au-Wen



Plate 11: Au-wen historic pits and trenches near road



Plate 12: Altered rock 50m west of Au-wen drill holes and trenches

Plate 13: Kit minfile



Plate 14: Kit minfile rock sample

Plate 15: AR 2 minfile with old trenches



Plate 16: Pot 1 minfile location with old trenches and road cut

Drone Survey

A total of 497.8ha of drone survey was completed over 5 separate survey days to the Property in 2018 (see Appendix One, Figure 5a). The first survey occurred over the Copper Star, Snowflake 6 area (120ha survey) on July 7 (see Appendix One, Figure 5b and 5c), the second occurred over the Tab area (102ha) on July 8, 2018 (see Appendix One, Figure 5b). On July 22, two surveys took place; one over the Porcupine area (20ha) and the other over the CM area (30.4ha) (see Appendix One, Figure xx). The next survey occurred on October 20 and was flown in two separate areas; the Kit area (6.11ha) and the Pot Hole Lake area (115ha) (see Appendix One, Figure 5c and 5d) and the final survey was completed over the Kit area (extension to previous one- 40ha) and south of the Au-wen area (68.4ha) (see Appendix One, Figure 5d).

Drone surveys were completed to assist with geological mapping, areas of interest for sampling, highlight areas of potential outcrop, and show areas of new potential roads due to forestry cutting.

The survey provided a current base map showing many of the historically disturbed areas and more detailed drone would be undertaken in main areas of interest.



Plate 17: Drone survey and operator

Geological Samples

The 5 rock samples were collected to be looked at in greater detail at the office. These samples were not submitted to the laboratories for analysis, however might be submitted at a later date.

Geophysical Survey

The Airborne Geophysical survey was completed by Peter E. Walcott and Associates on October 21, 2018 and included a total of 32 line km over the Au-wen area. The Total Magnetic Intensity can be found in Appendix One, Figure 6a and the First Vertical Derivative can be found in Appendix One Figure 6b.

The Drone Magnetic Survey

The drone magnetic unit consists of two main components – GSM-35U Potassium Magnetometer manufactured by GEM Instruments of Richmond Hill, Ontario and a hexcopter drone equipped with an onboard navigation system. See Plates 18 and 19.

The GSM-35U Potassium Magnetometer is a highly sensitive magnetic sensor capable of providing sensitivity up to 0.01 nT and sampling rates up to 20 Hz. On this survey a sampling rate of 20 Hz was employed.

Flight line navigation data and calculated drape data obtained using a trim terrain model were first loaded from a notebook into the drone's navigation system.

Data logging and navigation were carried out by the GSM-19 and drone autopilot respectively.

The operator maintained a visual line of sight, along with manual control along the flight lines, augmenting the drone's autopilot with progress monitored in realtime on a computer screen via a radio link.

In addition to the airborne unit the survey also utilized two GSM 19 overhauser magnetometer manufactured by GEM Instruments of Richmond Hill, Ontario as base magnetometers. These instruments measure variations in the total intensity of the earth's magnetic field to an accuracy of plus or minus one nanotesla.

The survey coverage consisted of some 29 east -west orientated 50 meter spaces lines with a mean height of some 35 meters.

Table 4: Geophysical Survey

| Survey Area | # of Lines | # of Tie Lines | Total Distance |
|-------------|------------|----------------|----------------|
| Block 1 | 29 | 7 | 32 km |

The data was then corrected for diurnal magnetic drift, utilizing the magnetic base stations. The data was then lag corrected to account for positioning errors due to instrument delay and other positional errors.

Gridding was then undertaken on the line data utilizing Geosoft's Rangrid algorithm using a 12.5 meter cell size.

The reduced data set was then subject to several filtering techniques using the Geosoft MagMap module for evaluation and presentation.

The magnetic data for presented in this report is Contours of Total Magnetic Intensity, and Contours Calculated First Vertical Derivative.



Plate 18: Drone Airborne Magnetic Survey in the Au-wen area



Plate 19: Drone Airborne Magnetic Survey in the Au-wen area

Statement of Cost

The statement of work was filed on July 13, 2018 under event number 5704090. The total value of work completed was \$7,671.00, debiting Richard Billingsley's PAC account for \$3,088.72 for a total applied work value of \$10,759.72. A second statement of work was filed on October 24, 2018 under event number 5716807. The total value of work completed was \$8,207.97, debiting Richard Billingsley's PAC account for \$3,441.33 for a total applied work value of \$11,649.30. Upon competition of this report a total of \$18,599.95 was spent (an additional \$2,720.98 over what was applied for). This additional spending can be credited to Richard Billingsley's PAC account.

| Exploration Work Type | Details | Units | Rate | Subtotal |
|--|--|-------|----------|------------|
| Personnel | | | | |
| Cazador Resources- Geologist | May 10-11, July 6-8, October 20-21, 2018 | 6.5 | \$950.00 | \$6,175.00 |
| Cazador Resources- Geological
Assistant | May 10-11, 2018 | 1.5 | \$350.00 | \$525.00 |
| Cazador Resources- Drone Operator | July 7-8, October 20-21, 2018 | 4 | \$350.00 | \$1,400.00 |
| Richard Billingsley | July 6, 2018 Property
Review, Logistics | 1 | \$450.00 | \$450.00 |
| Equipment | | | | |
| 4x4 Truck | Vehicle | 6.5 | \$100.00 | \$650.00 |
| Electronic Rental | Radios/ GSP/ Supplies | 6.5 | \$50.00 | \$325.00 |
| Fuel | | | | \$230.16 |
| Meals | | | | \$37.29 |
| Geophysics | | | | |
| Peter E. Walcott & Associates | 30km ground magnetic survey | 30 | \$122.50 | \$3,675.00 |
| Surveys | | | | |
| Drone Survey | Operator, Rental, Software | 5 | \$500.00 | \$2,500.00 |
| Office Studies/Logistics | | | | |
| Cazador Resources Ltd | Report writing (Geologist) | 1 | \$950.00 | \$950.00 |
| | Report writing (Assistant) | 1.5 | \$350.00 | \$525.00 |
| | Drone Processing | 1 | \$325.00 | \$325.00 |
| AWC Digital Exploration Services | GIS Mapping | 9.25 | \$90.00 | \$832.50 |
| Total Expenditures | \$18,599.95 | | | |

Table 5: Cost Statement

Conclusions and Recommendations

The multi-day field Property tour undertaken by the use of a drone survey, airborne magnetics survey along with a geological review has given explorer's a better understanding of the Property along with imagery for future planned exploration.

Drone imagery is a fast and effective way to view the Property on a larger scale while allowing geologists to view areas of interest and attaining a way to get to that site. Due to recent forestry activities in B.C. the drone imagery also allows explorers to view recent cut areas and new roads that are not available on government sites.

Recommended program:

- a deeper review of historical reports, recent data acquired through property files and historical assessment reports should be compiled into a modern GIS database,
- drone imagery should be extended over the showings to provide an updated image for future exploration,
- complete a detailed dc resistivity geophysical survey to track resistive zones on the property,
- detailed and deep sensing IP over the Blue Jay to Porcupine trend and the Snowflake- CM area,
- geological review of all showings on the property,
- sampling over the high priority showing,
- and a review of adjacent properties which has seen work.

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(Note these references are related to the minfile occurrences viewed during 2018 program)

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Statement of Qualifications

I, Adam Robert Travis, do hereby certify that:

- 1. I am a consulting geologist currently residing at 5389 Buchanan Road, Peachland B.C. VOH 1X1, Canada.
- 2. I am a graduate of the University of British Columbia with a Bachelor of Sciences (BSc), major in Geology, (1990).
- 3. I have worked continuously in Mineral Exploration and Mine Geology in Canada, the United States, Africa, China and Mexico on full-time bases since 1990.
- 4. As of the date of the certificate, to the best of the qualified person's knowledge, information and belief, the technical report contains all scientific and technical information that is required to be disclosed to make the technical report not misleading.
- 5. I am the President and CEO of Cazador Resources Ltd, therefor have a direct interest in the Property.

Dated this 24 day of December 2018

Adam Travis, B.Sc.

Statement of Qualifications

I, Brittany Kay Travis, do hereby certify that:

- 1. I am a consulting Business Manager for Cazador Resources Ltd., and reside at 3032 Country Hills Lane, West Kelowna, B.C. V4T-1C3, Canada.
- 2. I am a graduate of Okanagan College with a Bachelor of Business Administration, with a major in Marketing [2013]. I have completed numerous training and certifications hosted by the TSX Venture Exchange, AMEBC and others.
- 3. I have worked for Cazador Resources on a full-time bases since graduation and have been contracted out to numerous mineral exploration companies to provide services for IR/Marketing, Office/Administration and Project Management.
- 4. As of the date of the certificate, to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, the technical report contains all scientific and technical information that is required to be disclosed to make the technical report not misleading.

Dated this 24 day of December 2018

Brittangliaire

Brittany Travis, BBA

APPENDIX ONE: MAPS







Figure 4b: Mihalynuk, M.G. et al (2015) Geology Legend

| | Layered Rocks | | |
|-------------------|--|--|--|
| | Miocene Chilcotin Group | | |
| | alkali olivine basalt (one plug) | | |
| | Eocene Princeton Group | | |
| | undivided, mainly rhyolite | | |
| | Early Cretaceous Spences Bridge | | |
| $\sim \sim$ | Pimanus Em andesite | | |
| | Pimanus Fm. thyolite | | |
| | conglemente, basal conglemente | | |
| $\sim \sim \sim$ | congiomerate, basar congiomerate | | |
| | | | |
| | eKSBLI | | |
| | eKSBL2 | | |
| $\sim \sim \cdot$ | eKSBL2s | | |
| $\sim \sim \cdot$ | eKSBL3 | | |
| | Jurassic to Early Cretaceous | | |
| | Bates chert pebble conglomerate | | |
| | Triassic-Early Jurassic Nicola Gp. | | |
| | undivided volcanosedimentary | | |
| | Tillery andesitic feldspar porphyry | | |
| | Shea conglomerate | | |
| | Voght maroon volcanic sandstone | | |
| | Voght bladed feldspar porphyry | | |
| | maroon tuff and tuffite | | |
| | fossiliferous limestone | | |
| | Shrimpton succession coarse clastic | | |
| | Shrimption fine clastic, rare fossils | | |
| | monzonite clast conglomerate | | |
| | Zig breccia/epiclastic | | |
| | Paradise conclomerate | | |
| | conglomerate polymistic volcanic | | |
| | Rest sussession condemorate (labor | | |
| | boot succession congiomerate/iana | | |
| | normblende-pyroxene breccia/congiomerate | | |
| | augite porphyry breccia | | |
| | nackiy limestone boulder congiomerate | | |
| | Eastern siliciciastic succession | | |
| | Telsic turr and turrite | | |
| | Intrusive Rocks | | |
| | Eocene Otter quartz porphyry intrusions | | |
| × × × | Mid-Jurassic Osprey batholith granite | | |
| × × | Osprey diorite | | |
| ن× ن× ر | Monzonite to quartz-feldspar porphyry | | |
| ×××× | Early Jurassic diorite | | |
| × × ×
× × | Triassic-Jurassic granodiorite | | |
| xx | Early Jurassic Pennask tonalite | | |
| × ×
× × × | Late Triassic diorite | | |
| | Allison pluton granite | | |
| | Allison pluton granodiorite | | |
| | Allison pluton diorite | | |
| | Symbols | | |
| | contact | | |
| | thrust fault | | |
| | steen fault | | |
| | unconformity | | |
| ** | Dest Dreducer Destruction | | |
| × | Past Producer, Producer | | |
| | Developed Prospect | | |
| | Prospect | | |
| 0 | Showing | | |
| | Roads | | |











